



CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST

Established 1859

28 Essex Street, Strand, London, W.C.2

Registered as a Newspaper

No. 2951 VOL. CXXV AUGUST 29, 1936

Annual Subscription (with Diary) 20/-. Single Copies 9d.



Tests have shown that it sells on sight!

Williams got out the shaving fixture that appeals to any man at a glance. No wonder that tests proved this showcard a successful eye catcher and a seller. The actual shaving fixture is attached to the showcard. It explains itself, all your customers want to know is on the card. No long-winded explanations necessary—it sells itself!

TERMS ON THIS SPECIAL OFFER

3 doz. standard parcel Williams' Marbelite Shaving Fixture complete with stick at 18/- per doz. less 33\frac{1}{3}\cdot \text{N} together with two showcards complete with fixtures DIRECT ONLY or smalls from your wholesaler.

DELIVERY END SEPTEMBER.

Sole Distributors: SCOTT & BOWNE, 10 STONECUTTER STREET, E.C.4

Write now, only a limited number of showcards available.

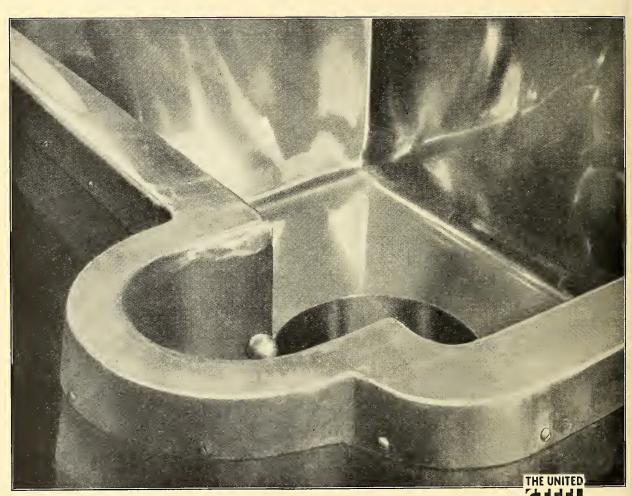
This Stainless Steel

can be welded

For welded vessels use "Silver Fox" Nos. 22 and 24. They are entirely free from weld-decay, and this quality is achieved without material additions of extra alloying elements, so that they are ductile, easily worked, take a good polish and have the highest resistance to corrosion. They are thus suited to the fabrication of the largest tanks and vessels.

"Silver Fox" No. 24 is also highly resistant to attack by sulphuric acid, and to other reagents which attack the standard grades of stainless steel.

Write for "Silver Fox" Catalogues, "Silver Fox for the Chemical Industry," to Publicity Department, The United Steel Companies Limited, 17, Westbourne Road,



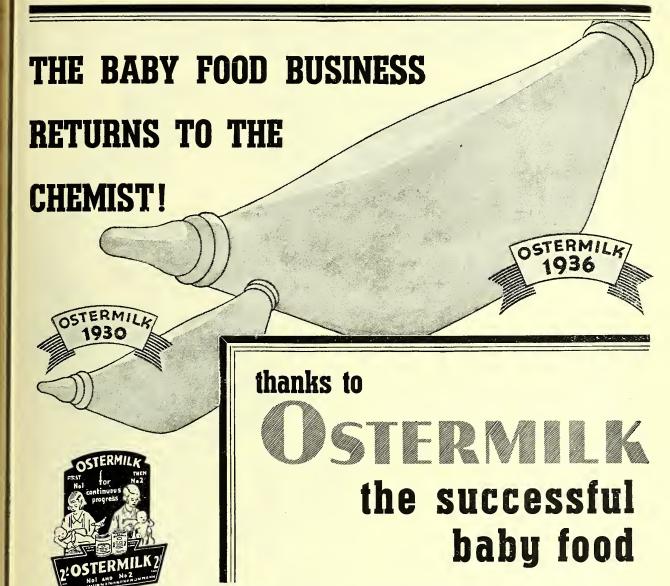
"SILVER FOX"

New Process STAINLESS STEEL

for all welded plant

can be welded by gas, arc, butt, seam and spot welding processes.





New show material is now available to Ostermilk stockists. The showcard above, in full colour, brings out the value of the two Ostermilk foods for continuous progress (No. 1 for young babies; No. 2 for older babies).



Here is a smaller, though equally appealing, card. It is a very useful size (9 ins. × 8½ ins.), in two planes. Both the above will gladly be sent with a supply of Baby Books (112 pages) to any Ostermilk stockist on request.

The enormously increased sales of Ostermilk during recent years afford striking proof that Ostermilk (the *successful* baby food) is steadily bringing the baby food business back to the chemist. Have you secured your share of the new business?

The chemists who have been successful got behind Ostermilk because they knew that dairy competition could only be met by offering a superior food at the same price as dairy milk . . . Ostermilk was the product they needed—a first quality milk food containing everything provided by the most expensive foods, yet costing only 2/- for a 1-lb. tin making nearly six pints.

Ostermilk has amply justified the efforts of all stockists and it continues to do so. It is backed by successful advertising, and a successful "customer-making" scheme which costs the chemist nothing.

Write to-day for full particulars of our scheme, and take your place among the successful chemists who are already making worth-while profits out of Ostermilk.

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Invest in a Raleigh Carrier and you need never fear that your delivery service will let you down.

In rain and storm, with every kind of rough usage, the Raleigh Carrier fulfils its duty silently and efficiently month after month with the very minimum of attention. This is no ordinary cycle with a carrier attachment. It is a machine built specifically for an individual job—that of carrying heavy loads quickly and safely under all weather conditions. The Raleigh's strong construction, skilful craftsmanship and rich finish are characteristics leaving no doubt as to its absolute dependability.

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22-in. frame (as illustrated).

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Some very interesting facts regarding BEAUTY BEAUTY are given in TO.DAY'S are given in TO.DAY'S SEARCHLIGHT - the most useful guide to the women's market ever published. Every advertiser should have this book on his desk. The number available is limited—if you would like a copy, please write AT ONCE.

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because it is packed in a handy tin which takes up comparatively little space

food which they can recommend with confidence

food for their dogs, and the additional sale is made without any extra cost

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is sold with three distinct flavours, and is consequently different from any other food sold for dogs



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A MODERN TREATMENT FOR ARTERIO SCLEROSIS

This preparation has only been added to our list of therapeutical products after many and prolonged experiments conducted by our medical friends, to whom we gladly acknowledge thanks for valuable co-operative assistance.

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Lowers blood pressure without depressing effects on the patient. We have had gratifying reports to the effect that treatment with Sphygmone lowers the systolic pressure with relatively little change in the diastolic, and hence a lower pulse pressure. Reports of general improvement in health in cases of SENILE ARTERIO SCLEROSIS are also to hand. The dose is one or two tablets 3 times a day. You can recommend these tablets with confidence in all cases of ARTERIO SCLEROSIS.

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with a reputation of over
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CENTURY





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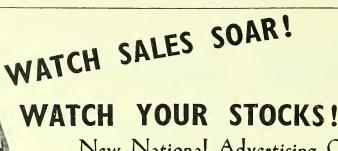
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"Morning Pride" has taken premier place in the shaving cream market. First in public favour "Morning Pride" is second to none in rapidly increasing sales.

Look to your stocks and be sure of your share of profits from this new wonder shaving cream.

MORNING PRIDE

THE RAZOR READY BRUSHLESS SHAVING CREAM

PRODUCT OF FAIRY DYES LTD., PHARMACEUTICAL DEPT.

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B CLERKENWELL ROAD, LONDON, E.C.I

FOR OVER 80 YEARS - A REGULAR SELLER!

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WATCH FOR THEM

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Tablet

Proud of our reputation of over 80 years constant selling, to-day Beetham's LAROLA is more than ever in demand. Backed by the biggest advertising of any preparation for beautifying the hands and face, LAROLA is still unequalled in quality and reputation. Prevents sunburn, softens rough skin, cleanses and revitalises the complexion and is ideal for baby's toilet. Purchase direct or through your usual wholesaler, or send for price list of all Beetham's Preparations.

La BEETHAM'S COLO

1/6 and 2/6 a bottle

A Postcard request to M. Beetham & Son, Cheltenham, will bring you:—

Display Stand, Showcards, also Leaflets & Booklets for distribution to your customers

DISPLAY
and link up
and link up
with our
with tant
constant

Daily Mail Tatler Sketch Mews (Good Hondon News, Woman Hondon Keelen in Hamila & Beauty Bris Journal & Beauty Bris Journal & West (Good Hondon) & West (Good



MORNY

Fine Perfumery

1936



A very attractive display of Christmas and Seasonal lines will be made at the Stockrooms—particulars as below. Previous advice from our trade friends as to when we may expect the pleasure of their visit will be greatly appreciated

XMAS STOCK ROOMS

TOWN	HOTEL	REPRESENTATIVE IN CHARGE	DATES (Inclusive)
ABERDEEN	PALACE HOTEL	Mr. W. L. GRAY	October 13th-15th
BELFAST	ROYAL AVENUE	Mr. J. A. WALSH	September 14th-18th
BIRMINGHAM	MIDLAND HOTEL	Mr. K. MICHAEL	September 21st-25th
BOURNEMOUTH	GRAND HOTEL	Mr. P. V. ALBRECHT	October 5th-9th
BRISTOL	ROYAL HOTEL	Mr. K. MICHAEL & Mr. P. V. ALBRECHT	September 28th- October 2nd
CARDIFF	PARK HOTEL	Mr. K. MICHAEL	October 5th-9th
EDINBURGH	ROYAL HOTEL	Mr. W. L. GRAY	September 7th-11th
GLASGOW	ROYAL HOTEL	Mr. W. L. GRAY	August 31st- September 4th
HULL	NEW MANCHESTER HOTEL	Mr. A. WITHY	October 6th and 7th
LEEDS	GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL	Mr. A. WITHY	September 29th- October 1st
LIVERPOOL	ADELPHI HOTEL	Mr. A. WITHY	September 21st-25th
LONDON	MORNY HOUSE	Mr. J. P. FRENCH & Mr. A. BRYDEN-BROWN	October & November (By Appointment)
NEWCASTLE	201 Regent St. COUNTY HOTEL	Mr. W. L. GRAY	September 22nd-24th

MORNY LTD., 6 New Burlington Street, London, W. I

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

as from AUGUST 24th, 1936

NEW ADDRESS:

BILTON ROAD. PERIVALE,

> GREENFORD, MIDDX.

NEW 'PHONE NUMBER:

PERivale 2241 (Three lines)

PRIVATE BRANCH EXCHANGE.

REINE DES CREMES LIMITED

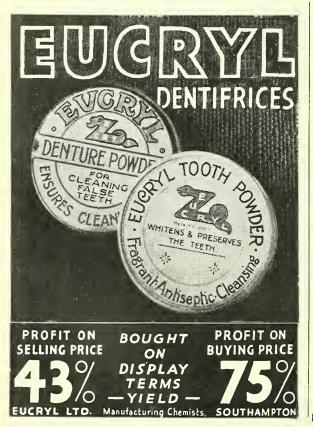
> LA REINE DES **CREMES**

LA HOUPPE LTD.

"MARQUISE" POWDER **PUFFS**

MARCEL FRANCK & CO. (LONDON) LTD.

"SUPER FIZZ" "ESCALE" **SPRAYS**





SUMMER DAYS BRING

- HOLIDAYS
- **CRUISES**
- TOURING, etc.

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A face cloth worth selling. Each A face cloth worth selling. Each wrapped separately in transparent paper ready to hand over. "Dawn" never get "Slimy" or ravel. Beautiful range of delicate colours. Retail at 6d. and show good margin. In this attractive counter display outer containing I dozen assorted colours, from your usual wholesaler.



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INFRINGED MARK TRADE

(Registered Number 539,588)

APOLOGY

To Messrs. AYRTON, SAUNDERS & CO., LTD., 34 HANOVER STREET, LIVERPOOL.

(Copy)

Dear Sirs,

I write this letter to express my regret and apology to you for having infringed your Trade Mark "P.K.L.," registered in Class 3, in respect of liniment for human use, and I have by a document of even date with this letter entered into an undertaking not again to infringe your mark and not to supply any liniment other than yours when asked for "P.K.L."

> Yours faithfully, (Signed).

Liverpool, July 30th, 1936.



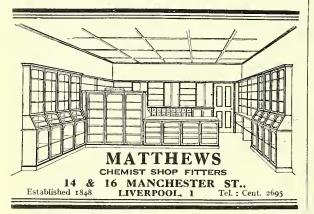
MAJOR BLADE

Regd.Trade Mark 530,151/70025 RETAIL PRICE 1d. EACH; 6 for 6d.

> Made on latest automatic machinery, ensuring utmost uniformity of keen edges, on Steel heat-treated under rigid scientific control THE SMOOTHEST SHAVER ...

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"FLEET" WORKS, QUILEN'S ROAD, SHEFFIELD
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Full particulars from the Principal Blackburne Place, Liverpool 8

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CONCERN

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WARNING!

Injunctions have been granted by the High Court of Justice restraining Traders from passing off Rupture Appliances or Trusses not the manufacture of the Brooks Appliance Co. Ltd. as if they were the Brooks Appliances manufactured by such Company and from using the term "Brooks pattern" or the word "Brooks" in connection with such appliances.



Brooks Rupture Appliances are obtainable only from the sole suppliers, Brooks Appliance Co. Ltd. 80, Chancery Lane, London, W.C 2 & Hilton Chambers, Hilton Street, Manchester.

BATTLES'

Pharmacy & Poisons
Act, 1933

VERMIN

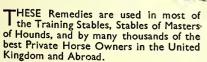
TO ALL OUR FRIENDS

Gentlemen. As you will appreciate, certain Rules and Regulations in the above Act have necessitated a change in one of the principal ingredients of Bittles' Vermin Killer. This has n we been done, and after several tests, we are satisfied the article as it will be prepared and marketed in future, will be as effections as in the past, and therefore can be recommended by you to your eastomers with every confidence. Prices per pecket will remain the same, and as the preparation now comes under Part II of the Schedule, the somewhat inknome business to purchasers of signing for it will be no longer necessar we feel that if anything the demand for it should increase. We have circularised our many Wholesale customers in the matter, and of course our Advertisement Programme to the Public will be continued as hitherto. Having been before the Public low for over eighty years with the existing Vermin Killer, we cannot afford to market an inefficient substitute, and we therefore confidently ask for the continuance of your valued custom as in the past years. Thanking you in anticipation, We remain, Yours faithfully.

BATTLES LTD., STONEBOW, LINCOLN

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P.A.T.A. Protected Prices.



Supplies through all Wholesale Houses.

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Retail Price (Protected)	Net Wholesale Price
Virus for Rats and Mice, single tube, 2/- 3 tubes, 5/-	15/- per doz.
Virus for Mice only single tube, 1/6	9/~
3 tubes, 3/-	a mill be such as and
Date-expired tubes returned to us postage paid free of charge.	u wiii be exchanged

Danysz Virus in Liquid Form Retail Price Wholesale Price

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				Order.				
Retail			Mont	hly A/e		Cash	with Or	der
& gall, tins	10/-			7/6			6/8	
1 ., ,,	18'-		1	3/6			12/-	
6	80/-		6	0/-			53/4	

DANZO BEETLE POWDER

F	or dest	roying	Black	kbectle	s, Co	ckroac	hes, C	rickets, &	c.
Retail P	rices (P	rotecte	(\mathbf{d})					Wholesal	e Prices
ln carto	ns 9d. c	ach						6/9 per	
,,	1/6	**						13/6 ,,	
,,	3/	11						27/- ,,	,,
	Danzo	Beetle	Pow	der wil	l not a	leterio	rate b	y keeping.	
		CARRI	AGE	PAID	ON.	ALL C	RDEF	RS.	

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HALLER LABORATORIES, LTD. 325 Borough High Street, LONDON, S.E.1

Telegrams: "Virudana, Sedist, London." Telephone: Hop 2717

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AT HALF PRICE

An exceptional purchase from the well-known Aberdeen manufacturers of their NEW SOVEREIGN series COUNTER DISPLAY CABINETS, usually

Sold at 50/- ENABLES US TO OFFER THEM NOW FOR

The "FINEST SILENT SALESMAN," as this beautiful cabinet has been aptly named, contains ONE DOZEN EACH of 8 LINES of high quality Horn Combs, from $5\frac{1}{2}$ in. to 7 in. long, usually retailed at prices from 3d. to 1/6 7 8 leach, bringing in all -

The price of 25/- is carriage paid.

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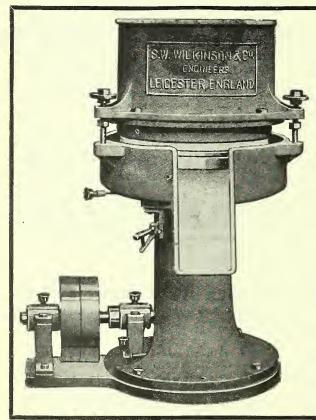
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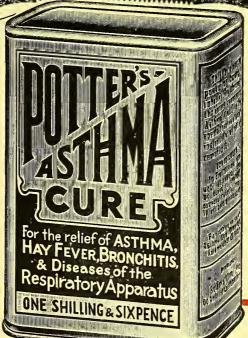
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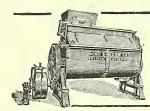
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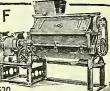
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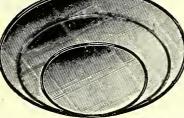
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the Week News of

Key Industry Duty Notice: Veratrine

A representation has been made to the Board of Trade under Section 10 (5) of the Finance Act, 1926, for an Order exempting VERATRINE from liability to Key Industry duty. Any communication should be addressed to the Principal Assistant Secretary, Industries and Manufactures Department, Board of Trade, Great George Street, S.W.1, on or before September 24, 1936.

Section 10 (5) of the Finance Act, 1926, is as follows:—

"The Treasury may by Order exempt from the duty imposed by section one of the Safeguarding of Industries Act, 1921, as amended by this Act, for such period as may be specified in the Order, any article in respect of which the Board of Trade are satisfied on a representation made by a consumer of that article that the article is not made in any part of His Majesty's Dominions in quantities which are substantial having regard to the consumption of that article for the time being in the United Kingdom, and that there is no reasonable probability that the article will within a reasonable period be made in His Majesty's Dominions in such substantial quantities."

British Standards Institution

The British standard specification No. 144, entitled "Creosote for the Preservation of Timber," has been revised by the British Standards Institution creosote committee, on which manufacturers, users and research workers are represented. Throughout the work the committee has been in close contact with the Standards Association of Australia, with

the result that uniformity in the specifications and methods of test issued by the two countries has been achieved. Copies of this revised specification (No. 144-1936) can be obtained from the Publications Department of the Institution, 28 Victoria Street, London, S.W.I, price 2s. 2d. post free.

Co-operation by British Insecticide Manufacturers

A development of interest is foreshadowed in an announcement that Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd., and Cooper McDougall & Robertson, Ltd., are pooling their resources in the manufacture and distribution of insecticides and fungicides for the control of pests and diseases on plants. The object of this co-operation is to enable the two companies to offer a wider range of products to the public. It will result in the pooling of the research work carried on by I.C.I. in their chemical laboratories and at their biological station at Jealotts Hill, and also the field research carried out by C.M.R. at Yalding. The effects of this co-operation will not be confined to the United Kingdom, but should also enable these companies to increase their share of overseas markets. It should be noted that the arrangement now announced does not include the Cooper business in dips, disinfectants and animal remedies.

Prices at an Auction

At Kingston-on-Thames the stock of a drug store removed from Wimbledon was sold on August 20. The opening lot was 103 tablets of Palmolive soap, which after spirited bidding realised 15s. Some of the perfumery fetched only low prices; a box of about $2\frac{1}{2}$ doz. Atkinson eau de Cologne made 11s., two Bourjois caskets, two tablets of soap and four bottles of Atkinson's eau de Cologne 12s., and three similar lots 10s. each. A box containing about 5 doz. assorted sizes of aspirin tablets went for 10s. A lot consisting of fourteen jars of honey, some concentrated wines and 3 doz. packets of "fruit pastilles" (fruit laxatives) went for 14s.; a 7-lb. tin of Epsom salts and opened tins of Glauber's salt and sodium bicarbonate, with four feeding-bottles and some ointments and powders, found a buyer at 6s. The ordinary run of proprietaries and toilet goods were secured by a member of the trade. Some of the fittings were cheap; a 11 ft. 6 in. mahogany top counter with seventeen drawers fetched only 9s., three iron window bars and glass shelving 13s., and 2-lb. counter scales and two showcases 20s. A weighing machine (up to 20 stone) made £3, and a baby balance 13s.

Contracts

The following tenders have been accepted by the bodies named:

Blackburn Town Council.—Vernon & Co., Ltd., Preston; T. J. Smith and Nephew, Ltd., Hull; Southall Bros. & Barclay, Ltd., Birmingham; Robinson & Sons, Ltd., Chesterfield; Cuxson, Gerrard & Co., Ltd., Oldbury; and Barnes Bros., Ltd., Blackburn; surgical dressings.

Dover Town Council.—Mr. J. Weir, chemist and druggist: Drugs, etc.

Inquest

The West London coroner held an inquiry, on August 20, concerning the death of Mr. Charles Barry Domvile, Hans Crescent, S.W.r. Dr. R. H. Slater, chemical pathologist at St. Mary's Hospital, said he had analysed certain organs of the body. He had come to the conclusion that Mr. Domvile must have taken a considerable quantity of phenacetin and dilaudid in tablet form. Sir Bernard Spilsbury stated that after reading Dr. Slater's report he was prepared to say that the cause of death was poisoning by phenacetin and dilaudid. An open verdict was recorded.

Miscellaneous

Prague Fair.—The Prague Autumn Fair, to be held on September 4-13, will be a show of some 3,000 exhibitors.

INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS.—The second international congress of the International Association for Testing Materials is to be held in London on April 19-24, 1937. Sir William Bragg, O.M., P.R.S., will be the president.

Proposed seven-day closing.—A suggestion has been put forward in Stoke-on-Trent and Newcastle-under-Lyme that all tradespeople should close their premises during the Potteries annual holiday week, the first week in August, from the Friday before till the Friday during the holiday week. It is suggested that in this way tradespeople will obviate the difficulties they now have to contend with through having reduced staffs during the summer.

Paraguay Exchange Control.—The Banco de la Republica del Paraguay has published a list of commodities in respect of which foreign exchange will be negotiated at the official rate. In the majority of cases Argentine currency alone will be available, with which, when necessary, the other foreign currencies must be purchased on the open market in Buenos Aires. The list includes:—Petrol (naphtha); paraffin (kerosene); raw materials for the manufacture of soaps; drugs in general; specified drugs, subject to the approval of the bank (necessity to be shown).

Public analyst's reports.—The Oldham public analyst has reported that during the past quarter he has analysed four samples of camphorated oil, three each of zinc ointment and boric ointment, and two of tincture of iodine. One sample of tincture of iodine was not up to the required standard, and one sample each of boric ointment and zinc ointment showed a slight excess of the active medicament.—A Rugby Corporation report states that during the past month an informal sample of iodine ointment had been found to be adulterated, and later a formal sample from the same vendor was found to be unsatisfactory. It was decided to send a warning.

IN THE COURTS.—At Birmingham Police Court, on August 21, Taylors Cash Chemists (Midland), Ltd., were summoned, under the Shops Acts, for not fixing and specifying by notice the day or days of the week on which their assistants were not

employed after 1.30 p.m. Mr. A. R. Churchill, for the defence, said the defendants had been put in that position by circumstances in which they had tried to meet the National Health Insurance Committee. They kept open so that panel patients might secure their medicines on Wednesday evenings. There was a rota system, and at Lozells, for example, the manager received more than the compensating hours off for the time he had been on duty. The chairman said the summonses would be dismissed on payment of costs.—At Southend-on-Sea Sessions, recently, Charles H. Beckess, Abbey Wood, was committed for trial on a charge of breaking into the premises of Bell & Co., chemists, High Street, and stealing postal orders and goods valued at £19.

PHARMACY AND POISONS ACT, 1933.

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To			
	of		
SALE OF POISONOUS SUBSTANCES. Notice of Entry of name in List of Persons entitled to sell certain Poisons. I have to inform you that, in compliance with your application, Council of the County [County Borough] of			
		acting in pursuance Rules, 1935, have er Poisons included in premises, namely	of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933, and the Poison ntered your name in their List of persons entitled to Part II of the Poisons List, in respect of the follow
		and have also entered	the name(s) of
	as your Deputy [Deputies] for the sale of Poisons at		
rule 30 of the Poisons the List, after the cu	is drawn to the provisions of section 21 (4) of the Act a Rules, under which the retention of the above Entry rrent year*, is subject to the payment of an Annual Fee h set of premises on which you are entitled to sell Poiso		
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Date____

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OLD DISPENSARY BOTTLES PHOTOGRAPHED BY A BLACKPOOL READER

Scottish Notes

Brevities

Professor Benjamin George Cormack, Emeritus Professor of Botany at the Anderson College of Medicine, Glasgow, who died on August 19 at the age of seventy, was William Baxter demonstrator in geology and senior assistant in botany at Glasgow, and also lectured in botany at Queen Margaret College. He held the chair of botany at Anderson College from 1897 to 1933.

The death is announced at Ardrossan of Mr. William Rintoul, O.B.E., F.I.C., at the age of sixty-six. Mr. Rintoul was trained in chemistry at the Anderson College, Glasgow, and had experience under the city analyst, Mr. Tatlock. In 1894 he was appointed to the Royal Gunpowder Factory at Waltham Abbey, where he worked with Sir Robert Robertson (later the Government chemist). After fifteen years' service he left Waltham Abbey and joined the scientific staff of Nobel's Explosives Co., Ltd., now absorbed by Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd. His work brought him into contact with research workers in universities and elsewhere, and his advice was frequently sought by scientific bodies.

Edinburgh

The Duncan memorial prize, awarded at the end of each session to the best student in the Chemist and Druggist Qualifying examination course of the School of Pharmacy in the Heriot-Watt College, Edinburgh, has been won by William D. Hunter, with G. H. Harrison as runner up. The prize is provided out of a fund raised by old students in memory of Mr. William Duncan, principal of the School of Pharmacy, Royal Public Dispensary, 1886 to 1924, at the time of its amalgamation with the Heriot-Watt School.

A scheme of surcharges for the collection of trade refuse, introduced some months ago by the Edinburgh Town Council, raised protests from the trading community and resulted in an adjustment of the charges. Fresh protests have been occasioned by the notices bringing the scheme into force. A public meeting representative of all kinds of businesses in the city was held recently in the Chamber of Commerce rooms. It was unanimously decided to send a deputation to the Town Council pointing out that this surcharge was unjust in principle and constituted an unfair burden upon shopkeepers. It was stated that one-sixth of the total rates of the city are paid by shopkeepers. If extra funds were required for refuse disposal, the charge, it was claimed, should be a general charge on the rates and not upon a particular section of the community. The Town Council is on holiday at the present time, and the matter will come up for discussion on the resumption. It is understood, however, that the official view is that shopkeepers are being fairly treated and the new charges represent an effort to bring them into line with the practice prevailing in other cities.

Irish Notes

Brevities

A modern front has been fitted to the pharmacy of Adamson & Co., Ltd., King Street, Ballina.

Mr. James J. Kerr, P.C., Ph.C., registrar of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland paid his annual visit to Lourdes during August, where he served as a brancardier, as he has for many years past.

Mr. Fred Storey, Ph.C., who is vice-chairman of the Ulster Tourists' Development Association, has been unanimously reelected chairman of the Advertising Committee. Records have been established this year by the Association in the number of tourists and the number of inquiries.

Topical Reflections

By Xrayser

I Voted

at the Conference meeting at Bournemouth for the resolution moved by the Manchester and Salford Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society regarding Apothecaries' Hall assistants (C. & D., August 22, p. 225). I hold that no pharmacist could do anything else; at the same time, I quite realise that should dispensing ever be reserved to pharmacists, it would be difficult, if not impossible, to keep these assistants off the Register—just as in 1868 large numbers of unqualified retailers, probably possessing no greater scientific knowledge of their calling than do the Apothecaries' Hall assistants to-day, were received into the fold. I consider that the long record of the Society of Apothecaries, and the fact that before the Pharmaceutical Society was thought of they were intimately concerned with the dispensing and supply of drugs, would be considered favourably by Parliament if ever the reservation of dispensing to any body of men and women became practical politics. After all, the raison d'être of the pharmacist's qualification in the early days was not dispensing in the first place so much as the sale of poisons, I agree with you that it would be contrary to the public interest that a body of men and women with a good knowledge of their job should be left high and dry through legislation, if and when such should come about. My experience is that the majority of "Hall" dispensers are women.

Pharmacists

may well look askance at any method of treatment which has for its object the relief and cure of bodily and mental ailments without the aid of those goods, whether medical or surgical, upon the sale of which their living depends; this conclusion was arrived at after considering the article on "Psychoanalysis" (p. 220). My first introduction to the subject was during the war, when I attended lectures by a medical man who afterwards became an authority on it; he was then using psychoanalytical methods for the treatment of shell-shocked soldiers, and with a good deal of success. Psychology is not a subject about which much is known; I

can well imagine that in the hands of one who is not a veritable master, more harm than good can be caused to patients who may agree to undergo a few "sessions" for the elimination of some complex or phobia. Medical men are not always the most successful practitioners; those with sympathy and patience, combined of course with a good knowledge of their subject, appear to get the best results, whether qualified by examination or not. My chief complaint regarding the method of treatment is that it induces habits of introspection in the minds of patients, causing them to dwell too much upon their moods and feelings. At the same time, there are cases in which it is necessary for some tangled complex to be unravelled and dispersed before peace of mind is restored to the sufferer. Perhaps it is just as well that the treatment is usually so expensive that only the wealthy can take advantage of it.

"A Medical View"

of the effect of a public medical service upon medical men generally is a singularly clear statement (p. 226). I commend a study of it—it is quite a short paragraph—to pharmacists, particularly to those who may be hankering after the dispensing which may come their way if such a service is set up in their locality. As with pharmacists, so with medical men. The pharmacist, in the case of a public medical service, gains some dispensing which he has to carry on at N.H.I. Tariff rates; he loses a good deal of dispensing at higher rates, as well as sales of a good many proprietaries and other goods at full retail prices, and he gets but a small dispensing fee. The medical man loses the fees he has been in the habit of drawing from dependants of N.H.I. contributors, and in exchange gets a flat rate which practically amounts to underselling his services. As is pointed out in the paragraph, so long as the service is confined to the N.H.I. class not so much damage can be done, but once let the method extend to those with higher incomes and the private practitioner will be wiped out. N.H.I. dispensing is one of the most important—if not the most important—matters before us to-day; its implications are serious for every pharmacist and all those who are bound up with pharmacy.

Legal Reports

Illegal Sale of Poison.—At Stratford Police Court, Essex, on August 26, Arnold Quelch Chiswell, High Road, Leytonstone, was summoned on three informations for infringements of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933. The defendant pleaded "Guilty." Mr. A. C. Castle, prosecuting for the Pharmaceutical Society, said that the prosecution was the first of its kind under the Act of 1933. The Act provided that in certain circumstances a chemist might become an authorised seller of poisons, that the premises where poisons were sold should be registered, and that the containers of poisons should bear the name of the seller and the address of the premises where it was sold. The defendant, not being a qualified chemist, could not be registered, nor could the address of the shop at which this poison was sold. He had sold a bottle of Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, which contained morphine. The quantity sold by the defendant, if taken by a child, would kill. When the agent for the society spoke to the defendant, he at once expressed his regret. He had also notified the Society that it was his intention to plead "Guilty." The defendant said in excuse that he had ordered the chlorodyne from a wholesale chemist with an order for other goods and he was unaware that he was doing wrong in selling it. The chairman said the defendant was liable to a fine of £50 for each offence, but in view of what had been said they would deal leniently with him. He would be fined 20s. on each summons and must pay 42s. costs.

New Companies and Company News

P.C. means Private Company and R.O. Registered Office

SAINT-ANGE (ENGLAND), LTD. (P.C.).—Capital £2,000. Objects: To carry on the business of manufacturers of cosmetics, perfumery, etc. R.O.: New Bridge Street House, New Bridge Street, E.C.

FRANKLAND PRODUCTS, LTD. (P.C.).—Capital froo. Objects: To carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in medical preparations, chemists, druggists, etc. R.O.: 112 Fenchurch Street, E.C.3.

Spa Drug Co., Ltd. (P.C.).—Capital £500. Objects: To acquire the businesses carried on by G. C. Hull at 47 Spa Road, Bolton, as the "Spa Drug Company" and "Direct Toilet Supply Company," etc.

Theron Laboratories, Ltd. (P.C.).—Capital £1,000.—The objects are to carry on the business of chemists, druggists, etc. The directors are to be appointed. Solicitors: Slaughter & May, 18 Austin Friars, E.C.

Natural Footwear, Ltd. (P.C.).—Capital £5,000. Objects: To acquire the business of a dealer in surgical shoes carried on by Joan C. Robertson at Leeds. Director: Joan C. Robertson, 14 Lidgett Park Road, Roundhay, Leeds.

I.D.L. Medical Products, Ltd. (P.C.).—Capital £6,000. Objects: To carry on the business of manufacturers and dealers in medical products of all kinds, etc. Robert C. McDowall, 61 St. Albans Road, Edinburgh, is the first director.

PILGRIM PRODUCTS, LTD. (P.C.).—Capital £7,500. Objects: To carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in chemical, bleaching, industrial and other preparations and products, oils, etc. R.O.: 18 Essex Street, Strand, W.C.2.

Pepsi-Cola, Ltd. (P.C.).—Capital £25,000. Objects: To carry on the business of manufacturers of, and dealers in, minerals and aerated waters and other liquids and syrups, etc. Solicitors: Coote & Co., 60 Lincolns Inn Fields, W.C.2.

SAXON & Co., Ltd. (P.C.).—Capital £3,000. Objects: To carry on business as importers, exporters and dealers in oil seeds, oils, greases, chemicals, spices, gums, etc. The first directors are not named. R.O.: 119 and 120 London Wall, E.C.2.

Braderings, Ltd. (P.C.).—Capital £100. Objects: To carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in patent

medicines, medicated tablets, drugs, prepared foods, etc. George A. Pickering, 180 Sutton Road, Mansfield, Notts, director.

FORVIL (ENGLAND), LTD. (P.C.).—Capital £6,000. Objects: To carry on the business of perfumery manufacturers, etc. Leo Fink, 88 Boulevard Maurice Barres, Neuilly S/Seine, France, perfume manufacturer, director. R.O.: 43 Marylebone Lane, W.I.

Nestosyl Co., Ltd. (P.C.).—Capital £400. Objects: To acquire the sole right to use the trade mark "Nestosyl" and to carry on the business of druggists, chemists, etc. The first directors are to be appointed. R.O.: 79-81 Borough High Street. S.E.I.

N. E. A. Pothecary's Supplies, Ltd. (P.C.).—Capital £2,000. Objects: To carry on the business of manufacturers and dealers in patent medicines, lozenges, etc. The first directors are to be appointed. R.O.: 90 Gresham House, 24 Old Broad Street, E.C.2.

British Carbonic Co., Ltd. (P.C.).—Capital £3,000. Objects: To carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in carbonic acid in liquid or solid form, and manufacturers of and dealers in refrigerators, etc. Solicitor: F. G. Maw, Amberley House, Norfolk Street, London, W.C.2.

C. T. Rouse & Co., Ltd. (P.C.).—Capital £1,000. Objects: To acquire the business of merchants in every description of glass, glass bottles and similar articles carried on by W. H. Arber as ''C. T. Rouse & Co.,'' and to carry on business in glass bottles, jars, medical and scientific glassware vessels, etc. R.O.: I Haggerston Road, Shoreditch, E.

UNAPHALT ROADS (1936), LTD. (P.C.).—Capital £1,000. Objects: To acquire the business carried on by Unaphalt (Roads), Ltd., and to carry on the business of manufacturing chemists, manufacturers, exporters and importers of and dealers in bitumen, asphaltums, waxes, resins, pitches, etc. Solicitors: Blewitt & Son, 141 Fenchurch Street, London, E.C.3.

Wallis Tin Stamping Co., Ltd. (P.C.).—Capital froo. Objects: To acquire the whole or any part of the undertaking and assets of W.T.S., Ltd., and to carry on the business of manufacturers, importers and exporters of and dealers in phænix caps, automatic caps, screw caps, bottle caps, covers for containers of all kinds, etc. Solicitors: Windybank, Samuell & Laurence, 28-29 St. Swithin's Lane, London, E.C.4.

Ocean By-Product Industries, Ltd. (P.C.).—Capital floo. Objects: To organise on a commercial and profitable basis in selected areas of the British Empire or other parts of the world:the shark, turtle and allied . . . industries, including the scientific treatment, manufacture and marketing of . . . liver oils, fishmeal, fins and fertilisers, etc. R.O.: 9 Golden Square, London, W.I.

Dr. Greenwood's Products, Ltd. (P.C.).—Capital £1,000. Objects: To acquire the business of a health food specialist now carried on by Sidney R. P. Fisher, Ph.C., M.P.S., at 6 Orchard Street, Preston, as "Dr. Greenwood's Dairy Co.," and to carry on the business of manufacturers and producers of and dealers in remedial and health foods and foodstuffs, including milk powder, dried milk, etc. Sidney R. P. Fisher, Ph.SC., M.P.S., Wyresdale, Cop Lane, Penwortham, Preston, permanent governing director.

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LTD.—Changes in the board announced following the annual meeting of the company include the retirement of W. S. Kerry as president, the appointment of E. G. Jackson to that post, and the addition to the board of two new directors—A. H. Elder, and E. E. Lloyd, former vice-president of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

STEPHEN, SMITH & Co., Ltd.—The directors' report for the financial year ended April 30, 1936, shows that the dividend of 8 per cent. has been paid on the preference shares for the year, and an interim dividend has been paid on the ordinary shares at the rate of 5 per cent. actual. The directors recommend the payment of a final dividend on the ordinary shares

of $7\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., making in all $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. for the year, less income tax, payable on September 5 next. During the year the company has acquired the freeholds of the works, and of all the adjoining houses in Malmesbury Road and Trellis Street previously held as a leasehold investment. The other investments have been revised from time to time, and the total now stands at £179,053 16s. 6d., a figure well below the current market value. The year's profit has been charged with interest at 4 per cent. on the staff contingency reserve, which after the payment of pensions and grants now amounts to £20,170 15s. Iod. The sum of £5,6co has been placed to reserve account, which, with the balance remaining after the capitalisation sanctioned in September, 1927, leaves £75,coo to the credit of reserve account, and after payment of the above recommended dividend there will be the sum of £6,210 6s. 7d. to carry forward to the credit of the next account. Brevet Lieut.-Colonel Frederick F. MacCabe retires by rotation from the board, and the directors recommend his re-election.

Bankruptcy Reports

Re Albert Edward Horsfield Parker, deceased, lately I Gladstone Street, Scarborough, chemist. This administration order was made recently, and the statement of affairs which has been filed shows gross liabilities of £953 3s. 5d., of which £97 Is. 8d. is expected to rank for dividend, with net assets of £58 I8s. 3d., and a deficiency of £38 3s. 5d. It appears that the deceased debtor commenced business on his own account at the above address about 1919. In 1931 he opened a shop in Westborough, Scarborough, but that venture was unsuccessful, and a loss of approximately £600 was sustained in that direction. The business at Gladstone Street has also been declining during the last few years.

Re Solomon Levy, chemists' sundriesman, late of 20 Leather Lane, London, E.C.1. The statutory first meeting of creditors was held on August 12 in Bankruptcy Buildings, W.C.2. A statement of affairs showed liabilities f1,626, of which £600 is expected to rank, and assets £14. It appears from statements of the debtor that he began business in Leather Lane Market in 1922, and ten years later took a lease of premises at 20 Leather Lane. He continued to carry on the business in the name of S. Levy until Ĵanuary 1935, when he sold it to his wife for £72; he has since been employed by her. His bankruptcy has arisen from an action brought against him by the petitioning creditors, Gillette Industries, Ltd., for selling their goods at cut prices. He defended the action with the money obtained from the sale of the business, but they recovered judgment. The estate remained in the hands of the official receiver as trustee.

Business Changes

THE BIRMINGHAM CHEMICAL CO., LTD., have removed their head office and works to Wiltell Works, Lichfield, Staffs.

Francis Hallam, Ltd., Burton-on-Trent, have acquired the business of Mr. D. R. Whitley, chemist and druggist, Villa Road, Handsworth, Birmingham.

When a "certain" remedy fails.—"To cure ringworm, which schoolchildren often get, gently dab with aromatic vinegar. It will cause a little pain, but is a certain remedy. Plain vinegar and salt is also a good thing, applied two or three times daily. A tonic such as cod-liver oil may be useful at such a time, as well as a nourishing diet. Failing these things, get some proper ointment, otherwise the contagion will spread."—From the Women's Page of a popular magazine.

One way of avoiding confusion.—Almost simultaneously with the announcement of a new ergot alkaloid in the "Quarterly Journal of Pharmacy and Pharmacology" (9, 2, 1230) comes a statement in "The Journal of the American Medical Association" (107, 4, 263) that "to obviate further confusion" the Council on Pharmacy and Chemistry of the Association has given the alkaloid known in the United Kingdom as ergometrine the name "ergonovine," making five names for this substance.

Supply of Medicaments in European Countries

N the autumn of 1935 the Secretariat of the Société Suisse de Pharmacie sent out a questionnaire to various foreign pharmaceutical societies on the supply of medicaments by medical men. In the course of a few months sixteen replies were received. The results of this referendum (" Journal de Pharmacie de Belgique," 27, 36) are summarised below, with conditions in Switzerland added for the sake of completeness.

Austria.—Authorisation to open a "medical pharmacy" is granted to doctors only where there is no pharmacy. This authorisation is withdrawn when a pharmacy is opened.

Belgium.—Supply of medicaments by doctors is permitted in what is called the "plat pays" (small villages and rural communes). New regulations are under consideration.

Denmark.—When there is no pharmacy in the district, doctors can obtain permission to supply medicaments and dressings to patients. These must be purchased at a pharmacy specified by the Ministry.

Esthonia.—Doctors have not the right to supply medicaments to patients.

France.—The supply of medicaments is regulated by an Act dated April 11, 1803, still in force. The tribunals have interpreted this Act to mean that doctors at a great distance from a pharmacy may supply medicaments to their patients.

Germany.—Generally speaking, doctors have not the right to sell medicaments. They may use them, but may not leave them at the disposal of patients. A regulation, now under revision, allows doctors one league distant from the nearest pharmacy to open a "medical pharmacy" if a licence is obtained.

Great Britain.—Medicaments may be supplied by doctors except under the National Health Insurance scheme. Insured persons obtain their medicaments from a pharmacy.

Hungary.—Only the doctor who lives "many" kilometres from a pharmacy has the right to have a pharmaceutical chest (Handapotheke).

ITALY.—Only in communes without a pharmacy are doctors authorised to keep a pharmaceutical department.

Jugo-Slavia.—Doctors are forbidden to supply medicaments immediately a pharmacy is opened in the district. Otherwise a "medical pharmacy" may be kept; but the medicaments must be purchased at a pharmacy.

LATVIA.—As in Esthonia.

LITHUANIA.—As in Esthonia.

LUXEMBURG.—Where there is a pharmacy, doctors, surgeons and veterinary surgeons may not supply medicaments.

Poland.—In the region formerly under Austria doctors may practise pharmacy if the nearest pharmacy is at least seven kilometres away. Elsewhere this is not allowed.

Spain.—In districts ten kilometres or more from a pharmacy doctors have a limited stock of medicaments. These are purchased at a pharmacy, paid for by the commune, and supplied free by the doctor. The doctor may not sell medicaments.

Sweden.—Doctors may supply medicaments if distant from a pharmacy. These medicaments must be purchased by them at a pharmacy.

SWITZERLAND.—The cantons of Bâle-Ville, Argovie, Neuchâtel, Vaud, Fribourg, Geneva and Tessin do not authorise the supply of medicaments by doctors. In the other cantons doctors may practise pharmacy even where there is an open pharmacy.

Advertising literature in Jugo-Slavia.—" Leaflets advertising specialities in Jugo-Slavia have been restricted to four octavo or eight 16-mo. pages. The measure is justified on the ground that the leaflets, falling into the hands of the public, do more harm than good."—" Journal de Pharmacie de Belgique."

Prescription Problem

HE prescription reproduced in facsimile in our issue of August 15 (p. 194) brought us a steady arrival of postcards up to the time of closing the competition. The correct transcription is as follows:—

About half of our correspondents failed to get the names of both the first two ingredients correctly. For the first line we were offered the bromides of potassium, sodium, lithium, calcium, strontium, and in one instance simply "Bromid." One of these writers makes the ingenious suggestion that the "4" of NH4 may be an attempt to clear the prescriber's nib. Other variants suggested for this line are Tinct. Bellad., Tr. Nux Vom., Tinct. Zingib., Inf. Buchu, Mist. Bromid., Mist. K. Bromid., Triplex Bromid., Liq. Bism., Sodii Bicarb., and Trit. 4 Biniodid. One of the "Mist. Bromid." contributors wrote, "The mixture is probably for a very young baby," and proceeded to discuss the nature of the complaint and the method of administering the 3ss. doses. Incidentally, the maximum pharmacopæial dose of tincture of nux vomica has been exceeded on two or three cards.

The second line has proved to be easier, the only slips we have noticed being Aq. Chlorof., Spt. Ammon. Co., Aq. Anethi and Syr. Chloral. In one case the third line is read "M(itte) \(\frac{3}{3}vij,'' \) in another "Aq. \(\frac{3}{3}iij,'' \) and in a third "Aq. \(\frac{3}{3}vij.'' \)

We next arrive at the cards which have the right ingredients but not with the right quantities nor with the NH₄ correctly transcribed. Continuing the process of elimination, we reach a numerous class with the ingredients and the NH₄ well or fairly well transcribed, but with one or more wrong quantities. The few competitors who have "satisfied the examiners" have, we think, exercised sound judgment. The deciphering of handwriting of this type resolves itself, at one stage of reading, largely into an estimate of probabilities. Let us assume that we have no knowledge of the source of this prescription. Then, if the quantity of syrup of orange is 3j (and that line seems to be the easiest of the three), the probability is that the total volume of the mixture is 3viij, in view of the dose and of the conservatism of prescribers as a whole; this, in turn, suggests that the quantity of ammonium bromide is either 5ij or 5iv—at which point the dispenser looks at the prescription again. The winning competitors are:—

Mr. H. D. Edwards, City of London Hospital for Diseases of the Heart and Lungs, Victoria Park, E.2

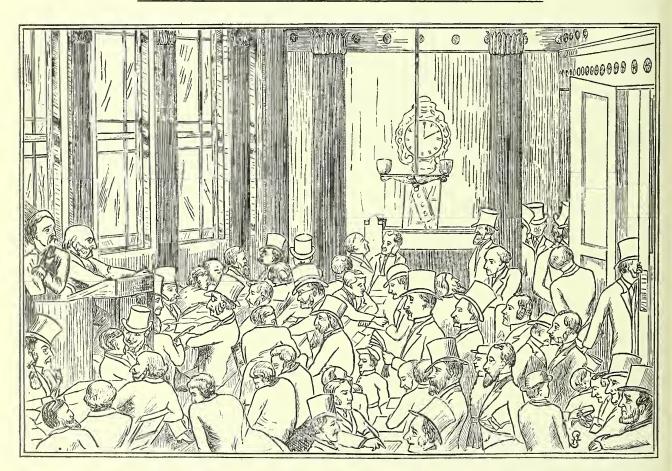
Mr. E. W. Ewell, 37 Townwall Street, Dover

Mr. E. Foster, 8 Thornber Grove, Blackpool

Mr. H. Hughes, 39 Bush Grove, Stanmore, Middlesex

Mr. B. Murphy, The Pharmacy, Mitchelstown

to each of whom a prize of 5s. is awarded. An interesting possibility is suggested by the fact that ten competitors have obtained the right proportion of ammonium bromide in the wrong volume (5iij in 3vj). If a public analyst was sampling this mixture (privately dispensed), what course would he adopt?



AT THE LONDON DRUG SALES (From "THE CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST," August 21, 1886-half size)

Birmingham Analyst's Report

THE latest annual report of the Birmingham city analyst (Mr. H. H. Bagnall, B.Sc.), covering the year 1935, includes among its opening paragraphs a general review of the work of his department during the past twenty-five years. In 1910 the number of samples of food and drugs analysed was 2,102 (or 370 per 100,000 persons in Birmingham) together with 761 miscellaneous samples, a total of 2,863. Last year the corresponding figures were 5,464 (i.e., 529 per 100,000 persons) and 777 miscellaneous samples, a total of 6,241 samples. During the same period the percentage of samples reported against decreased roughly by half—from 10 per cent. to 5 per cent. This improvement is manifest in the case of drugs. Such common household articles as tincture of iodine, camphorated oil, boric and zinc ointments, ammoniated tincture of quinine, seidlitz powders and borax were quite commonly adulterated or incorrectly made up, the percentage of samples so condemned being in the neighbourhood of 20 per cent. of the samples bought, but a very different state of affairs prevails to-day, the percentage of adulteration being usually between 3 and 4 per cent. Similar remarks may be made about dispensed medicines, for the departmental statistics show that something like one-third of the mixtures made up from prescriptions were incorrectly dispensed. It is true that in most cases there was little danger to health involved, but it was, to say the least, unsatisfactory that patients in so many cases did not receive the amount or kind of drugs considered appropriate by their doctors. The position is much better to-day, although there is still room for improvement. Among articles of pharmaceutical interest dealt with are the

PEARL BARLEY.—One sample out of fifty-six contained an appreciable amount of mineral facing in the form of talc. This had evidently been added for the purpose of polishing the barley and so improving its appearance. The production of a satisfactory, uniformly white pearl barley entails a considerable amount of waste. If the milling is not properly carried out and some of the external brown covering of the grain is not removed the pearl barley is not uniform in appearance, and a coating of talc or rice starch effects an improvement. Such an addition may therefore be said to be intended, in the words of the Food and Drugs Act, to "conceal the inferior quality thereof." The vendor was cautioned.

FERTILISERS.—The fertilisers included seven samples of sul-

phate of ammonia, six of bone meal and one of nitrate of soda. A sample of sulphate of ammonia consisted of sulphate of potash apparently supplied in error, and no statutory statement was supplied to the purchaser. No statements were supplied with four samples of sulphate of ammonia, and written cautions were sent to all these vendors. The statement supplied with a sample of bone meal gave a guarantee of 82 per cent. of nitrogen, an obviously impossible figure, the amount found by analysis being 1.27 per cent. The percentage of insoluble phosphoric acid guaranteed was within the limit of error. The usual caution was given. A sample of bone meal was guaranteed to contain 3.5 per cent. of nitrogen and 20 per cent. of insoluble phosphoric acid, but the actual amounts present were 1.16 and 27.3 per cent. respectively. The wrong label had been used by the vendor, and he was cautioned. No statement was given with one sample of bone meal, and another contained 4.9 per cent. of nitrogen although 4.0 per cent. was guaranteed, the limit of error being 0.5 per cent. Both these vendors were cautioned. The remainder of the samples, including a single sample of nitrate of soda, were of good quality and a proper statement was given in each case.

PROPRIETARY MEDICINES.—Six samples of proprietary medicines were submitted. The formulas of all these were printed on the labels as is now required in the case of proprietaries on which no Government duty is paid. Unfortunately in most cases the names of the constituents were printed in pharmaceutical Latin and so would be unintelligible to the great majority of purchasers. Apart from that, this practice tends to promote the air of mystery which is so helpful to the sale of the

In view of the fact that a number of the constituents present in these mixtures were merely vegetable extracts with no distinctive characteristics it was impossible to check the

proportions of a number of them or even to show that certain of them were present at all. In six of the samples it was possible to show that the constituents stated to be present, which were capable of determination, were actually present in approximately the amounts indicated in the formula.

In the case of an eye lotion there were serious discrepancies. Among other ingredients I per cent. of boric acid, 2 per cent. of borax, o.8 per cent. of sodium salicylate and o.1 per cent. of zinc sulphate were stated to be present. The actual amounts of these found by analysis were, respectively, 1.7 per cent., 0.46 per cent., 0.02 per cent., and 0.03 per cent. The article was bought at a local pharmacy, the vendors merely supplying it in the sealed packages in which they received it.

ZINC OINTMENT.—Eighteen samples were taken. The basis was correct in every case but one sample contained 21.5 per cent. of zinc oxide, an excess of 43 per cent. The article was withdrawn from sale and the matter referred by the vendor to

the wholesale dealer.

Other substances mentioned include seidlitz powders and vinegar, both of which have received detailed notice in Mr. Bagnall's quarterly reports.

An Ancient Dubrovnik Pharmacy

A READER who was in Dubrovnik (Ragusa), Jugo-Slavia, at the time of our Annual Special Issue, which contained an article on the old Franciscan pharmacy in that city, sends us the accompanying illustration of another pharmacy of great age: the "Domus Christi." This was founded in 1420, as the shop



front advertises in four languages—"Osnov 1420," "Ochob 1420," "Fond [fondée] 1420" and "Gegrun [gegrundet] 1420." It will be noted that although the main sign is in Roman lettering, the sign on the window is in Syrillic characters, which are now compulsory in Jugo-Slavia. Dubrovnik was recently visited by his Majesty the King.

Production under Opium Conventions

TE have received a copy of a League of Nations report (O.C. 1662), dated July 30, communicated by the director of the Opium Traffic Section. The report sets out statistically the results of application of the international opium conventions for limitation of manufacture of certain ''dangerous'' drugs. The document, the principal passages of which appear in the following paragraphs, includes a graph of the world manufacture of morphine, diacetyl-morphine and cocaine for the period 1930-34.

The following table indicates the total quantities (in kilos) of these three drugs legitimately manufactured throughout

the world for the period 1930-34:-

	1930	1931	1932	1933	
Morphine	 38,634	30,457	27,580	29,997	26,778
Diacetylmorphine	 4,088	1,249	1,315	1,347	1,110
Cocaine	 5,838	4,612	3,968	4,010	3,472

In 1934 21.6 tons of morphine was used for conversion into other drugs. The total world consumption of morphine as such amounted, during the same year, to 6.8 tons. If the quantity of morphine used for the manufacture of certain preparations—about 0.5 ton—is added to this figure it will be seen that the total quantity of morphine used for conversion, consumption and the manufacture of certain preparations in 1934 was 28.9 tons, or about 2.2 tons more than the total quantity manufactured. For the first time since the League of Nations has had under observation the manufacture and use of morphine, the quantities effectively used during the year appreciably exceed the quantities effectively manufactured. It is clear that the quantity of morphine used during 1934 in excess of the quantities manufactured during that year came from the reserve stocks of the previous year. A comparison of world stocks of morphine at the beginning and end of 1934 confirms this conclusion. While on January I, 1934, there was 10.1 tons of morphine in stock, there was only 7.9 tons in stock on December 31. Presuming that about 29 tons of morphine represents the legitimate minimum world requirements of this drug, it may be concluded that to prevent reserve stocks from being exhausted, the total world manufacture of morphine in 1935 reverted to the 1933 level—about 30 tons. It may accordingly be anticipated that the 1935 figures for world manufacture of morphine will show an increase compared with the figures for 1934.

In regard to this general decrease in the quantities of morphine manufactured throughout the world, two opposing tendencies are clearly evident. First, there is a relatively large increase of manufacture in certain new manufacturing countries—countries which began to manufacture morphine in 1930 or subsequent to that year; secondly, there is a very appreciable decrease of manufacture in the old manufacturing countries. This development is indicated in the following

table: -

IN NEW MANUFACTURING COUNTRIES

		Country		N		nanufactured Tilos)
					1933	1934
Belgium			 		419	973
Hungary			 		192	365
Poland			 		174	456
Sweden			 		72	141
Czecho-Slov	akia		 		367	460

IN OLD MANUFACTURING COUNTRIES

		Country			manufactured (Kilos)	
					1933	1934
Germany					6,285	4,983
France				 	4,482	3,022
Switzerland				 	1,595	8c 5
United States	6		• • •	 	7,015	5, 983

The relative importance of the manufacture of narcotic drugs in the various countries individually in relation to world manufacture in 1934 was as follows:-

For morphine, the United States takes first place. The United States produced nearly 6 tons of morphine, or 221 per cent. of the total world manufacture. Germany comes next with 18.6 per cent. (about 5 tons), Japan comes third with 12.4 per cent. (3.3 tons), and France comes fourth with 11.3 per cent. (about 3 tens).

Japan takes first place among manufacturing countries in respect of diacetylmorphine, being responsible for 49.3 per cent. of the total world manufacture (547 kilos). The United Kingdom comes second with 9.2 per cent. (102 kilos), and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics comes third with 8.6 per cent. (96 kilos).

Japan heads the list of manufacturing countries in respect of cocaine, being responsible for 26.2 per cent. of the total world manufacture (910 kilos). The United States comes second with 24.7 per cent. (856 kilos), and the United Kingdom comes third with 11.1 per cent. (385 kilos).

Germany heads the list of manufacturing countries in respect of codeine and dionin, manufacturing, in 1934, 22.6 per cent. of the total world manufacture of codeine (3,890 kilos) and 35.9 per cent. of dionin (614 kilos). The United States of America comes second with 21.6 per cent. (3,731 kilos) and 13.8 per cent. (236 kilos), respectively. France takes third place in respect of the manufacture of codeine with 18.1 per cent. (3,124 kilos), and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics comes third in respect of dionin with 12.3 per cent. (211 kilos).

The world consumption of the three drugs appears to follow the general movement noticed in respect of manufacture and exports. The quantities (in kilos) consumed during the period 1932-34 were as follows:—

		1932	1933	1934
	 	7,255	7,410	6,810
Diacetylmorphine	 	1,257	1,135	1,019
Cocaine	 	3,542	3,409	3,200

World consumption, accordingly, appeared to have reached its lowest level up to date in 1934. It may be generally stated that the quantities legitimately manufactured by licensed firms came increasingly near, in respect of diacetylmorphine and cocaine, to the quantities necessary for legitimate consumption, and that in 1934 the quantities of morphine remaining as such (5,777 kilos) are even lower than are necessary for legitimate consumption.

New Books

Lupton, A. W.—Aids to Forensic Pharmacy. First edition_ 4 in. × 6½ in. Pp. 226. Baillière Tindall & Cox, 7 and 8-Henrietta Street, London, W.C.2. [This volume constitutes one of a series intended for pharmacy students. Yet it isintended that certain chapters may also be of value to students and members of the medical profession. There are 74 pages allotted to the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933, but it is doubtful whether the reader is better informed after reading the section than he would be after reading the Act and Rules. The book includes a useful series of chapters on laws relating to the conduct of the pharmacy, but these for the most part are dealt with in the C. $\Leftrightarrow D$. Diary.]

Dutton, W. F., and Lake, G. B.—Parenteral Therapy. First: edition 7 in. \times 10½ in. Pp. \times + 386. 348. Baillière, Tindall & Cox, 7 and 8 Henrietta Street, London, W.C.2. [This work is described by its American authors as a "ready-referencemanual of extra-oral medication for physicians, dentists, pharmacists, chemists, biologists, nurses, medical students and veterinarians." Since parenteral medication is now of considerable importance in the treatment of disease it is especially incumbent upon the professional pharmacist to make himself familiar with the wide variety of indications for its adoption. So far as we are aware no other work covers the field sothoroughly. The physiological effect of any drug is determined by factors which are carefully outlined. A therapeutic index, giving disease and drugs used, constitutes the second section, and pharmacological notes giving drugs, their action uses, parenteral doses, American manufacturers and packings comprise a third. An appendix of new drugs introduced since the other section was printed and a list of manufacturers and distributors complete, with the index, what must be considered a unique contribution to relatively new medical procedure.. The work is profusely and admirably illustrated.]

Evolution and Disease

THE August issue of the "Proceedings of the Royal Society of Medicine" includes a monograph by Mr. J. P. Lockhart-Mummery, F.R.C.S., entitled "Evolution and Disease." Mr. Lockhart-Mummery urges the importance of gaining further knowledge of pathogenic organisms, his theme being that, contrary to a widely held belief, such organisms represent a high state of development and constitute a serious potential threat to mankind. We

quote a few salient passages:-

If we are going to set up as our standard of the most perfect result of the evolution of organisms, that organism which has attained the most complete control over its environment, then Homo sapiens must come out on top by a wide margin. But are we justified in assuming any such standard of perfection just because we happen to have attained it ourselves? . . . Might it not be equally true that the most perfect result of the evolution of organisms is the production of that organism with the simplest possible structure, with the ability to obtain food and other necessaries with the minimum of effort, with the simplest possible method of reproducing itself and with the ability to evolve, or if you prefer, to readjust itself to its environment with the greatest rapidity? If we assume this as our standard of perfection then we find that it has been achieved by the viruses and bacteria, and that they easily head the list. . . .

Host before Organism

It is surely obvious that no parasite, no organism that lives upon another, can possibly have been evolved before its host has come into existence. The organism which acts as host must be evolved first before the parasite can have reached a stage in evolution which enables it to become parasitic upon that host. . . . It must follow on purely logical grounds that man's parasites must have been evolved long after man himself. . . A virus cannot have existed before its environment existed. It must be the other way about, and man must have existed for a very long period before the virus of smallpox had evolved to the stage when it could attack him. There are numerous other examples. . . Although great numbers of the bones of the ancient Babylonian and Egyptian civilisations have been preserved for our observation, no one has so lar discovered any evidence of syphilis in the bones or skulls of the remains of these civilisations. It seems almost certain that syphilis did not exist in Europe or the Near East until after the discovery of America by Columbus.

All the evidence seems to point to parasites having been evolved from organisms which originally had an independent existence and consequently a much more elaborate structure. It seems reasonable to argue that those parasites, which at some stage of their life cycle have a free-living embryo and elaborate structure, must have taken to parasitism comparatively recently, while parasites which have evolved an entirely parasitic existence must be of much more ancient origin, and are the more perfected types. The bacteria and viruses which cause disease in man have attained the most complete form of parasitic existence of all, since they have cast off all traces of elaborate structure or of independent existence, even for the purpose of reproduction. It seems only logical to consider that they too have been evolved from more elaborate and complicated organisms, that in fact they are not the lowly forms of life we are accustomed to assume them to be, but the

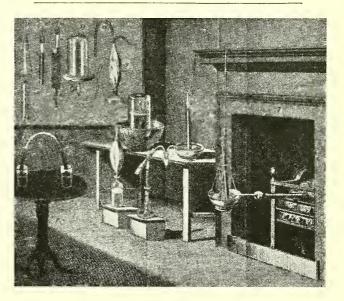
most perfect examples of parasitic evolution.

We know that evolution of species results from mutations or changes which occur in living organisms and which are preserved and encouraged by natural selection. That is, if a mutation occurs which has a possible chance of survival owing to the occurrence of a suitable environment, it will have a chance of surviving and forming a new variety, or possibly a new species. The chances against any individual mutation surviving are very considerable, the vast majority of mutations for one reason or another die out, and it follows that the more rapidly any particular organism reproduces itself the greater will be the chance of mutations for new forms occurring and of any mutation surviving and being perpetuated in a given time. . . . Man, whose rate of reproduction is very slow, about three to four generations in a century, evolves very gradually. In the last 100,000 years there have no doubt been changes in man's structure but they have not been very

great, and, if we compare the teeth and bones that have been unearthed of human, beings who lived 100,000 years ago with those of modern man, the differences are less than exist between different individuals at the present day. With bacteria and viruses there is quite a different state of affairs. Many bacteria reproduce themselves at an almost incredible speed; certainly millions of generations in a day, and, although we cannot prove it so easily, it is fairly certain that the viruses have a similar ability of rapid reproduction. . . . We can have no hope of evolving an immunity by natural processes to bacterial and virus diseases, since even were it possible for man to evolve immunity to virus disease these parasites could evolve a new variety much more rapidly than any immunity man can evolve to resist their invasion.

The Outlook

It would seem probable—one might almost venture to say certain—that in the future new types of disease due to bacteria and viruses will be evolved, even more deadly than those which we now know of. In the race between man and his parasites, especially the virus diseases, it would seem that the former has little chance owing to the much greater power of evolvement of new types possessed by the viruses and that man is threatened, if he has to rely upon natural processes alone, by eventual extermination. A similar fate, probably due to much the same cause, overtook the great reptiles which for some 200 million years lived and flourished on this earth. We can never know exactly how they were exterminated, but it seems most probable that the evolution in time of some parasite able to live upon them and kill them was the cause of their downfall. The same fate would seem in store for man, unless he can, by the use of his brains, find means of preventing the bacteria and viruses from obtaining an entrance to his body, or of so raising his own immunity by artificial means that he can survive their attack. By such means he has already successfully conquered smallpox, diphtheria, and plague, and it is probable that his means of defence will increase more rapidly as time goes on, but the fight will be a never-ending one, and any breakdown of civilisation such as results from great wars will at once give the virus diseases their chance, with disastrous consequences. In fact, after the great war of 1914-18 we saw this when a new form of virus, the socalled pneumonic influenza, attacked human beings and killed in a few weeks more people than the shells and bullets had done during five years of war. By knowledge alone, and its proper application, can man hope to survive in his present numbers through the next few thousand years.



Examples of Joseph Priestley's Afparatus (C. & D., June 27, p 751).

Insecticides of Derris Type

N an article entitled "Plant Diseases and Pests," published in "Inlichtingen en Onderzoekingen van de Afdeeling Handelsmuseum" in 1935, attention is called to many interesting facts about derris, particularly in regard to the Dutch Indies variety. It is pointed out that Derris elliptica, Benth, is distinguished by a comparatively low content of poisonous components in which there is much rotenone,

Due to ravages of alder beetle

while *Derris malaccensis*, Prain, has a high content of poisonous components but contains little rotenone. It appears that the selection and culture of derris in the Dutch East Indies has been thoroughly investigated, and there are now available plants with a composition of 10 per cent. rotenone and 25 per cent. ether-extract. Tests regarding the permanency of the poison in derris powder and rotenone show that solution of

rotenone is not of unlimited permanence, an important point to bear in mind when spraying with rotenone. Derris powder mixed with water was found to have its effectiveness unimpaired after ten days, while a derris dust mixture remains active for a longer period, according to weather conditions. Other experiments have shown that derris powder and rotenone are sensitive to light and moisture, and it was further found that a derris dust which has been mixed with lamp black maintains its effectiveness when exposed to sunlight longer than a mixture in which no lamp black has been incorporated.

ESTIMATION OF DERRIS

The occurrence of rotenone in derris root may be detected with the naked eye, and it is found that the soft parenchymatous tissue contains rotenone, but the hard fibre elements do not. Experiments on insects show that with derris powder, the fine substance from the soft elements is most effective, while the poisonous effect of the rougher hard parts is very small. Derris root may be assessed either on rotenone content or on ether-extract. Opinions in the trade regarding valuation are varied. On the London market, the value is based principally on the content of ether-extract, while the American point of view makes rotenone content the starting point. With a view

to solving which is the better method, experiments on various insects have been conducted with derris root samples in which rotenone content and ether-extract content were known. Results are summarised below:—

1. For these biological tests the samples were grouped in two

ways: (a) samples having equivalent ether-extract, (b) samples having equivalent rotenone content.

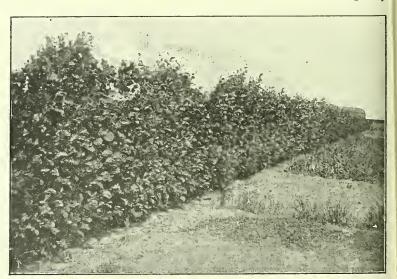
- In (a) the samples do not appear to agree in their biological action, in the second case the agreement seems to be well established.
- 3. For the valuation of derris root it is not sufficient to know the ether-extract in order to obtain a true conception of the biological value.
 - 4. Such a conception is obtained by starting with the rotenone content, which is arrived at by the extract-crystallisation method.
 - The rotenone content should therefore be taken into consideration first when appraising derris root.
 - 6. In derris root with a sufficient rotenone content (4 per cent. and more) the quantity of ether-extract is of no great importance for the biological effectiveness. Only in root with low rotenone content (less than 2 per cent.) and at the same time high ether-extract would the latter factor have any influence on the biological action.

It has also been found that in the valuation of derris dust mixtures the rotenone content is the important factor. Further attention must be paid to the degree of dilution, i.e., the number of derris powder particles which are present in the solution per volume unit. Too great a dilution, e.g., derris root with 10 per cent. rotenone content down to a mixture of ½ per cent. rotenone, in which one-twentieth part of derris occurs, reduces considerably during the spraying process the possibility of the insects coming in contact with the

poison. It appears from tests that a mixture of this kind was less effective than one made from root containing 4 per cent. rotenone (to $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. rotenone), so that one-eighth part of derris was present.

AGRICULTURAL AND VETERINARY USES

Details are given of a large number of experiments in the field, and these have shown that some insects are not greatly



Alder bedge six weeks after spraying with derris dust mixture.

susceptible to derris either in the form of dust or solution. Although the destruction of the caraway moth, the raspberry beetle and the alder beetle by means of derris has become a general practice, many other insects can be destroyed with the help of derris. These comprise most caterpillars of butterflies

and moths, the larvæ of sawflies, ants, leaf beetles and their larvæ, flower bugs, leaf aphides, thrips, cock-

roaches, water fleas.

Regarding the manner of application, it can be said that in very many cases sprinkling with a derris dust mixture with half to one per cent. rotenone is the best, for instance against caterpillars' larvæ, leaf beetles, bugs, cockroaches, ants. Against leaf aphides, thrips, and alburnum mites it is preferable to spray with a mixture of derris powder and water in which about 1:5000 rotenone is present. For the destruction of cattle flies and vermin on domestic animals, derris is being increasingly used, and against the latter, a powder containing one part high-grade derris to ten parts of talcum powder is suggested, and it is also stated that derris powder containing two to seven per cent. rotenone is a good remedy for fowl lice.

Barbasco

The report states that several samples of barbasco root from Peru have been examined for the following results:—

The quality of the first two samples is regarded as good or very good; that of the third sample, which consisted entirely of pieces of root bark, as very unfavourable. On the whole, the quality of the barbasco root requisitioned from America seems to have been regarded favourably. With many parcels, however, there is the objection that the difference in the landed weight and that at the time of shipment from South America is about 30 to 40 per cent., a fact which points to a very faulty drying of the product. The evaporation in parcels

of derris root during the voyage from India to Europe or America is rarely more than a few per cent. Biological tests made with barbasco root have not led to definite conclusions, but it is considered that with equal rotenone content preference must be given to derris root over barbasco, a distinction that should be due to the great effectiveness of the secondary substances of derris which, next to rotenone, occur in the etherextract. Latterly culture tests were made in Malaya with Lonchocarpus varieties from British Guiana, viz.: with "white haiari" and "black haiari." In the Government Test Garden at Serdang both flourish, especially the white variety. Two years after harvesting the plants, roots still show a very low content of ether-extract and rotenone (calculated upon the dry substance 7.7 per cent. and 0.8 per cent., respectively, for the white, and 7.9 per cent. and 3.0 per cent. for the black variety, i.e., notably less than good derris root).

Tephrosia

Among the many varieties of the *Tephrosia* group there are some of which the leaf and/or root are used locally as fish poison. In that connexion are known the *Tephrosia vogelii*, Hook, indigenous to tropical Africa, *T. candida*, D.C., from continental Asia, *T. toxicaria*, Pers., at home in South America, *T. virginiana*, Pers., (*Cracca virginiana*, Linn.), from the Southern States of North America. Originally the roots of derris and *Lonchocarpus* varieties were only known for their toxic properties on fish, and only lately the lethal effect on insects became known. It was considered that in view of the poisonous effect on fish a study of the leaf and root of Tephrosia might reveal properties as insecticides, analogous to those of derris and lonchocarpus roots. Chemical examination, however, indicated the absence of the very important component rotenone, while the ether-extract was limited to not more than 5 per cent. After the chemical examination, the biological action of the root material was studied, including that from Surinam. A good quality derris root was examined by way of comparison. The chemical examination gave the following results:—

Variety	Origin	Liquid	Ether-extrac
Tephrosia candida, DC.	Java	8.7%	1.9%
T. noctiflora, Bojer T. vistita, Vog	,,	7.6%	3.5%
T milloca Down	*** ,,	7.6%	1.7%
T toxicavia Done	Surinam	7.5%	3.8%
Derris elliptica, Benth.	DIndies	7.0%	3.8%
Trow, Bentili,	DIndies	7-8%	17%



TWO BUNDLES OF REAPED CARAWAY

Left: Plants full of fruit, from the field sprinkled with derris dust mixture. Right:

Plants without fruit taken from an untreated field which had been attacked by the caterpillar of the caraway moth.

In none of the Tephrosia samples was the ether-extract shown to be of even moderate significance. For the biological tests the finely ground root material was used in two ways, viz., as a sprinkling preparation and as a spray fluid. None of the five examined Tephrosia roots had, even in undiluted condition, any harmful effect on those insects against which it was tested; against this a similar treatment with derris powder, 1:4 diluted with kieselguhr, which contained 3.4 per cent. ether-extract, was always fatal. The root powder from T. toxicaria appears to have somewhat more effect on the leaf aphides, though still a very much weaker one than spraying with derris powder. It is concluded that the biological action of the examined Tephrosia roots is of little significance.

(We are indebted to the Museum for the loan of illustrations)

Fish Poisoning by Derris

The Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries has circulated the following notice to the Press:—"The Ministry desires to draw the attention of farmers, fruit growers and others to the poisoning of fish which may be caused by the presence in rivers or streams of solutions or powders containing derris root or rotenone or any preparation made from derris root. Derris preparations are now used extensively in agriculture and horticulture. Under the Warble Fly (Dressing of Cattle) Order of 1936 derris dressings are prescribed for the treatment of cattle infested with warble fly; and derris preparations are also in use as insecticides for the control of certain insect pests of fruit and vegetable crops.

"When using derris preparations care should be taken to prevent any of the solution or powder entering rivers or streams containing fish. The practice of the washing, or the indiscriminate dumping, of containers of derris preparations in rivers or streams is to be strongly condemned. The Ministry accordingly appeals to all users of derris insecticides to take every possible precaution to prevent the poisoning of fresh

water fish from this cause."

Portuguese Pharmaceutical Centenary.—A meeting was recently held to celebrate the centenary of the Sociedade Farmacêutica Lusitana.

Ljust 29,

Trade Notes

The showcard illustrated on this page has just been issued by Burroughs Wellcome & Co., Snow Hill Buildings, E.C.1,



as a means of promoting sales of tabloid saxin. This showcard is printed in colour, and is a convincing indication of the relative concentration of saxin as a sweetening agent compared with sugar.

TANNA-FLAVINE JELLY.-The British Drug Houses, Ltd., Graham Street, City Road, London, N.1, are now issuing a tannin and flavine jelly which is intended for use in the treatment of burns. Tanna-flavine jelly is described as being suitable to form part of the equipment of first-aid outfits in industrial concerns, in schools and other institutions. This product is issued in collapsible metal tubes, an advance specimen of which was illustrated in our

Annual Special Issue. Full particulars of the method of treatment are available in a special booklet which may be obtained on application.

Raspberry vinegar.—New season's Raspberry vinegar is now available from J. C. Arnfield & Sons, Ltd., Gadsby Works, Princes Street, Stockport. Inquiries are invited for wholesale

Warning Notice.—Brooks Appliance Co., Ltd., 80 Chancery Lane, London, W.C.2, publish in this issue a warning notice in regard to the use of the name Brooks, in connexion with the rupture appliance.

Injunction.—Elsewhere in this issue, Scott & Turner, Ltd., Andrews House, Newcastle-on-Tyne, 2, publish a warning with regard to failure to observe the maintenance of the retail selling price of Andrews Liver Salt.

NOVEL SHAVING FIXTURE.—Scott & Bowne, Ltd., 10 Stonecutter Street, E.C.4, are offering to the trade a showcard which

carries a holder for razor, shaving stick, brush and blades. Full details as to how supplies may be obtained are given on the front cover of this issue. This fixture is bound to have an especial appeal to men who experience the early morning rush to business.

"WOMAN AND BEAUTY." — The Amalgamated Press, Ltd., Fleetway House, Farringdon Street, London, E.C.₄, draw attention to the value of one of their publications en-titled "Woman and Beauty," as a means of reaching the beauty market. A special gift number will be published in November, press day being

WILLIAMS SHAVING FIXTURE MEGE 000 at Sast! A SAFE PLACE FOR OLDBLADES NO SCREWS-NO NAILS-EASILY FIXED

September 18. Further details are given in our advertisement pages or may be had on application.

Perfumery for Christmas.—Morny, Ltd., 6 New Burlington Street, London, W.I, are advertising Christmas season's preparations, other details of which are given in this issue. Visitors are cordially invited.

Bonus offer.—The Leyland & Birmingham Rubber Co., Ltd., Leyland, announce that Monday, August 31, is the closing day for their special bonus offer of Pharmal hot-water bottles. Full details are given in our advertising pages.

"Beauty a duty."—Messrs. H. F. Bristow, Ltd., Colindale, N.W.9, announce in this issue the time and place of a display of Christmas goods. Messrs. Bristow, Ltd., are one of the oldest firms in the country, having been established during seven reigns, from 1777 to date.

Bonus offer.—Steladent, Ltd., 10/15 Chitty Street, London, W.1, are offering 10 per cent. and 5 per cent. discounts on Steradent, which is a preparation for cleaning and sterilising false teeth and dental plates. Full details are given elsewhere in this issue.

REAL HORN COMBS.—Flexolite Distributors, Ltd., Flexolite House, 4 Well Street, London, E.C.1, are offering real horn combs, manufactured in Aberdeen. A cabinet containing one dozen each of 8 lines of high quality horn combs is offered to the trade on terms detailed elsewhere in this issue.

Christmas exhibitions.—S. Maw, Son & Sons, Ltd., 7-12 Aldersgate Street, London, E.C.1, are organising no less than forty-two special displays of Christmas merchandise throughout Great Britain and Northern Ireland in addition to the permanent London exhibition. This is claimed as a sundries trade record.

VETERINARY PRACTICE.—J. Morrell & Co., Ltd., 57 Victoria Street, Liverpool, 1, are drawing the attention of chemists to "Red Heart" dog food which is hygienically packed in 1-lb. tins, and which it is claimed is a scientific food. Supplies are obtainable from usual wholesalers, or in case of difficulty, from the manufacturers.

Trade-Mark Applications

The figures in parentheses refer to the classes in which the marks are grouped. A list of classes and particulars as to registration are given in "The Chemist and Druggist Diary and Year-Book," 1936, p. 322.

(From "The Trade Marks Journal," August 12, 1936.)

"Eraxon" and "Cofinan"; for medicinal chemicals (3). By Noury's Pharmaceutical Laboratories, Ltd., St. Martin's le Grand, London, E.C.I. 569,747/749. "NISARHIN"; for medicinal chemicals (3). By F. Riddell, Ltd., Axtell House, Warwick Street, London, W.I. 569,701.

"Fantesque"; for perfumery, etc. (48). By Parfumerie Roger & Gallet, S.A., 62 Faubourg St. Honoré, Paris. 567,465.

"NICOTA"; for toilet preparations for teeth, etc. (48). By The County Chemical Co., Ltd., North Circular Road, Park Royal, London, N.W.10. 567,558.

"RODOMEL"; for tollet preparations (48). By Rodomel Beauty Preparations, Ltd., Beauchamp Place, London, S.W.3. B567,603. Silhouette and name "Snowfire"; for perfumery, etc. (48). By F. W. Hampshire & Co., Ltd., Sinfin Lane, Derby. 567,922. (Associated.)

Circle with flower and "Ashes of Roses" and "Ashes of Violets", for all goods (48). By Bourjois, Ltd., Queen's Way, Croydon, Surrey. 567,993/569,072. (Associated.)

Information Department

INFORMATION WANTED

8/20. Astirub 8/24. Bakelite Ribbonette auto-matic toilet cream con-tainers (6d. line) C/26. Blake's herb tablets (Lon-don source) C/26. Blunt's Palm and Olive Saan

Soap

B/26. Deathblow insect powder
8/25. Diabetic gin and whisky

B/20. Fortisan pessaries
A/24. Invador dental plate brush
H/20. K.W.V. grape juice
B/26. Lumley's (or Lundy's) malt
and oil
B/26. Merriman's apple tonic
S/20. Morton's lavender perfume
toilet ammonia
E/18. Parropine dyes
B/20. Selmo slippery elm biscuits

Deaths

Burns.—In Dublin, recently, Mr. John Wesley Burns, P.S.I. After qualifying in 1903 Mr. Burns emigrated to anada, where he tried many occupations. From Canada he ent into the United States, and there returned to his own rofession. In 1916 he went back to Ireland and threw himalf actively into politics. For a time he filled the post of ispenser to the South Dublin Union, but during a strike there is sympathies lost him the work. For a brief period he went to retail business on his own account at Cole's Lane, Dublin, fter which he became manager of a pharmacy in Cork. With he coming into office of the present Irish Free State Government he was reinstated as dispenser to the Dublin Union, a ost which he held up to the time of his death.

DICK.—At Bellshill, Lanarkshire, on August 21, Mr. lexander Anderson Dick, J.P., chemist and druggist, 227



Mr. A. A. Dick, J.P.

Main Street, aged sixty-eight. Mr. Dick served his apprenticeship to Mr. James Stewart, Ph.C., Lasswade, Midlothian. After experience in Glasgow and with Symington & Fraser, Edinburgh, he studied under the late Mr. William Duncan, Ph.C., and qualified in 1892. In the same year he went to Bellshill as manager, and within eighteen months he commenced business on his own account in that town. Mr. Dick first became prominent in pharmaceutical affairs when the National Health Insurance Act of 1911 was being put into operation. He became a member of the Lanarkshire Insurance Committee almost from its inception, and during the past few years had been its chairman: he was also a past-presi-

lent of the Scottish Association of Insurance Committees and past-chairman of the Scottish Pharmaceutical Standing Comnittee. For six years he was a member of the Lanarkshire County Council. Mr. Dick's association with the work of the Pharmaceutical Society began on the North British Executive, in which he served for several years. His election to the Council of the Society on his first attempt in 1934 was an outstanding event which brought him many congratulations; and his subsequent speeches confirmed the impression that in him the Council had gained a notable addition. For eight years Mr. Dick was president of the Scottish Pharmaceutical Federation, a post for which his varied experience of public work had well equipped him. In 1919 he was appointed a county magistrate; and for a long period he was an elder of St. Andrew's Church of Scotland and president of the Bellshill Brotherhood. Mr. Dick is survived by a son and three daughters; one of the daughters, Miss Annie Dick, is a pharmacist and was associated with him in business. The interment took place at Bellshill on August 24. The Rev. Kenneth Macleod, B.A., of St. Andrew's Church, conducted the service. Among the large congregation were: -Mr. Thomas Guthrie (member of the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society), Mr. W. S. Culbert (vice-chairman of the North British Executive), Mr. J. Rutherford Hill, Mr. A. B. Gilmour (chairman) and Mr. J. H. Ramsay (vice-chairman) of the Glasgow and S.-W. Scottish Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society, Mr. P. M. Duff (president of the Scottish Pharmaceutical Federation), Mr. A. B. McLaren (Munro, McLaren & Sutherland), Mr. J. B. Surgenor (T. & H. Smith, Ltd.), Mr. John Paton, Mr. A. W. Thomas and Mr. H. W. Thomas.

Duffus.—On August 20, suddenly, Mr. Alexander Scott Duffus, a director of Gill & Duffus, Ltd., produce merchants, 23 St. Dunstan's Hill, London, E.C.3.

PROTHERO.—At Porthcawl, on August 16, suddenly, Mr. George Rees Prothero, Ph.C. Mr. Prothero, who passed the Major examination in 1884, was in business at Walter Road, Swansea, and, for the past forty-eight years, at Treorchy, Glamorgan.

Ryan.—At his residence, 12 Lower Camden Street, Dublin, on August 20, Mr. Michael Ryan, P.C., L.A.H.Dubl.,

M.P.S.I. Dr. Ryan, who was a native of Raheen, co. Limerick, qualified as a Licentiate of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland in 1911, after which he took up an appointment as manager of a pharmacy in Cork. He went to Dublin two years later and opened a pharmacy of his own at 12 Lower Camden Street, where he remained for twenty-three years. He became a registered medical practitioner in 1924. For the past few years Dr. Ryan had filled the office of Governor of the Apothecaries Hall. On the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland Dr. Ryan took an active part for several years; he held office as treasurer from 1926 to 1930, and was vice-president in 1930-31. Dr. Ryan leaves a widow and four



DR. M. RYAN, P.C.

children. Following requiem mass at University Church, Stephen's Green, Dublin, the funeral took place at Galbally, co. Tipperary. Among those attending were:—Mr. P. J. Hayes, L.P.S.I., and Miss Hayes; Mr. J. Gubbins, M.P.S.I.; Mr. F. J. Fitzpatrick, M.P.S.I., and Miss Fitzpatrick; Mr. P. Brady, M.P.S.I.; Mr. D. J. Nugent, M.P.S.I.; Mr. M. O'Callaghan, M.P.S.I.; Mr. P. J. Killacky, M.P.S.I.; Mr. Brendan Smith, M.P.S.I.; Mr. P. J. Darcy, L.P.S.I.; Mr. A. D. Davidson (May Roberts (Ireland), Ltd.); Mr. D. O'Sullivan, M.P.S.I.; Mr. J. W. O'Gorman, L.P.S.I.

Toy.—On August 25, Mr. Hubert George Toy, chemist and druggist, in business at 2 Duffield Road, Derby, since 1902, aged sixty-four. Mr. Toy succeeded the late Mr. C. D. Hart, for whom he formerly acted as manager. He was secretary of the Derby Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society, and had been chairman of the Derby and Derbyshire Insurance Committees and the North-East Midland Pricing Bureau. He had been in indifferent health for some months. Mr. Toy is survived by a widow and three sons.

Personalities

MISS C. ISHERWOOD has been appointed to the management of the London showroom of S. Maw, Son & Sons, Ltd., 7-12 Aldersgate Street, London, E.C.1.

The representation of Burgoyne, Burbidges & Co., Ltd., East Ham, London, E.6, in Yorkshire, Durham and Northumberland is now in the hands of Mr. R. B. Riley, 2 Knott Lane, Rawdon, Leeds.

We are informed that Mr. R. Pierce, the winner of this year's Fairchild scholarship, served his apprenticeship at the Hurstpierpoint branch of Savory & Moore, Ltd., and not at the branch with which he was afterwards associated (C. & D., August 22, p. 223).

The text of the thoughtful and stimulating address delivered by Mr. T. Edward Lescher, O.B.E., chairman of the British Pharmaceutical Conference, to the Liverpool Chartered Accountants Students' Association (C. & D., March 7, p. 269) has been printed in "The Accountant" of August 22.

Coming Events

Wednesday, September 2

Harrow Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society. Visit to the Glaxo Laboratories, Greenford. Meet at Harrow Station, Metropolitan Railway (College Road entrance), at 2.30 p.m.

International Chocolate and Confectionery Exhibition, Olympia, London, S.W.14. Open until September 10.

SPORTS MEETING.—S.W. London Chemists' Association and Branch, Maw's Sports Ground, New Barnet, September 9. Entry forms from sports secretary, 38 Parsons Green, S.W.6.

tast 29.



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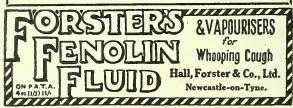
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THE

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST

VOL. CXXV.

August 29, 1936

NO. 2951

Whither Pharmacy?

The subject "Whither Pharmacy?" is one which is of perennial interest to chemists who have, perforce, to give addresses at meetings of local associations or branches of the Pharmaceutical Society. It has, however, been left to the official organ of the Society to publish what must be regarded as a doleful prognostication of the future of pharmacy. In a recent issue, comment was made in regard to the growth of chain stores. Manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers have invited us to comment upon this astonishing forecast of the probable trend of pharmacy. This comment has, of course, been taken to represent the view of the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society, and in effect it is that in the distant future (which is placed at fifty years hence) there may be no master pharmacists at all, but only employee pharmacists, who are occupied in conducting branch businesses of multiple chain stores. All branches of the trade will no doubt be interested in the exclusive article which we are enabled to publish elsewhere in this issue as the result of an interview with the secretary of the Gracemont Trust, Ltd., whose operations apparently provoked the comment which seems to have caused considerable perturbation. It is a commonplace to state that the opening of chain stores in this country is not a novelty, yet it is to be added that an examination of the Stock Exchange prices, printed monthly in The CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, would suggest that chain stores are not such a formidable menace to pharmacy as they are held out to be. With one or two exceptions, chain stores to-day, so far as public companies are concerned, offer no better remuneration for the investor than any other industrial venture. A famous industrialist in this country, in a recent address, pointed out that pharmacy is the exception in successful chain store development. While it can hardly be said that this has been proved in every detail, yet as has often been pointed out in the columns of this paper, the chemist who owns his own business and can provide individual service can more or less defy chain store competition. An unfortunate point, so far as the drug trade is concerned, is that individual members of the Society have had little guidance, from the official source, which should be guide, philosopher and friend to those who have paid for the upkeep of the Society and by law must continue to pay.

If pharmacy as a whole is drifting towards the melting pot of "chain storedom" (and we should be the last to make such a suggestion) some indication is surely due from the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society, which is elected, for the most part, by retailers to look after their interests. It is of interest to note that the post of managing director of the company which is to be established to control 250 chemists' shops is to be held by a member of the Council. Retail chemists have so long been governed by those whose interests are not entirely in the retail trade, that they may swing to the idea that a Council composed entirely of retail chemists is to the advantage

of the trade. Pharmacy as it now is is so much a mixture of the many branches and varieties of the retail sale of drugs and other products that it is difficult to envisage a Council whose interests are confined, as it were, to the four walls of a shop. It is further difficult to see how the trade as a whole (and in making this statement we include manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers) can view with equanimity the approach of high finance in the drug trade. There is, however, one encouraging point of view which must not be overlooked; if the drug trade is good enough to provide a field of investment for financiers, it should therefore be good enough for the individual chemist. The National Pharmaceutical Union recently issued a leaflet suggesting that chemists should hitch their wagon to a star. Just about the same time the official view of the Council of the Society was that pharmacy may be hitched to a store. It is time that chemists should receive some official guidance in these difficulties from their parent association, and if they cannot receive this guidance they should, in justice to themselves, use the vote to which they are entitled at the next election in favour of candidates who can, and will, protect the interest of retailers. It is hardly necessary to re-assert the view that the training which chemists have to undergo to-day entitles them to some recompense. It is indeed poor comfort to consider that as a result of the control of pharmacy, since the inauguration of the Society nearly a hundred years ago, all the newcomer can look forward to is a position as an employee or manager of a multiple chain store branch, and not as controller of his own business. Pharmacy owes much to the pioneers who inaugurated new methods of presenting medicine and invented formulas for members of the medical profession, who otherwise would have been at a loss to know how medicine should be presented. Our view is that the present-day pharmacist is in as good a position as any of his forbears to follow a successful and remunerative career, in view of the fact that his education is considerably ahead of that which is representative of other retailers. This is a statement of fact, and is put forward, not because chemists should imagine themselves to be superior to other retailers, but because they are, of necessity, better qualified for the battle of life.

The Board of Trade

FOUNDED by an Order in Council dated August 23, 1786, when its purpose was for "the consideration of all matters relating to trade and foreign plantations," the Board of Trade this week celebrated its one hundred and fiftieth anniversary. It may also be mentioned that the department's weekly publication, the "Board of Trade Journal," reaches its fiftieth birthday this year. Prior to 1786 the history of the Government's activities and interest in trade consisted of a series of committees, which Sir Hubert Llewellyn Smith, in his book "The Board of Trade," refers to as "not so much an even flow of business as a series of short bursts of feverish activity followed by longer periods of comparative lethargy." Burke is recorded as having described the department as "a sort of gently ripening hothouse where eight members of Parliament receive salaries of a thousand pounds a year for a certain time, in order to mature at a proper season a claim for two thousand." The chief difference between the Board of Trade of 1786 and its predecessors in the form of Committees was in its strength and equipment of its staff, which was composed of seven clerks and a Vice-President.

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It was some 30 years later before the office of President carried with it a salary. The Earl of Liverpool, who at the time was Charles Jenkinson, was the first President of the Board of Trade, and he held office for eighteen years—the longest period on record. The Archbishop of Canterbury and the Bishop of London were founder members of the Board, and it is recorded that at the first meeting the Primate raised the question of despatching Bishops to the North American colonies and to Nova Scotia.

The duties of the Board were interrupted by the Napoleonic Wars and the French Revolution. these years the department was concerned almost entirely with questions of essential supplies and blockade. The meetings of the Board consisted of the President, sometimes accompanied by the Vice-President, and this system continued right up to 1853. Mr. Gerald Balfour, in replying to a question in Parliament on this point, said: "The Board of Trade meets whenever I attend and one is a quorum." Turning to more recent times, the department carried out an ever-increasing volume of duties and its importance and responsibilities increased accordingly during the years of the Great War. To facilitate the work various sections of the department were established as temporary ministries. Coming to the post-war years, the trade will recall that the department imposed the import and export restrictions, controlling certain classes of imports and exports by a system of licensing. It will be remembered that it was a member of the chemical trade, Mr. John Brown, of Brown & Forth, Ltd., who challenged the legality of these trade restrictions and his contention succeeded in the House of Lords. Then followed the first development of tariffs and control of imports when the department obtained power to licence imports of dyes, under the Dyestuffs (Import Regulation) Act, 1920, and later, the Safeguarding of Key Industries was introduced. Both these pieces of legislation were based on the need for building up the dye and fine chemical industries as essential to the nation in time of peril. Some years later, in 1932, the general import tariff was introduced under the authority of the Import Duties Act. Due to ever-changing conditions, the department has, from time to time during the past 18 years, found it necessary to institute other temporary measures in one form or another for the protection and welfare of British industry. In pre-war days the Board was concerned almost entirely with such subjects as international trade agreements, to-day it is prominently and directly concerned in taking steps to ensure the progress of our industries. The department's power and prestige was never greater than it is to-day.

Sicilian Essential Oils

In our issue of July 25 (p. 110) we commented upon the trade deadlock between Italy and this country, and up to the moment the unhappy position is unchanged. An important piece of information has, however, reached us this morning to the effect that the Palermo and Messina producers of essential oils have petitioned their Government to have their products included in the list of "privileged goods" which the authorities propose to permit to be exported without payment being made for same in advance or an irrevocable credit opened with an Italian bank. If this petition is successful it would mean that British importers of these products would make payment for the goods by remitting the amount to the Bank of England, who will hold it in a "Pool" as a cover against outstanding Italian debts. This information comes from an unofficial but usually reliable source, and it is accompanied by a note that

the producers and shippers of Sicilian oils are becomin anxious about the continued loss of business to this and othe markets. We have been unable to obtain official confirmation of this development, and, of course, there is no news as to whether the Italian Government will accede to the producers and shippers' request. It is known that such a "privileged list " is in existence and quite recently certain fruits, lemon juice, borax, liquorice and pumice were included thereon. A few days ago a further "list," which included tartaric acid and cream of tartar, was notified, but in this instance paymen by the British importer had to be made out of Italian lire held in the "blocked" account in Italy. Now, we are informed, the products on this second list are likely to be transferred to the first "privileged list" with payment made through the Banl of England. While the position is still somewhat obscure it is evident that efforts are being made to find a solution to the present deadlock and some official statement on the subject is anticipated at no distant date.

The Story of the "Clinical"

The clinical thermometer is apt to be taken for granted to-day. This is unfortunate, because behind it there is a story that holds the interest of every customer who hears it from his chemist. Thermometers were invented at the beginning of the seventeenth century and adapted to medical account some twenty years later. Yet for two and a half centuries they may be said to have stood still. Well after the middle of last century a cumbersome instrument some ten inches was in use fairly generally in English hospitals, very little in private practice and by laymen not at all. Had it not been for the inventiveness of a Yorkshire physician and the resourcefulness of the instrument makers, that might have been the state of affairs to-day. Instead, the clinical thermometer has become the medical man's inevitable preliminary to a diagnosis and, in thousands of homes, the criterion whether to "call in the doctor" or not. To how many pharmacists hitherto has its history been known?

New Chemical Factory

ROCHE PRODUCTS, LTD., have taken a five-acre site at Welwyn Garden City for the erection of modern chemical and pharmacological laboratories. This company is connected with the Hoffmann-La-Roche organisation, a combine of manufacturing chemists making more or less identical products in its own factories in eighteen different countries. An interesting feature of the new factory, which will produce a wide range of original medical products, is that it will be the first large-scale manufacturing plant for synthetic vitamins—in particular Vitamin "C." The laboratories at Welwyn will be staffed with scientists of international repute. The interior and exterior designs for the buildings are the work of Professor Salvisberg, who is one of the world's leaders in architecture and Professor at the School of Architecture at the University of Zurich. Professor Salvisberg is working in conjunction with the London Architects, Messrs. Brown & Warman, 24 Aldermans Hill, Palmers Green, London, N.13, under whose supervision the buildings will be erected. Needless to say, the very latest ideas have been incorporated to ensure the health and comfort of all those who will be engaged there.

AIR-RAID HANDBOOK.—" Rescue Parties and Clearance of Débris" (Memorandum No. 2 of the Home Office publications on air raids) has been issued (price 2d.) by H.M. Stationery Office.

British trade with Sweden.—In a recent letter to "The Daily Telegraph" the following figures of manufacturers who send imports from the respective countries to Sweden are given:—Germany, 109; France, 34; U.S.A., 15; Great Britain, 14; Switzerland, 9; Austria, 6; Hungary, 5; Holland, 4; Czechoslovakia, 3; Canada, 1; Brazil, 1; Belgium, r. The writer adds:—"The regulations in regard to the import of foreign pharmaceutical products into Scandinavia are simple and by no means prohibitive."

The New Half-Million Retail Chain

The Secretary of the Gracemont Trust, Ltd., which has carried out the negotiations for the burchase of 250 established pharmacies in England and Wales, in an interview with a representative of the C. & D., gave the following information regarding the new £500,000 public company which is shortly to be floated for the purpose of financing and controlling this new chain of retail establishments.

"The negotiations, both in regard to the purchase of the 250 established retail chemists' shops and the flotation of the half-a-million company to finance the 'chain,' have now reached the stage when it may definitely be stated that the project will materialise." Following this opening statement, the Secretary of the Trust Company continued, "We have practically concluded the negotiations for the purchase of the shops, and our solicitors are now completing the exchange of contracts for purchase. In quite a number of instances deposits have been paid and all the purchase contracts have to be completed not later than September 15 next." On the financial side, the Secretary said, "they had sufficient cash guaranteed to cover the deposits now being paid, and the successful flotation of the public company was assured as they had received more than one offer to underwrite the whole of the half-million capital. It was quite probable the whole of the shares would be taken up privately."

Our representative raised the question of the executive of the new company and said it was fairly general knowledge in the trade it was proposed that Mr. W. J. Beardsley, who is a member of the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society, was to be appointed managing director. "You will appreciate," said the Secretary, "that until the prospectus is lodged and formally registered the new company does not exist, and I have no authority to divulge particulars of the proposals of the personnel of the directorate. At the moment, all I can say is that the executive officers are not 'company promoters'; they are men who have had a long and wide experience of the trade."

Can you tell me the name of the new chain company? "No. I have not the permission of the company to tell you; it will be that of a very old-established London firm, who at present have some shops in the London suburbs. Actually, the whole scheme is a big development of this old concern."

When do you propose to offer the shares of the new company to the public? "The prospectus will be issued not later than early September, and with the capital we shall pay cash for the shops and commence trading at the end of September."

Have you formulated a policy for carrying on the chain of shops? "Yes. First, we are restricting our activities to taking over established businesses; we are not opening new premises. Secondly, we shall aim at price maintenance and our shops will be pharmacies, not general emporiums. We shall dispose of any stocks of bazaar-ware we may take over and rigidly restrict our trade to drugs, medicines, proprietaries, cosmetics, photographic goods and similar chemists' lines. In this way we shall avoid overloading the trade with new shops, and we aim at improving the ones we take over."

Are your shops to be concentrated in any particular area? "No, but they are not scattered haphazard. Roughly, half the number will be in the home counties and the remainder in various industrial centres in England and Wales."

How do you propose to organise the management of the shops? "The present owners will carry on for a period as managers, and some may be offered contracts. The introduction of the name of the new company over the shops will be gradual."

Where will your headquarters be situated? "In London. While we shall not undertake any manufacturing, we shall develop a series of our own packed goods and proprietaries, which will be on sale only in our shops. Our shops are grouped in five areas, and we anticipate no difficulty in distributing our goods from headquarters economically."

our goods from headquarters economically."

Will you operate independently of any other chain company, druggists' sundriesmen, manufacturing chemists or chemical manufacturers? "Yes. We are not in any way

connected with any other chemical or drug house and we have not in view any such connexions."

In concluding the interview, the Secretary of the Gracemont Trust emphasised that "in floating the new company and taking over the 250 shops they were simply considerably extending the activities of a very old-established London chemists' business and had no intention of burdening the trade with a string of new shops."

The following are particulars of the registration of The Gracemont Trust, Ltd.: Registered as a "private" company on June 3, 1936. Objects: To offer for subscription, place, subscribe for, underwrite, purchase or deal in shares, stock, debentures, bonds and securities, to promote companies, to carry on business as an investment trust company, etc. The nominal capital is £12,000 in 10,000 6 per cent. redeemable preference shares of £1 each and 20,000 ordinary shares of 2s. each. No allotments had been recorded on the official file to August 26. The directors are: Markham H. Thorp, 20 Pembroke Road, Earl's Court, W.8, solicitor, and Frank Hyde, 45 Spring Grove, Loughton, Essex, chartered accountant. Qualification: one share. Solicitors: Thorp, Saunders & Thorp, 79 Salisbury House, London Wall, E.C.2. Secretary: F. G. Hankinson. Registered Office: 57 Gracechurch Street, E.C.3.

Spurious Proprietaries in India

A CORRESPONDENT, who has had some years' experience of the trade in drugs and chemicals in India, sends us the following notes:—To-day, one of the most serious problems to be faced by manufacturers who market their products in India, is the ever-growing menace of the illicit traffic in spurious goods. Judging from the cases which come to light periodically, it would appear that well-known proprietaries and packed goods are looked upon as "lawful prey" by persons engaged in this nefarious business.

In one case an old-established Indian business house started investigations in connexion with the alleged counterfeiting of one of its lines. In course of the work it was discovered that the suspected people were also engaged in counterfeiting numerous other lines. Among them was one, manufactured by one of the leading English drug houses, that had been marketed in India for many years. This information was passed on to the local agent of the firm concerned and joint steps were taken to bring the suspects to book. It was found that the suspected persons were working in a room in one of the many old buildings in a suburb of the city and a man was engaged to watch their activities. To enable him to do this he posed as a perfumer and was fortunate enough to be able to rent a room in the same building. In due course word was received that certain goods were being packed. This evidence was sufficient to procure an order necessary for police activities and the place was raided. A large number of counterfeit goods, empty containers, labels, seals, etc., were seized and removed to police headquarters. In all, some five lorries full of goods came to light, including such well-known lines as Eno's Fruit Salt, Evans's liquid paraffin, Antiphlogistine, Squibb's Ague Specific, and Flit. Later, raids were made on various small printers, with the result that further labels, blocks, etc., came to light. The printers were each sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

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April All Comments of the Comm **Evolution** of the Clinical Thermometer



Sir Clifford Allbutt, K.C.B.

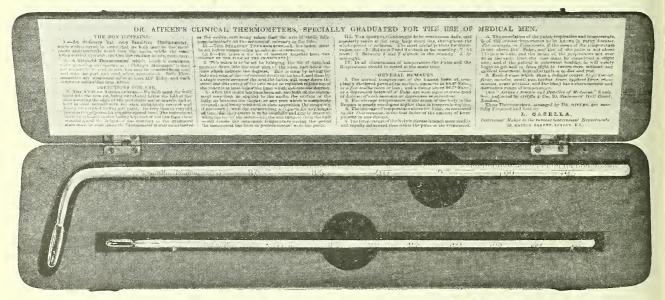
HE story of clinical thermometers is made topical through the topical through the celebration recently at Dewsbury, Yorkshire, of the birth of Sir Thomas Clifford Allbutt, K.C.B., F.R.S., M.D., LL.D., F.L.S. It was he who introduced the modern, short form of clinical thermatics. of clinical thermometer in 1867. Older forms existed, such as that of Professor Aitken of Netley, Hants (still in use in the late 'sixties), but they were too large and cumbersome to become popular for general use. Dr. Aitken's thermometer, illustrated on this page, was ten inches long and had to be left five minutes before a reading was taken. Its chief use was in hospitals. The in-

vention of thermometers is placed at 1592 and attributed to Galileo; some twenty years passed before the invention was put to medical uses by Santonio, Professor of Medicine at Padua University. Prior to the time of Santonio, temperatures of patients had been gauged by the physician's touch alone. Early clinical thermometers could have been hardly more precise than this guide, since they were without fixed graduations. Marks were made on the column with strips of tape and lesser divisions were measured and calculated with the aid of lesser divisions were measured and calculated with the ald of compasses; graduated scales were first provided in 1615 by Sagredo, a friend of Galileo. The earliest thermometers were not mercurial but contained alcohol coloured with dragon's blood or similar colouring. Their range depended on the skill of the glassblowers, which developed with practice until a tube of almost any length could be drawn. It is a point of integrate that in the greatenth container physicians were not in interest that in the seventeenth century physicians were satisfied with four divisions on their thermometers, against the sixty-four used at the time by scientific workers. Mercury

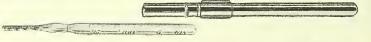
was adopted in 1736, and a centigrade scale was introduced about 1740, four years after the death of the German, Fahrenheit. Fahrenheit's chief claim to fame was that he made accurate instru-ments when those from the main source of supply, Italy, were not to be relied upon. He also introduced a refinement which was to have great influence upon clinical thermometers: the cylindrical bulb, which registered changes more quickly by exposing a larger surface. Earlier bulbs had been spherical. The Fahrenheit scale, still used in this country, was conceived in a curious and arbitrary

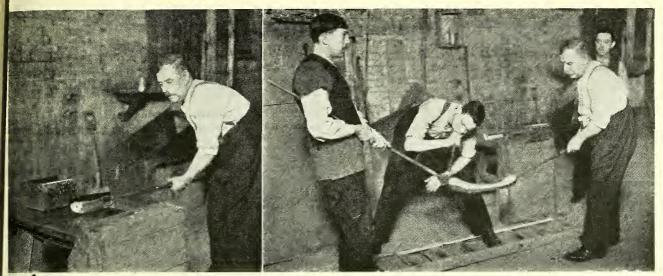
self-timing instrument

way. The thermometer was placed in a mixture of ice, water and ammonium chloride to determine the zero. Taking as his upper fixed point the temperature of the body, he laking as his upper fixed point the temperature of the body, he divided the interval into twice the number of parts into which Newton before him had divided his ice-water-to-body-temperature range. He still found the "degrees" too large, however, and divided each into four again, making 96. On this scale the freezing-point of water stood at 32° and, when it was extended by equal divisions, the boiling-point became 212°. Despite Fahrenheit's precise workmanship, the making of thermometers remained primarily an Italian industry, and by Despite Fahrenheit's precise workmanship, the making of thermometers remained primarily an Italian industry, and by Italians the art was brought to this country. It will be noted from the illustration that Dr. Aitken's thermometer itself bears an Italian maker's name, though the address given is in Hatton Garden, London. Little progress was made in thermometers for over a century, and it remained for Dr. Allbutt, while at Leeds infirmary, to make a fundamental improvement. Dr. Allbutt had a pocket thermometer prepared to his while at Leeds infirmary, to make a rundamental improvement. Dr. Allbutt had a pocket thermometer prepared to his own design by Harvey & Reynolds, Leeds (forerunners of Reynolds & Branson, Ltd.). The new instrument, handier in size, was also much speedier in use. Numerous refinements were attempted by various makers and out of a new period of the present perfected instruments evolved. The experiment the present perfected instruments evolved. The chief drawback the makers attempted to remove was the time necessary for an accurate reading. One ingenious recognition of this was the self-timer (similar to an egg-timer) attached to the thermometer illustrated at the head of this article. This was not a success. Efforts were made to reduce the time



Dr. Aitken's clinical thermometers, photographed alongside a modern short thermometer and case for purposes of comparison





[By courtesy, James Powell & Sons (Whitefriars), Ltd.

Left: "Marvering" a ball of "metal" (glass) before drawing it into tube for clinical thermometers. Right: "Drawing" the tube

factor by increasing the surface of mercury exposed. Forked and spirally coiled bulbs, as illustrated, were among the solutions, but these in turn have passed. Higher standards of workmanship have rendered them obsolete, but the difficulty is not completely solved even to-day. This is apparent from the revised British standard specification for clinical thermometers recently issued (C. & D., August 15, p. 168), which contains the statement: "Experience shows that this time is very variable, being affected by the physical condition of the patient, the skill with which the thermometer is placed in position, the initial temperature of the thermometer and other factors." However, it is to be noted that the so-called "half-minute" thermometer is the type decreed as standard, even though the description "half-minute" is discontinued as misleading. A form of clinical thermometer sometimes encountered is intended to be placed against the skin; an example of this is illustrated, in which the bulb is set in a parabolic reflecting surface to facilitate rapid readings. It is fitting to conclude with a tribute to the skill of the glassblowers who have made these instruments possible; two early stages in the drawing of the thermometers are illustrated. The glass, which is usually of the lead type, is melted in a pot, known in the worker's jargon as the "glory hole." A workman pushes into this a

D'EL FIORO ALLEUTIG SHORT CLINICAL INTERBORATION

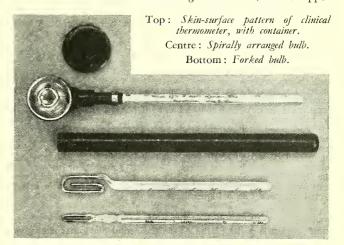
Dr. Clifford Allbutt's short, self-revistering thermometer, having portion of mercury column detached

Later designs with air chamber at top of column

Constriction near bulb replaces divided column

An exhibit of clinical thermometers at the Museum of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, by kind permission of the Curator. The thermometers were presented by Reynolds & Branson, Ltd., Leeds

very long metal tube, and abstracts a large blob of the glass, or "metal." He then blows through the tube into the centre of this blob so that a small bubble is formed. The ball of glass is then "marvered" or rolled into a somewhat cylindrical shape, so that the air bubble becomes oval rather than round. At this stage, another workman attaches a quantity of "metal" from the "glory hole" to a rod, and this ball of glass is attached to that held by the first workman. The two workers walk slowly apart, thus elongating the cylinder. The cylinder of glass is measured by calipers to note when it is of the correct diameter, when it is cooled by fans or by blowing on cooled air through a tube by a third worker, as illustrated. To obtain the white coating on the tube, this is dipped



for a part of its circumference into white enamel. When dry, this part is again dipped into molten glass. Several methods have been devised for preventing the mercury from running back to the bulb when the temperature has been taken. In some of the older models, an air bubble was incorporated in the mercury column, but the modern method is more ingenious. At the end of the bulb, a bulge is blown in the tube, the air from which is next exhausted, so that there is a fairly complete vacuum. Part of the bulge is then submitted to a needle-shaped flame, which causes a V-shaped indentation. This indentation acts as a valve when the temperature is being taken. The heat of the body causes this valve to open; when removed from the body, the valve rapidly cools and closes, and thus prevents the mercury from running back.

For all illustrations not separately acknowledged the Editor is indebted to G. H. Zeal, Ltd., London.

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Trade Report

Where possible scales of prices of chemicals are given for bulk down to small quantities. Prices recorded for crude drugs, essential and fixed oils and coal tar products are for fair sized wholesale quantities. Qualities of chemicals, drugs, essential and fixed oils, etc., vary, and selected brands or grades would be at higher values

28 Essex Street, W.C.2, August 27

Rather more business than is usual at this period of the year is reported, the demand from the provinces being particularly noticeable. The general tone is quite steady and the breakdown in supplies of an increasing range of natural products is having the natural effect of stiffening spot values of these commodities. The demand for Pharmaceutical Chemicals has shown some improvement this week, and is likely to continue during the next few weeks. Mercurials are firm; otherwise there is little to comment upon. It is unofficially reported from Italy that it may be possible, under certain conditions, to ship Tartaric Acid and Cream of Tartar to this country in the near future.

Crude Drugs

Business in a number of these markets has been unusually good for the time of year, and many items are firm at higher spot values. Spanish and Italian produce in particular is in short supply, and the position may become acute in due course. Agar is steadier on spot. Cape Aloes cleared on spot: shipment prices for Curaçao are dearer. Buchu has been dull this week. The shipment market for Cascara Sagrada is very firm and spot values are fully maintained on a generally short market. Cloves tend dearer. A full report on Ergot shows the position to be extremely tight. Sudan Gum Acacia is steady. Hydrassis continues to be quoted firm from the source. Good sales of Matto Grosso Ipecacuanha on spot and shipment is reported dearer. Little doing in Lobella Herr. Spanish Italian Mercury is now quoted nominally. Japanese Menthol has sold quite well, mostly spot orders, this week; shippers' prices are firm and gradually moving up. The Chinese product is following the market. Practically no Orris Root left on spot. Better supplies of Shensi Rhubarb are available here; demand quiet. Quotations for Saffron vary as to seller, with supplies being carefully conserved. Senna has had a quiet week. The demand for Tragacanh has quietened down, but supplies of the better grades remain very low. Waxes show no material change and are quiet.

Essential Oils

A fair business is reported in some lines, but the general tone is rather quiet. Consumers of Anise (Star) have only a small supply at their disposal on spot and the source is still not offering and is ignoring inquiries. The demand for Bergamot and the other Sicilian oils has been of small importance, but holders' prices are being fully maintained. Editorial comment on the shipment position on p. 250. Shipment prices for Cananga are somewhat easier. Cassia is neglected, with some inferior oil on spot. Citronellas tend to be steadier. Clove oils are fully steady. Australian Eucalyptus is firm on spot and only distant positions are quoted for shipment. The cold-pressed Californian Lemon has been in steady demand, and supplies are now very modest. Lemongrass has been slack. The spot sale of French Guinea Orange seems to be slow. Seychelles Patchoull is firm and in inadequate supply Japanese Peppermint has had a good week, with shippers tending to firm up their prices on account, so it is reported, of poor crop. The Spanish oils, Rosemary and Spire, are firm on spot, with no news from the source as to the new crop oils. Spearmint is being quoted irregularly on a higher basis.

Exchange Rates on London

The following is a list of the chief Continental and other exchange rates at the opening on Thursday morning:—

Centre	Quoted	Par	August 27	Value of the £
Amsterdam Berlin Brussels Copenhagen L sbon M'adrid Montreal New York Oslo Paris Stockholm Warsaw Zurich	 Fis. to £ Mks. to £ Belgas to £ Kr. to £ Esc. to £ Lire to £ Dol. to £ Dol. to £ Kr. to £ Fr. to £ Kr. to £ Kr. to £ Kr. to £ Kr. to £ Fr. to £ Fr. to £	12:107 20:43 nominal 18:159 110 25:22½ 92:46 4:86¾ nominal 18:159 124:21 164:25 18:150 43:38 25:2115	7.41 12.51 20.81 22.40 1097 401 nominal 63 16 5.03 6 5.03 6 10.90 76 16 10.30 12.12 10.30 26 15.44	12/3 12/3 17/0 24/8 19/11 ³ / ₄ 31/9 13/10 20/8 20/8 21/11 12/3 ³ / ₄ 14/10 21/1 ¹ / ₄ 12/3 12/3

Bank rate 2 per cent

Pharmaceutical Chemicals, etc.

For the time of year business is reported to be well up to average, but more inquiry is expected in the next few weeks. Mercurials continue firm, with some anxiety as to the future supply of the metal. Vanillin is f.rm and should be watched.

ACETANILIDE.—Business quiet, market steady: B.P. crystals and powder, is. $5\frac{1}{2}$ d. to is. 8d. per lb., as to quantity.

Amidopyrine.—Remains slack and unsteady: crystals, five cwt., 18s. 0_3^4 d.; two cwt., 18s. 5_4^4 d.; less than two cwt., 18s. 10_2^4 d. per lb., with powder 2_2^4 d. per lb. extra.

Ammonium ichihiosulphonate.—Steady routine business in small orders is being done, with prices at the former levels: one cwt., is. $6\frac{1}{2}$ d., in 14-lb. tins; is. 8d., in 1-lb. tins; is. $10\frac{1}{2}$ d., in 8-oz. tins., and 2s. 1d. per lb., in 4-oz. tins.

ASPIRIN.—Fair amount of business, prices firm: home trade, ten cwt., 2s. 7d.; five cwt., 2s. 8d.; one cwt., 2s. 8½d.; 28 lb., 2s. 9d.; 14 lb., 2s. 1od.; 7 lb., 3s.; 4 lb., 3s. 2d.; 1 lb., 3s. 4d. per lb. Bulk packing free, net, carriage paid. Contracts, over twelve months, minimum one ton; over six months, less than one ton.

ASPIRIN (IABLEIS).—The following are agreed wholesale prices for the British makers: Under 5,000, 3s. per 1,000; 5,000, 2s. 11d.; 10,000, 2s. 10d.; 25,000, 2s. 9d.; 50,000, 2s. 8d.; 75,000, 2s. 7d.; 100,000, 2s. 6d.; 250,000, 2s. 5d.; 500,000, 2s. 4d.; 1,000,000, 2s. 3d.; 2,000,000 and over 2s. 2d. per thousand tablets. A rebate of 1d. per 1,000 is allowed on orders for 10 million tablets taken over a period of 12 months. For small quantities higher prices would be asked by wholesale distributors.

Barbitone.—Dull and irregular on quotation: spot, one cwt., 15s. 3^3_1 d.; 56 lb., 15s. 8d.; small parcels, up to 16s. 3d. per lb.

Benzoic acid (B.P.).—Fair business; prices steady: quantities, ex works, is. 9½d.; spot parcels, is. 10d. to 2s. 3d. per lb., ex store, as to quantity.

BISMUTH SALTS.—Makers' scales of prices are unchanged: carbonate, P.B., one cwt., 6s. 6d.; 28 lb., 6s. 9d.; 8 lb., 7s. 3d.; less than 8 lb., 8s. 6d. per lb., with rebates on contracts for larger quantities.

Bromides.—Rather quiet demand, controlled prices steady: Home trade, Potassium B.P., not less than 5 cwt., is. 7d.; not less than one cwt., is. 8d.; not less than 28 lb., is. 1id.; 14 lb., 2s. id. per lb. Sodium, B.P., not less than 5 cwt., is. 9d.; not less than one cwt., is. iod.; not less than 28 lb., 2s. id.; 14 lb., 2s. 3d. per lb. Ammonium, B.P., not less than 5 cwt., is. iod.; not less than one cwt., is. iid.; not less than 28 lb., 2s. 2d.; i4 lb., 2s. 4d. per lb., net. 28 lb. parcels and one cwt. cases free. Distributors' prices for quantities less than 14 lb. would be at higher figures. Scales of prices for export, quoted f.o.b. London for prompt shipment, are as follows: Potassium, 5 cwt., is. 1½d.; one cwt., is. 2d. Sodium, 5 cwt., is. 2½d.; one cwt., is. 3d. Ammonium, 5 cwt., is. 4½d.; one cwt., is. 4½d.; one cwt., is. 4½d. per lb.

BUTYL CHLORAL HYDRATE.—Values unchanged, business slow: spot, 14 lb., 8s.; 7 lb., 8s. 3d.; 1 lb., 8s, 6d. per lb., in 1-lb. bottles.

spot, 14 lb., 8s.; 7 lb., 8s. 3d.; 1 lb., 8s, 6d. per lb., in 1-lb. bottles. Caffeine.—Continental makers' agreed prices: pure alkaloid, two cwt., 7s. 1od.; one cwt., 8s.; 56 lb., 8s. 2d.; smaller quantities, 8s. 4d. per lb., delivered, 5-lb. tins free, smaller packing extra. Citrate, two cwt., 5s. 5\(\frac{3}{4}\)d.; one cwt., 5s. 6\(\frac{3}{4}\)d.; 56 lb., 5s. 7\(\frac{3}{4}\)d.; smaller quantities, 5s. 8\(\frac{3}{4}\)d. per lb., delivered. British material: pure, 56 lb., 8s. 4d.; less, 8s. 6d. per lb. Citrate, 56 lb., 5s. 9d.; less, 6s. per lb.

Calcium lactate.—A fair business continues at former prices: spot, one cwt., is. 0^3_4d .; 56 lb., is. 1^1_2d .; 28 lb., is. 2^1_2d .; smaller quantities, up to is. 6d. per lb.

CHIORAL HYDRATE.—Makers' prices unchanged: duty paid crystals, in 14-lb. free containers, five cwt., 3s. 1d.; one cwt., 3s. 2d.; 28 lb., 3s. 3d.; 14 lb., 3s. 4½d. per lb.; 28-lb. jars, one penny per lb. extra.

Chloroform.—Prices asked by the makers are: two cwt., 2s. 5½d.; per lb.; one cwt., 2s. 6d.; 56 lb., 2s. 6½d.; less, 2s. 7½d. per lb., in w-quarts of 8 lb. Packed in drums, ½d. per lb. less. Small bottles extra, from 5d. per lb. for ½-lb. bottles to 1d. for 2-lb. bottles. Carriage paid on minimum cwt. lots.

CITRIC ACID (B.P. CRYSTALS).—Seasonal business: British material quoted at is, per lb., less 5 per cent, discount, nominal and without engagement. Dealers' prices for imported material are competitive.

Cocanne.—British makers' prices for this market for wholesale bulk quantities are as follows: Hydrochloride and Nitrate, 25 oz. and over, 29s. 6d.; 16 oz. and less than 25 oz., 30s. 9d.; over 8 oz. and less than 16 oz., 31s. 9d. per oz. Purf, Citrate and Salicylate, 25 oz. and over, 32s. 6d.; 16 oz. and less than 25 oz., 33s. 6d.; over 8 oz. and less than 16 oz., 34s. 6d. per oz., 16-oz. packages free, smaller

acking extra. The scales of prices applicable to distributors of maller quantities are as follows: Hydrochloride and Nitrate, 8 oz., 48. Id.; 4 oz. and less than 8 oz., 34s. 7d.; 2 oz. and less than 4 oz., 5s. 5d.; 1 oz. and less than 2 oz., 36s. 5d.; ½ oz. and less than 1 oz., 7s. Id.; ¼ oz. and less than ½ oz., 40s. Id. per oz. Pure, Citrate and Salicylate, 8 oz., 36s. Iod.; 4 oz. and less than 8 oz., 37s. 4d.; 2 oz. and less than 4 oz., 38s. 2d.; 1 oz. and less than 2 oz., 39s. 2d.; ½ oz. and less than 1 oz., 43s. 8d. per oz., packages extra. Re-sale: Sales subject to buyers undertaking not to re-sell any quantity at below the scale price for such quantity current at the time of re-sale. These scales of prices do not apply to export business, particulars of which may be obtained from the usual sources of supply.

CREAM OF TARTAR.—Fair business, market steady: British material, 99 to 10 per cent., 79s. per cwt., less 2½ per cent. discount. Dealers' prices for foreign material competitive.

HEXAMINE.—Makers' prices for bulk quantities are keen; moderate business: B.P. powder, from 1s. 3d. to 1s. 4d.; free-running crystals, from 1s. 4d. to 1s. 8d. per lb., carriage paid, for bulk lots. Dealers quoting free-running crystals, two cwt., 1s. 5d.; one cwt., 1s. 6d.; 14 lb., 1s. 1od.; smaller parcels, up to 2s. per lb., carriage paid.

IODIDES.—Makers' prices continue steady at the following scales: Potassium Iodide, B.P., for quantities not less than one cwt., 4s. 6d.; 28 lb., 4s. 8d.; 14 lb., 4s. 10d.; 7 lb., 5s. 4d.; 4 lb., 5s. 10d.; smaller quantities, 6s. 6d. per lb. Soddinum Iodide, B.P., for quantities not less than 28 lb., 5s. 6d.; 14 lb., 5s. 8d.; 7 lb., 6s. 2d.; 4 lb., 6s. 10d.; smaller quantities, 7s. 10d. per lb. Iodide, B.P., resublimed, for quantities not less than one cwt., 5s. 6d.; 28 lb., 5s. 8d.; 14 lb., 5s. 10d.; 7 lb., 6s. 4d.; 4 lb., 7s.; smaller quantities, 7s. 11d. per lb. Iodide, 1s.; smaller quantities, 1s. 8d. per lb. Sales terms: Contracts for one cwt. or more (assorted if required) with "Fall Clause," for delivery over four months. No rebate now applies. Packages: Tins, 28-lb. jars and one-cwt. cases, free. Bottles extra or returnable within three months, carriage paid. Delivery: Carriage paid on all quantities. Re-sale: It is a condition of sale that buyers undertake not to re-sell at prices below or on terms other than those ruling at the time of re-sale.

IRON QUININE CITRATE.—Makers' prices are as follows: not less than 100 oz., 10½d., in 100-oz. tins; 10¾d., in 25-oz. tins; 11d., in 16-oz. bottles; 11¼d., in 4-oz. and 8-oz. bottles; 1s. 0½d., in 1-oz. bottles; less than 100-oz. lots, from 11d. to 1s. 4d. per oz., according to packing and quantity.

LACTIC ACID (B.P.).—Prices remain steady at the previous rates: quantities, in carboys, 1s. 4½d. to 1s. 5d.; in winchesters and bottles, 1s. 6d. to 1s. 10½d. per lb., as to quantity.

Mercurials.—Makers' scales of prices continue at the advance recorded last week: new prices, not less than one cwt., ammoniated, B.P., lump, 5s. 5d.; powder, 5s. 7d.; bichloride, B.P., lump, 4s. 8d.; powder, 4s. 4d.; chloride, B.P., 5s. 5d.; yellow oxide, B.P., 5s. 1od.; persulphate, white, B.P.C., 5s. 7d.; sulphide, black (hyd. sulph. cum sulph., 50 per cent.), 5s. 6d.; less than one cwt., ammoniated, B.P., lump, 5s. 6d.; powder, 5s. 8d.; bichloride, B.P., lump, 4s. 9d.; powder, 4s. 5d.; choride, B.P., 5s. 6d.; yellow oxide, B.P., 5s. 11d.; persulphate, white, B.P.C., 5s. 8d.; sulphide, black (hyd. sulph. cum sulph., 50 per cent.), 5s. 7d. per lb. Special prices for large quantities.

METHYL SALICYLATE.—Market remains dull: spot, ten cwt., is. 1\frac{3}{4}d.; five cwt., is. 2d.; one cwt., is. 2\frac{1}{4}d.; less than one cwt., is. 2\frac{1}{2}d.; small quantities, in bottles, 2s. per lb.

Methyl sulphonal.—Dealers' prices are unsteady, business quiet: two cwt., 19s. 3\dag{4}d.; one cwt., 19s. 9\dag{4}d.; 56 lb., 20s. 2\dag{4}d.; small parcels, 20s. 8d. per lb.

Paraformaldehyde.—Business on the quiet side: 100 per cent., powder, quantities, in kegs, 1s. id.; smaller parcels, up to 1s. 9d. per lb., as to quantity.

Oxalic acid.—Dealers are quoting imported material, duty paid, at ahout £48 15s. per ton, in casks, carriage paid.

PHENACETIN.—Market is steady but rather quiet: crystals or powder, bulk quantities, 2s. 6d. to 2s. 7d.; smaller parcels, 2s. 7½d. to 3s. per lb., as to quantity.

Phenazone.—Dealers find the demand small, market competitive: crystals, 8s. 9\(^1_4\)d.; five cwt., 9s. 0\(^1_2\)d.; two cwt., 9s. 0\(^1_2\)d., and less, 9s. 3d. per lb., with powder 2d. per lb. extra.

PHENOLPHTHALEIN.—Market continues competitive: two cwt., 2s. 9d. one cwt., 2s. 10d.; 28 lb., 3s.; 14 lb., 3s. 1d.; 7 lb., 3s. 2d.; smaller parcels, up to 3s. 6d. per lb.

PHOTOGRAPHIC CHEMICALS.—AMIDOL.—28 lb., 7s. 6d.; 14 lb., 8s. 3d.; 7 lb., 9s.; under 7 lb., 11s. 9d. per lb., in 1-lb. bottles. Chlorquinol.—1-lb. bottles, 21s. per lb. Glycin.—7 lb., 1os. 6d.; 1-lb. bottles, 13s. 6d. per lb. Hydroquinone.—56 lb., 4s. 10½d.; 28 lb., 5s.; 14 lb., 5s. 3d.; 7 lb., 5s. 6d.; 1-lb. bottles, 6s. 6d. per lb. Metol.—28 lb., 9s. 6d.; 14 lb., 9s. 9d.; 7 lb., 1os. 9d.; 3 lb., 11s. 6d.; 1-lb. bottles, 12s. 6d. per lb. Alum (photographic quality).—1 cwt., 21s. per cwt. 28 lb. for 6s. Gold chloride.—15-grain tube, 52s. 6d. per doz. Magnesium powder.—10s. per lb. Paramidophenol hydrochlor.—

8s. 6d. per lb. Potassium ferricyanide.—14 lb., 2s. 3d.; 7 lb., 2s. 6d.; 1 lb., 2s. 9d. per lb. Potassium metabisulphiie.—One cwt., 7½d.; 28 lb., 8d.; 14 lb., 9d.; 7 lb., 11d.; 1 lb., 1s. per lb. Pyrogallic acid.—28 lb., 6s. 9d.; 14 lb., 7s. 6d.; 7 lb., 8s. 3d.; under 7 lb., 8s. 9d. per lb. Sodium carbonate (recryst).—5 cwt., 12s. 6d. per cwt.; 1 cwt., 15s. 6d. per cwt.; 56 lb. for 11s. 6d.; 28 lb. for 6s. Sodium hyposulphiie, cubes, cryst.—5 cwt., 16s. 3d.; 1 cwt., 18s. 6d. per cwt.; 56 lb. for 1s. 6d.; 28 lb. for 6s. Sodium sulphide (pure).—7 lb., 1s. 3d.; 1 lb., 1s. 6d. per lb.

Potassium sulphoguaiacolate.—Quoted from 6s. to 6s. 3d. per lb., as to quantity. Business remains very quiet, and there is keen competition.

QUININE SALTS.—Convention prices were advanced as follows from June 8: sulphate, 2s. 2d.; bisulphate, 2s. 2d.; ethyl carbonate, 2s. 0\frac{1}{2}d.; salicylate, 2s. 10\frac{1}{2}d.; hydrochloride, 2s. 8\frac{1}{2}d.; bihydrochloride, 3s.; hydrobromide, 2s. 8\frac{1}{2}d.; bihydrobromide, 3s.; valerianate, 3s. 8d.; hypophosphite, 4s.; alkaloid, 3s. 0\frac{1}{2}d. per oz., carriage paid on bulk quantities; 100-0z. tins free, smaller packages extra.

RESORCIN.—Occasional small business; quoted unchanged; crystals, one cwt., 4s. 11d.; 56 lb., 5s.; 28 lb., 5s. 1d.; 14 lb., 5s. 3d.; 7 lb., 5s. 6d.; less than 7 lb., up to 6s. per lb.

 ${\tt Saccharin.--} The \ Convention \ price \ for \ 550 \ is \ 37s. \ 6d. \ per \ lb., \ duty \ paid, \ with \ rebates \ for \ quantities.$

Salicylic acid (B.P.).—Market is dull: five cwt., is. 7d.; one cwt., is. $7\frac{1}{2}$ d.; 28 lb., is. 8d.; 14 lb., is. 9d.; 7 lb., is. iod.; 4 lb., 2s. per lb.

Santonin.—First hand prices steady at the recently agreed scales: 10-kilo. lots, f_{20} 11s.; 3-kilo. lots, f_{21} ; 1-kilo. lots at f_{21} 15s.; quantities of less than one kilo., f_{22} 15s. per kilo. Special prices for export buyers. Second-hand parcels are offering at competitive prices.

SODIUM BENZOATE (B.P.).—Moderate business at keen prices: bulk quantities, about 1s. 6d.; one cwt., 1s. 7d.; smaller parcels, 1s. 8d. to 1s. 10½d. per lb., as to quantity.

Sodium diethylbarbiturate.—Market remains dull: spot, one cwt., 13s. 3d.; 28 lb., 13s. 6d.; 14 lb., 13s. 9d.; 7 lb., 14s.; smaller parcels up to 14s. per lb.

Sodium salicylate (B.P.).—Market steady, business quiet: home trade, crystals or powder, five cwt., is. $5\frac{1}{2}$ d.; one cwt., is. 6d.; 28 lb., is. 9d.; 14 lb., is. iid.; 7 lb., 2s.; i lb., 2s. 3d. per lb.

SULPHONAL.—There is little activity in this market; prices quoted: crystals or powder, two cwt., 15s. 5\(\frac{1}{4}\)d.; one cwt., 15s. 10\(\frac{3}{4}\)d.; 56 lb., 16s. 1d.; smaller parcels, up to 16s. 9d. per lb.

Tartaric acid (B.P. crystals).—Fair business at former prices: British makers quote at is. per lb., less 5 per cent. discount. Dealers offering foreign materials at competitive prices.

THEOBROMINE.—Continental material: pure, two cwt., 7s. Iod.; one cwt., 8s.; 56 lb., 8s. 2d.; smaller quantities, 8s. 4d. per lb. Sodium salicylate, two cwt., 6s. 3\frac{1}{2}d.; one cwt., 6s. 4\frac{1}{2}d.; 56 lb., 6s. 5\frac{1}{2}d.; smaller quantities, 6s. 6\frac{1}{4}d. per lb., delivered, 5-lb. tins free, smaller packages extra.

THYMOL.—Not much business moving: synthetic, fine white, two cwt., 5s. rod.; one cwt., 6s.; 56 lb., 6s. 4d.; 28 lb., 6s. 9d.; smaller parcels, 7s. 6d. per lb.; ex ajowan seed, one cwt., 8s. 7d.; 56 lb., 8s. rod.; 28 lb., 9s. 4d.; 14 lb., ros. per lb.

Vanillin.—Convention prices are steady: ex clove oil or guaiacol, five cwt., 12s. 9d.; one cwt., 13s.; 56 lb., 13s. 3d.; less, 13s. 9d. per lb.

Crude Drugs, etc.

ACONITE ROOT.—Occasional inquiry for small parcels of Japanese with the spot quotation about 45s. per cwt.

AGAR.—Fair spot demand, with the cheap parcels now cleared; shipment quotations steady: spot, Kobe No. 1, 2s. $7\frac{1}{2}$ d.; No. 2, 2s. 5d.; Yokohama No. 1, 2s. 5d. per lb.; shipment, Kobe No. 1, 2s. $5\frac{1}{2}$ d.; No. 2, 2s. $2\frac{1}{4}$ d.; Yokohama No. 1, 2s. $1\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb., c.i.f.

Aloes.—Practically all Cape cleared on spot, with value now nominal; nothing offered for shipment. The Dutch West Indies report crop of Curaçao has not come up to expectations, and their shipment quotations have advanced: Curaçao, spot, 92s. 6d. to 100s.; shipment, from source, 92s. 6d. per cwt., c.i.f.

Antimony.—Chinese crude is quoted for September-October shipment at £24 ios., c.i.f. English regulus, on spot, £64 ios. to £65 ios. Balsams.—Not much business moving: Tolu, is. 9d. to is. io½d.;

Canada, 2s. 9d.; Peru, 5s. 4d.; Copaiba, 1s. 22d. per lb.

Buchu.—The Cape report practically nothing left in stock. On spot the limited quantity of rounds are quoted from 2s. 9d. for stalky off-colour up to 3s. for good stuff. Ovals are scarce at about 2s. 6d. per lb. Demand quiet this week.

Camphor.—Average small spot business, quoted unchanged: Japanese, spot, tablets, 2s. 5d.; powder, 2s. 2\(\frac{3}{4}\)d.; slabs, 2s. 2\(\frac{1}{4}\)d. per lb., duty paid; English refined flowers, one cwt., 3s. 1d.; 28 lb., 3s. 2d.; small lots, 3s. 3d. per lb. Transparent tablets, 4 oz., 8 cz. and 16 oz., 3s. 4d.; 1 oz. and 2 oz., 3s. 5d.; \(\frac{1}{2}\) oz., \(\frac{1}{2}\) oz. and \(\frac{1}{4}\) oz., 3s. 6d. per lb. Contracts at special prices.

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Cantharides.—Some small spot business: spot, Russian, 6s.; Chinese, 2s. per lb., as to quantity; shipment, 1s. 5½d. per lb., c.i.f.

Cardamoms.—Supplies continue extremely short, with the main offering Bombay seed at 4s. 2d. spot and 3s. 10½d. per lb., c.i.f. Aleppy, green, October-November shipment, 2s. 8½d. per lb., c.i.f.

Cascara sagrada.—The position here continues firm, due to the paucity of new crop and shortage, which is general, of old peel. The source makes limited offers of 1936 peel from 49s. 6d. to 52s. 6d. and 1934 peel at about 53s. 6d. per cwt., c.i.f. On spot, 1933 and 1934 peel is available at 65s. to 67s. 6d. per cwt.

Chamomiles.—Some shipments of new crop first pickings have been landed here, and are selling at about 112s. per cwt., duty paid.

CLOVES.—At the further advance the market is steady: Zanzibar, spot, 8d.; shipment, September-October, 7\(^1\)dd. per lb., c.i.f.; Madagascar, in bond, 7\(^1\)dd.; shipment, November-December, 7d. per lb., c.i.f.

The landings of Zanzibar in London during the week ended August 22 were nil, and the deliveries 48, leaving a stock of 1,482. From January 1 to date the landings of Zanzibar have been 3,037 and the deliveries 2,400. Landings of Madagascar for the week ended August 15 were 596, and the deliveries 68, leaving a stock of 1,867. From January 1 to date landings of Madagascar have been 3,177 and the deliveries 2,672 packages.

COCOA BUTTER.—Prime English is quoted from 11d. to 1s. per lb. Foreign, from 10d. to 11d. per lb., as to quantity.

COCONUT (DESICCATED).—Market has been rather quiet this week, values steady: spot, fine, 23s.; medium, 22s. 6d. per cwt.; shipment, halves, August and September, 21s. 9d.; October, 22s. per cwt., c.i.f.

Cod-liver oil.—Bergen reports shipment market is quiet but fully steady, with finest Lofoten steam refined non-freezing medicinal oil quoted at 89s. per barrel, c.i.f. London. Newfoundland, non-freezing medicinal oil, about 130s. per barrel, ex store. British non-freezing medicinal oil is now quoted at 100s. per barrel, c.i.f. London, duty free, while quotations from another home source are at higher figures.

COLOCYNTH.—Some pulp in bond is available at 2s. per lb.; U.S.P. quality for shipment is at 1s. 9d., c.i.f., with business reported done.

Damiana leaves.—Small parcels of good quality leaves are available on spot at about 9d. per lb.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Dandelion}}$ Root.—The price for foreign continues steady at 80s, per cwt., spot.

Derris root.—This market is without interest at the moment. Shipment offers are being received with October-December at about 10d. per lb., c.i.f., for 17 per cent. ether extract.

Ergot.—There are still no offers of Spanish for shipment, and no reliable news as to new crop. Russian is also not offering. In Portuguese business reported done for shipment at 4s. 6d., c.i.f., and further bids at this figure were countered with suggestions of 5s. 3d. to 5s. 4½d., c.i.f., with requests to leave the orders with the shippers for a day or two. It seems the shippers in Lisbon and Oporto are only purchasing from the collectors against orders. Orders sent out to Poland on the basis of 4s. per lb. brought no reply. On spot, some Portuguese has been mentioned up to 5s. 3d. up to 6s. per lb. Generally the position is very tight.

 $\mbox{\tt Gentian.}\mbox{--}\mbox{\tt Good}$ French root is quoted on spot from 40s. to 42s. 6d. per cwt., as to quantity.

GINGER.—Business in West African has been slow: West African, spot, 67s. 6d.; shipment, 62s. 6d. per cwt., c.i.f.; Jamaican, spot, bold, in barrels, 85s. to 90s.; small grinding, 62s. 6d. to 65s. per cwt., in bags, ex store.

Gum acacia.—Market has been quiet this week: spot, Kordofan cleaned sorts, 42s. 6d.; bleached No. 1, 110s.; extra, 120s. ver cwt.; shipment, Kordofan cleaned sorts, 39s. 6d. per cwt.

Henna.—There is little interest at present, with Indian and Egyptian leaves 27s. 6d. to 35s. per cwt., as to quality and quantity.

HYDRASTIS.—Market continues firm at the source at IIS., c.i.f., with first-hands quoting spot at IIS. 3d. per lb.

IPECACUANHA.—Quite a good demand for home and export. Matto Grosso, B.P., 5s. 1½d. to 5s. 3d. per lb., shipment, 4s. 11d. per lb., c.i.f. Brazil reports shipment prices have advanced 2d. per lb.

LIQUORICE ROOT.—Moderate inquiry with natural root steady at about 12s. 6d. per cwt., spot.

LOBELIA HERB.—Holders on spot are quoting from $7\frac{1}{2}$ d. upwards with September-October shipment at $5\frac{3}{4}$ d. per lb., c.i.f. Very little interest shown.

Lycopodium.—Spot supplies scarce and firm at 4s. 9d. per lb.; shipment, about 3s. 6d., c.i.f.

shipment, about 3s. du., c.i.i.

Menthol.—The demand this week for Japanese B.P. has been good, with K/S brands now quoted at 13s. 4½d. per lb. In bond, 11s. 9d. to 11s. 10½d. Japanese shippers' prices are firmer with August-September at 11s. 10½d., c.i.f., with re-sellers at 11s. 9d., c.i.f.; October-December, shippers, 11s. 9d. and re-sellers at 11s. 7½d. per lb., c.i.f. January-March has been cabled at 11s. 10½d. Chinese

B.P.—Moderate inquiry, with spot at 13s. 3d. per lb. and September-October at 11s. 9d. per lb., c.i.f. English synthetic menthol is quoted from 7s. 6d. to 10s. 6d. per lb., as to quality and quantity.

MERCURY.—The Spanish-Italian combine report spot stocks practically cleared and nothing coming forward from Spain at the moment, but they are hopeful of shipments at no distant date; prices quoted are nominal at 62 dollars 50 cents per bottle, f.o.b., Continent; spot, in small lots, £12 12s. per bottle, ex store.

OFIUM.—Spot business on small lines at former prices: spot, Turkish, is. 2d. to is. 3d. per unit, landed and duty paid.

Orris root.—Exceedingly scarce and value is now nominal at about 62s. per cwt.

Pepper.—Business has remained very slow. Lampong, in bond, 2\frac{1}{2}d.; shipment, August-October, 2d.; October-December, 2\frac{1}{1}d.; January-March, 2\frac{1}{2}d., c.i.f. Tellicherry, spot, 5\frac{5}{8}d.; shipment, September-November, 32s. 6d., c.i.f. Aleppy, spot, 5\frac{5}{8}d.; shipment, September-November, 32s. 6d., c.i.f. White Muntok, in bond, 4\frac{1}{4}d.; shipment, September-October, 3\frac{1}{5}d. per lb., c.i.f.

Pimento.—Market has remained quiet. Spot, 7½d. per lb.; shipment, September-October, 65s. per cwt., c.i.f.

Rhubarb.—Supplies of Shensi are now better with spot values from 4s. 4d. to 4s. 8d. Ordinary rough round from 1s. 4½d. to 1s. 6d. per lb. Pickings, 2s. 1od. to 3s. per lb., ex store. Business has been of small account.

RUPBER.—Values are level on the week, business patchy, market steady. Standard ribbed smoked sheet, spot, 716d.; September, 716d.; October, 78d.; November, 716d.; December, 716d.; January-March, 74d.; April-June, 716d.; July-September, 78d. per lb.

SAFFRON.—Spot supplies are reported to be very limited and in strong hands. Nothing coming forward and no offers from the source. Spot prices are from 60s. to 65s. and upwards with holders doling out their supplies sparingly to their customers.

Sandrac.—Supplies are firmly held on spot following fair sales and prices are now mentioned up to 110s. per cwt.

Sarsaparilla.—Rather quieter this week, market steady: spot, Jamaican grey, is. 2d. to is. 3d.; native, mixed colours, iod. to iid. per lb., as to quantity, spot.

Senna.—Inquiry has been moderate and restricted to smallish spot sales to consumers. Good green Tinnevelly leaves are unchanged with good bold selected at 7d.; No. 1, 6d.; No. 2, 4\d.; No. 3, 3d. per lb., with inferior goods at cheaper figures. In Alexandrian there have been no further arrivals of finest quality hand-picked pods, but there is a good selection available of medium grade which are quoted from 1s. 6d. to 2s. 9d. per lb.

Shellac.—Market remains dull: spot, standard TN orange, 53s. to 58s.; fine orange, 65s. to 135s.; pure button, 65s. to 70s. per cwt. spot. For delivery, TN orange, October, 53s.; December, 53s. 6d. For arrival, TN orange, September-October, 49s. 6d. per cwt., c.i.f.

SQUILL.—The very few lots available on spot and fully held at 35s. per cwt.

STRAMONIUM.—The spot price for good green leaves is 40s. per cwt. Tonka beans.—Not much inquiry on spot with fair frosted Para beans at 4s. 3d.; shipment, new crop, 2s. 10½d. per lb. c.i.f.

Tragacanth.—Inquiry for the grades ranging from £20 to £36 per cwt. continues with shortage now acute. In other directions the market has been quiet and is quoted unchanged.

VALERIAN ROOT.—Spot price for small parcels, 40s. per cwt.

Wax.—Bees': Average inquiry with the market steady. Calcutta, bleached, spot, 135s.; shipment, November, firmer, 126s., c.i.f. Abyssinian, spot, 120s.; in bond, 108s.; shipment, 107s. c.i.f.; Benguella, spot, 120s.; shipment, firmer, 109s. 6d., c.i.f. Conakry, no spot available; shipment, 118s. 6d. per cwt., c.i.f. Dares-Salaam, spot, 120s.; shipment, steady at 108s. 6d. per cwt., c.i.f. Carnauba.—The market is steady, supplies limited. Fatty grey, spot, 165s.; afloat, firmer at 162s. 6d.; shipment, September-October, 152s. 6d., c.i.f. Chalky grey, spot, firmer, 165s.; shipment, September-October, 152s. 6d., c.i.f. Primeira, spot, good quality, 215s.; fa.q., 205s.; afloat, 205s.; shipment, 192s. 6d. per cwt., c.i.f. Mediana, spot, 205s.; shipment, 192s. 6d. per cwt., c.i.f.

Essential Oils, etc.

RATHER more business than is usual at this time of year is reported. Bergamot and other Sicilian oils are steady but quiet on spot. Cananga is easier forward. Citronellas are a shade steadier. Seychelles patchouli is wanted but difficult to obtain. Japanese peppermint selling well at improving figures. Spanish oils running short and firm on spot.

ALMOND.—There is an acute shortage of the expressed oil on spot, and it is difficult to get offers from France on account of stoppage of the raw material from Spain. It is doubtful if less than 3s. would now be accepted, and most holders are asking more and are conserving their stocks for their customers. French, bitter (essential), 6s. 3d. per lb.

ANISE (STAR).—There are still no offers for shipment, and the news hand is not hopeful for the near future. Supplies on spot are very mited, and mostly consist of tins which are offering firmly at about s. 4d. per lb.

Bay.—Market has been dull and is about unchanged: 49 to 50 per ent., 4s. 9d. to 4s. 10d.; 59 to 60 per cent., 5s. to 5s. $1\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb., s to quantity.

Bergamor.—In London the stocks of good quality oil seem to be imited, but the demand is not of much consequence. Most holders ue looking for something like 9s. 6d. per lb. We understand that a cheaper oil has been on offer in the provinces. The Consortium hipment price has been fixed at ros. per lb., c.i.f., with no business possible for this market. Editorial comment on p. 250.

Bors DE ROSE.—But very little business moving in this product: razilian, spot, 5s. to 5s. 3d. per lb.; shipment, 4s. 1od., c.i.f.

CAJUPUT.—Only small orders recorded: B.P., is, iod. to 2s. 2d. er lb., as to quantity.

CANANGA.—Some surprisingly cheap shipment offers have been received from Holland, making the market rather easier in the region of 7s. 3d., c.i.f. Spot in dull and irregular.

CAMPHOR.—Chinese white, on spot, is available at 105s. per cwt. Japanese, white, 90s. per cwt., both duty paid, ex wharf.

CARAWAY.—A limited inquiry continues: Dutch, rectified, 9s. to 9s. 12d.; crude, 8s. 6d. to 8s. 9d. per lb., landed and duty paid.

Cassia.—Market is dull: spot, good quality oil, 3s. id. to 3s. 2d.; shipment, about 2s. 6d. for drums and 2s. 9d. per lb., c.i.f., for leads.

CEDAR LEAF.—Spot, 5s. 6d. to 5s. 9d. per lb.; quiet.

CLDARWOOD.—The demand is quiet: African, in drums, 1s.; smaller packages, up to 1s. 3½d. per lb.; American, in drums, 1s. 1½d.; smaller packages, up to 1s. 4d. per lb.

CINNAMON LEAF.—Spot quotations for Ceylon are rather easier in the region of 2s. rod. per lb.; shipment is dull and quoted at 2s. 5½d. per lb., c.i.f.

CITRONELLA.—Reports indicate slightly better conditions in the Ceylon and Java products; business for this market quiet: Ceylon, spot, drums, 13. to 13. Id.; smaller parcels, up to 13. 4½d.; shipment, drums, 8¾d. to 9d. per lb., c.i.f. Java, spot, drums, 13. 3d.; smaller parcels, 13. 4d. to 13. 7d.; shipment, drums, 13. 0½d. per lb., c.i.f.

CLOVE.—Dealers' prices for the Madagascar oil are fully steady: Madagascar, spot, drums, 3s. 4d. to 3s. 5d.; smaller packings, up to 3s. 8d. per lb.; shipment, very few offers and firm at 2s. 11d. per lb., c.i.f. English oil is fully steady at about 4s. 6d. per lb.

EUCALYPTUS.—Prices are firm here and shipment business is difficult to book before October despatch: Australian, 70 to 75 per cent., 18. 3d.; 80 to 85 per cent., 18. 4d. per lb., landed; higher prices for small lots on spot. Spanish, 70 to 75 per cent., about 18. 4d. per lb., ex store.

GRAPE-FRUIT.—Most of the South African oil has been cleared on spot, with the value now nominal at 14s. 6d. per lb. Florida oil is available on spot.

Ho (Shiu).—Average small spot business, with prices ranging from is. 6d. to is. 9d. per lb., as to quality and quantity.

JUNIPER BERRY.—Spot, from 2s. 10d. to 3s. per lb., as to quantity.

LAVENDER.—Recent advices of values being mentioned for new crop oil of really good quality of about 38 to 40 per cent., are up to 24s. per lb., landed. There are, however, offers of oil at less than this figure.

Lemon.—The chief demand seems to have been for the cold-pressed Californian oil, supplies of which are very limited, with the price at present at 6s. 3d. per lb., if available. Spot stocks of Sicilian hand-pressed have not received much call, with holders looking for about 8s. to 8s. 9d. per lb. The source quotations this week average 6s. 6d. per lb., c.i.f.

Lemongrass.—Market has been dull. Spot, is. 9d. to 2s.; shipment, about is. 6d. per lb., c.i.f.

Mandarin.—The source is quoting at about 20s. 6d., c.i.f., but no business is possible. Anything in the shape of genuine oil on spot would be worth up to 30s. per lb.

Nummer.—Spot supplies of the American oil are available at about 5s. 4d. to 5s. 6d. per lb., as to quantity.

Orange.—Spot business seems to have been of no great consequence, but holders of French Guinea oil are hesitant about accepting 3s. for drums with most offers 3s. 1½d. to 3s. 3d. and up to 3s. 6d. for smalls. The Sicilian oil is nominal, spot and forward. Californian oil is steady: one case, 4s.; two or more cases, 3s. 1od.; small drums, 3s. 9d.; large drums, 3s. 8½d. per lb.

Palmarosa.—Business has been slow. Spot, 5s. rod. to 6s. per lb.; shipment, 5s. 6d. per lb., c.i.f.

PATCHOULI.—It is now difficult to locate Seychelles oil on spot and no offers are being made from the source. The Singapore oil is firm with a fair demand for re-export; quoted at 16s. 3d. to 16s. 6d. per lb.

Peppermint.—A good demand for Japanese is reported on spot, with the value 6s. r_2^1d . to 6s. 3d. Japanese shippers' prices are dearer on reports of poor crop with August-September 6s. 3d. and re-sellers at 6s. Id.; shippers offer October-December at 6s. with resellers at 5s. ro_2^1d . per lb. Business done at 5s. 8d. for October-December and buyers. Chinese oil has been moving quietly and current quotations are at 6s. for spot and about 5s. 9d., c.i.f., for afloat oil. The American natural oil tends firmer, due to a report from the source that the crop is about half that of last year. Quoted at 2 dollars 50/70 cents per lb. in drums, c.i.f.

Petitgrain.—Market has remained dull. Spot, in cases, about 3s. 6d. up to 3s. $10\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb. for smaller packages; shipment, in cases, 3s. 3d. per lb., c.i.f.

ROSEMARY.—This market is firm with spot supplies limited and firmly held for about 3s. per lb. No shipment offers or news from the source.

Sandalwood.—Genuine East Indian Mysore, 198. per lb., in one-case lots on spot; practically no second-hand offerings. Englishmade East Indian, 228. 6d. to 258. per lb., as to quantity. Englishmade West Indian, business done at 78. 3d. per lb. Australian oil continues steady: 5 cases, 148. 6d.; one case, 148. 9d.; 7-lb. tins, 158. 3d. per lb.

SASSAFRAS.—Dealers are quoting spot at about 3s. 7d. to 3s. 9d. per lb., as to quantity, for natural oil. Artificial oil at cheaper prices.

Spearmint.—Firm conditions are reported from the source with the price now at 8s. 9d. to 9s. c.i.f. Spot offers vary but most holders have advanced their figures to 9s. 6d. to 10s. per lb. Both spot and forward quotations are irregular at the moment, but there is definitely a sharply firmer tone.

SPIKE.—A very firm market with spot supplies running low and now quoted from 5s. 3d. to 5s. 4½d. per lb. No shipment offers and no news as to crop, if any, from the source.

THYME.—Spanish oils are firm and dear. Red, 4s. 6d. to 5s. 6d. White, 3s. to 3s. 6d. per lb., as to quality and quantity. Some Palestine oil, 75 per cent., is quoted at about 5s. 4½d. to 5s. 6d. per lb., spot.

Vetivert.—Dealers are offering small parcels of Bourbon on spot at about 37s. 6d. per lb.

Wormseed.—Market has remained quiet. U.S.P. oil, spot, 9s. 3d.; shipment, about 8s. $\rm rol_2^3d.$ per lb., c.i.f.

Sudan Gum Acacia Exports

BOXALL & Co. report shipments in June 1936 totalled 1,609 tons, compared with 1,518 tons in June 1935. Shipments for January-June 1936 totalled 12,454 tons, compared with 11,096 tons during the corresponding six months of 1935. The chief destinations were as follows:—

		;	1935		1936			
Destination		JanMay June Tot		Total	JanMay	JanMay June To		
Great Britain		2,023	618	2,641	2,576	330	2,906	
U.S.A		1,844	128	1,972	1,552	344	1,896	
France		1,105	163	1,268	2,216	185	2,401	
Germany		790	117	907	1,345	212	1,557	
Italy		605	122	727	14	30	44	
Belgium		631	51	682	660	147	807	
Japan		915	30	945	536	8	544	
Holland		288	44	332	438	58	496	
Spain		175	16	191	100	16	116	
Sweden		191	37	228	194	49	243	
Norway		21	II	32	24	1	25	
Australia		303	61	364	293	45	338	
New Zealand		27	10	37	28	3	31	
China		88	10	98	126	23	149	
Canada		82		82	117	32	149	
British India		II	-	II	26	_	26	
Denmark		40		40	74	29	103	
Finland		58	2	60	49	15	64	
Poland		27		27	28	8	36	
Rumania		9 16	5	14	55	7	62	
Turkey			-	16	28		28	
Greece		27	21	48	51	22	73	
Egypt		92	20	112	42	15	57	
Argentine		66	5	71	29		29	
Brazil		47	-	47	79	5	84	

The export figures are made up of the following qualities:—

Hashab Bleached Talha Total

June, 1935 ... tons 1,392 13 113 1.518

June, 1935 tons 1,392 13 113 1,518 June, 1936 tons 1,503 46 60 1,609 January-June, 1936 ... tons 10,251 58 787 11,096 January-June, 1936 ... tons 11,682 75 697 12,454

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Commercial Notes

U.S.A. LIME OIL IMPORTS.—Arrivals during 1935 were as follows:-

	lb.	\$		1b.	\$
France	126 1,502 11,048 1,521	1,434 687 33,326 57,620 14,762 53,160	Barbados Jamaica Trinidad and Tobago Other British W. Indies British Guiana Total	3 2,750 11,478 11,015 222 63,974	20 12,529 59,875 63,842 1,302 298,557

CEYLON AND JAVA CHRONELLA OIL.—The following table shows the exports of the two oils for the years 1926 to 1935:—

				Ceylon	Java	Total
			Į.	(ir	1,000 kgs. ne	et)
1926	 	 		650	1,181	1,832
1927	 	 		617	1,313	1,930
1928	 	 		545	1,140	1,685
1929	 	 		540	866	1,406
1930	 	 		551	815	1,366
1931	 	 		546	886	1,432
1932 .	 	 		581	991	1,571
1933]	662	I,522	2,184
1934	 	 		693	1,766	2,459
1935	 	 		636	1,657	2,293

The distribution of Ceylon citronella oil during the years 1931 to 1935 was as follows (in 1,000 kilos.):—

			1931	1932	1933	1934	1935
Europe			 262	241	235	286	2 50
America			 204	274	342	308	277
Asia			 40	33	39	40	44
Australia			 34	30	33		52
Africa			 7	3	11	42 16	13
Destination	ı unkn	own	 		ı	1	
Tota	al		 546	580	662	693	636

U.S.A. Aromatic Chemicals.—Production of synthetic aromatic chemicals of coal-tar origin in 1935 totalled 4,364,000 lb., an increase of 4.7 per cent. over the 1934 production of 4,168,000 lb. Flavours registered an increase, while perfume materials on the whole showed a decline from the preceding year. Outstanding items showing an increase were:—

			1934	1935
			lbs.	lbs.
Methyl salicylate	 	 	1,268,989	1,544,000
Vanillin	 	 	232,920	235,000
Acetophenone	 	 	6,686	7.232
Benzyl alcohol	 	 		114,000
Diethyl phthalate	 	 	879,474	934,000
Musk xylol	 	 	34,392	68,000
Phenylethyl alcohol	 	 	126,144	135,000

Japanese menthol and peppermint oil exports.—Exports of menthol crystal, menthol cane and peppermint oil from Japan decreased during the first quarter of 1936 compared with a similar period of 1935 as follows:—

	Ič)35	1936		
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
Menthol crystal (kin) Menthol cane (doz.) Peppermint oil (kin)	 157,762 25,464 130,000	Yen 1,681,765 29,398 550,345	110,597 23,785 100,100	Yen 1,190,098 21,892 500,193	

(I kin equals I·32 pounds).

I.F.S. CHEMICAL IMPORTS.—Six months' imports of medicines and medicinal preparations into the Free State to June totalled £134,380, as compared with £134,419 last year. The June figure alone was £20,203, against £17,936. Purchases of perfumery, cosmetics, etc., from abroad, notwithstanding the home production, for the six months, reached £14,209, as compared with £16,420. Imports of druggists' ware for the same period totalled £17,386, against £20,406.

Gambia bees-wax exports.—The United Kingdom receives the entir shipments of bees-wax from the colony, which for the past five years were as follows:—

1931		11,604 lb. 41,246 ,, 11,095 ,,	£344	1934	 59,826 lb. 63,989 .,	£1,404
1932		41,246 ,,	1,254	1935	 63,989 ,,	1,541
1933	 	11,095 ,,	272		'	

Brazilian Markets for insecticides.—The use in Brazil of agricultural insecticides and fungicides is increasing as a result of educational efforts of the agricultural co-operatives. The most troublesom pest is the leaf-cutting ant, which is said to reduce Brazilian cropabout 30 per cent. There are a number of producers of insecticide and fungicides, mostly located in Sao Paulo, using sulphur, arsenion or petroleum as the base of their manufactures. Low purchasing power has limited trade in high-priced imported products. The Brazilian Department of Agriculture recommends arsenicals for destruction of the curuquere worm, the chief cotton pest. Cottor seed fungiators employ carbon bisulphide or hydrocyanic acid gas A small market exists for citrus fungiants.

Japanfse camphor oil exports.—Exports from Japan for the first quarter of 1936 amounted to 122,900 kin, valued at 92,497 yen, as against 265,000 kin, valued at 119,850 yen, for a similar period of 1935. Exports for the first quarter of 1934 amounted to 293,000 kin, valued at 113,103 yen (1 kin equals 1.32 lb.).

U.S.A. cod-liver oil imports.—Arrivals for the years 1926 to 1935 were as follows:—

	Year	-	Gallons	Dollars		Year	Gallons	Dollars
1926			1,921,422	1,615,967	1931		 1,737,207	1,311,831
1927			2,375,297	2,231,032	1932		 1,247,998	804,375
1928			2,571,936	2,522,672	1933		 3,432,569	1,711,072
1929			2,860,728	2,448,162	1934		 3,470,259	2,190,985
1930			2,894,967	2,229,225	1935		 4,607,093	2,975,298
50				, ,,	, , ,			

TINNEVELLY SENNA EXPORTS.—Exports from the Madras Presidency, for the years 1934-35 and 1935-36, ending March 31, were as follows:

Destination	1934-	-1935	1935–1936		
United States Germany British Isles France Belgium Italy Japan Spain China Other Countries	Cwt. 11,712 15,659 6,725 6,592 3,793 2,420 461 486 717 1,652	Rupees 253,651 230,771 138,098 81,398 39,070 32,894 5,593 4,480 7,262 26,206	Cwt. 13,116 23,863 6,567 9,241 2,801 1,727 1,666 566 1,605 4,582	Rupees 252,651 302,184 130,658 113,089 31,272 26,182 17,550 5,575 14,877 65,965	
Total	50,217	819,423	65,734	990,003	

Trade with Russia

An agreement was entered into recently between the Export Credits Guarantee Department and the Soviet Trade Representative under which the Department will give guarantees in concexion with orders which the Soviet Government Organisations are to place in this country up to a total of £10,000,000. These orders are to be placed by September 30, 1937, that is, within a period of approximately twelve months. The Soviet Trade Representative has given a formal assurance that it is the intention of the Soviet Government to place orders up to the full limit of £10,000,000. The Export Credits Guarantee Department has agreed to make arrangements which will enable the Soviet Government to pay cash for all these orders. From time to time, the Soviet Government will issue notes carrying interest at 5½ per cent, per annum and payable in five years. The principal and interest of these notes will be guaranteed by the Export Credits Guarantee Department. The notes will then be sold and in this way money will be provided which will be paid into a special account of the Soviet Trade Representative in a British bank, to be used solely for the purpose of paying for the goods ordered under this Agreement. One point of special interest to British manufacturers should be mentioned. At the present time the Buying Organisations of the Soviet Union normally pay for their purchases under conditions which have in certain cases given rise to difficulties. In connexion with the Agreement just concluded, arrangements have been made with a view to removing any anxieties that British exporters might feel about these methods of payment. An undertaking has been given by the Soviet Trade Representative, that in all cases, provided that the shipping documents are in order, payment will be made within thirty days, and that in the event of any complaint that the account has not been settled within that period, he will make payment forthwith, provided that the shipping documents are in order, irrespective of any other question which

Correspondence

Correspondents may adopt an assumed name, but must in all cases furnish their real name and address to the Editor

Apothecaries' Assistants

SIR,—The remarks of "M.P.S. and Assistant, Society of Apothecaries," in your issue of August 22 (p. 233) fail to prove Apothecaries," in your issue of August 22 (p. 233) fail to prove the so-called inaccuracies in my letter of August 15. He also evades the point in question. Is or is not the dispenser of the Society of Apothecaries a careful and very efficient dispenser? The poor-law institution has only changed its name, but that does not alter the essential facts in my statement. Moreover, it is quite outside the discussion to say that a Fellow of the Royal College undertakes not to dispense medicines. That point did not arise, and cannot affect the fact that all members of the medical profession enjoy equal rights in law in connexion with their profession. Finally, a dispenser can contravene the Dangerous Drugs Acts in other ways than by not keeping proper records.—Yours faithfully, GRAHAM BOTT,

Secretary, the Association of Certificated Dispensers.

SIR,—Whenever the reservation of dispensing for pharmacy is secured, I fail to see why it should to any serious extent affect either the present status or the economic dependence of the Apothecaries Hall assistant. Indeed, on the contrary, it might even improve it. The only economic change would be that the demand for his services which he now finds among the doctors should then be found with the pharmacist. As to his status, the recognition you refer to as given by the Pharmaceutical Society in the post-war period might conceivably receive some legislative confirmation in any Bill for the reservation of dispensing. As to the respective values of the two qualifications, a certificated dispenser is one type of service and the registered pharmacist is another, and each may be complementary to the other; but it would be difficult to argue for the inclusion of a certificated dispenser on the Register of pharmacists and to quote the Dentists Act in support. In the case of the dentists the unqualified practised the entire art of dentistry, which is not quite on a par with the pharmaceutical position. . . .—Yours faithfully,
FRANK E. S. CLARKE,
Secretary, Newport and Monmouth Branch of
the Pharmaceutical Society.

Newport.

[Our correspondent may have overlooked, the fact that Section 4 (b) of the Poisons and Pharmacy Act, 1908, has not been repealed.—Editor.]

SIR,—Your editorial article "Apothecaries" Assistants Pother" (C. & D., August 22, p. 225) is, to my mind, a wise expression of opinion, and should cause the impetuous among our reformers to think well before clamouring after what may well prove a phantom, dispensing by chemists only. to be congratulated on pointing out that the apothecaries' assistants are entitled to consideration in making such a claim, and this is a matter which many in our ranks are apt to forget. A further dilution of the Register of Chemists and Druggists would certainly be fraught with disaster to the business of pharmacists, and the prospects of improved monetary and other conditions might well be set back for another fifty years. The experience of indignities heaped upon us in the Pharmacy and Poisons Act should teach us to "ca-canny" lest a greater evil overtake us. Fifty years ago pharmacy might have achieved its just recognition, had our then leaders adopted the attitude "I stand upon my native heath." To-day our only hope is in "progress by negotiation."—Yours, etc.

THE THISTLE (26/8).

SIR,—Your editorial article on the controversy arising out of the resolution at the Bournemouth Conference with regard to the training of Apothecaries' Hall assistants is interesting. First, it is a very debatable point as to who are the direct and legitimate descendants of the old apothecaries; one hears it argued that the doctors, the pharmacists and the present Apothecaries' Hall dispensers are. The doctors may be, but I think the pharmacist most certainly is, for the old apothecary kept open shop and was more than a mere dispenser. That being so, there appears to my mind to be no fear of the same position arising as arose over the Dentists Act of 1921,

when unqualified and qualified were doing exactly the same work and in precisely the same kind of premises; for it is only necessary, should an Act of Parliament be necessary to secure the whole of the dispensing for the pharmacist, for a section of the Act to provide for a "dispensing assistant" or assistant dispenser, who would be employed by a pharmacist and under his direction and supervision. To suppose that Apothecaries' Hall dispensers should be granted facilities and benefits for which they have not had the training would surely not be in the best interest nor be reasonably expected. The advice given by the registrar of the Society of Apothecaries to seek the qualifications of the Pharmaceutical Society in order to make progress is proof of the official opinion held on these points, and is a wise and prudent remark.—Yours faithfully,

DISPENSING CHEMIST (25/8).

Sir,—Two points seem to have emerged clearly from the discussion on the apothecaries' assistants' qualification. First, most of your correspondents do not question the ability of the holders of these certificates to dispense prescriptions; and second, in spite of the proof of their skill afforded by the examination, under the present condition of the law they cannot practise dispensing except under the supervision of a medical man or a pharmacist. One could wish that the Bournemouth Conference, before moving a resolution urging pharmacists not to train Apothecaries' Hall students in shops, had passed a resolution to the effect that youths (and especially young girls) without the necessary preliminary educational certificate, and with no intention of studying for any qualification, should not be trained to become unqualified assistants. has been far too much of this in recent years, especially since the war. Would it not be better to put the pharmaceutical house in order first? If it is an important plank in the pharmaceutical platform to reserve dispensing for pharmacists, is it intended that the actual work should be done by pharmacists only, or is the old formula "under supervision" to be retained? If so, we can hardly complain if doctors and institutions claim the same right.—Faithfully yours, ONE AT A TIME (24/8).

Subscribers' Symposium

For interchange of opinion among "C. & D." readers and brief notes on business and practical topics.

Provision Against Illness

Having just experienced the benefit and relief of being a shareholder in the N.P.U. Chemists' Sickness and Provident Society, I should like to declare my gratitude to my fellow-craftsmen who devised this scheme. I should like to hear from half a dozen young men or women up to aged thirty to let me point out in a brief letter the advantages of becoming a shareholder.—R. B. Hodder, Ph.C., Winchester.

Aprons in the Pharmacy

Reference to the "master" who always wore his apron (C. & D., August 15, p. 169) recalls to many of us the chemists and druggists (or, as they were more familiarly called, the "droggists") of a generation and more ago. I can well remember two Ph.C.s in a Northern town. One were a white apron under a swallow-tail coat; ludicrous though this may seem, this gentleman had a distinctly professional appearance, accentuated by his long flowing beard and gold-rimmed spectacles. Ph.C. No. 2 not only wore a white apron, which he always tied over his jacket, but also wore white sleeves over his jacket sleeves, and on his head a skull cap. I can remember several Glasgow chemists wearing white aprons, among others the late Mr. Cappell, Hillhead, and Mr. John McMillan, Great Western Road. When Mr. McMillan engaged an assistant the latter had to sign a code of establishment rules, one of which was that he must wear a clean white apron every day. Varying degrees of cleanliness in the aprons worn by the staff eventually brought about the elimination of a doubtful adornment. The living-in system was practically unknown in Scotland.—Scotia (18/8).

Augus

Miscellaneous Inquiries

We do not undertake to analyse and report upon proprietary articles nor to publish supposed formulas for them.

M. J. C. (8/83).—Curd in calves.—Curd or milk dyspepsia in calves should be prevented by mixing either some lime water or some sodium citrate in the milk fed to calves; also the milk should not be from a stale cow but one that is the mother of the calf or one that calved about the same time. The calf should be fed at frequent intervals with the milk at blood heat. Sometimes if curd is suspected, essence of rennet is given with some dilute hydrochloric acid. The following mixtures would be suitable for treatment:—

	I							
Liq. ainmon, arom.				Зij.				
Sod. citrat				3iv.				
Liq. cardam. co.				3 j.				
Tinct, zingib, fort,				3ij.				
Aq. carui			ad	₹viij.				
II								
Liq. ammon. arom.				₹ij. ʒij.				
Tinct, capsici								
Sp. menth. pip				Зij.				
Sp. chlorof				žss. žviij.				
Aq. anethi			ad	₹ viij.				
₹j. vel ₹ij. t.d.s. c	. 3 vj. l	actis.						

Should there be any diarrhœa, give first an aperient and add some tinct. opii. to either prescription.

- C. K. W. (18/87).—Cattle dishorner.—The chemical usually supplied for dishorning cattle is either a strong solution or a stick of caustic potash. This is applied to the bud of the horn once every second day for a week, when a scab will form over the bud and then drop off, carrying with it the cells which would have formed the horn. Little or no pain is occasioned, but it should be pointed out that the operation must be carried out before the animal is one month old, otherwise under the Animals Anæsthetics Act it is necessary to administer a general anæsthetic before the dishorning is commenced. When it is desired to remove the tips of the horns from cattle—as may be necessary when they are in a confined space for fattening, owing to the risk of their maiming one another—a special instrument known as the horn guillotine is used. When a general anæsthetic is necessary it is advisable that it should be administered by a veterinary surgeon.
- W. S. L. (18/88).—Spirit regulations.—A synopsis of the spirit laws and regulations was published in *The Chemist and Druggist Diary*, 1936, commencing on page 301.
- R. B. (21/88).—Balsam as a dutiable title.—The words "balm" and "balsam" were stated in 1907 to indicate a "curative or remedial agent, possessing softening and soothing properties," so that titles like "lung balsam" render the preparations liable to medicine-stamp duty. On the other hand, titles such as "balsam of horehound and linseed" do not in themselves create liability, as they do not include the name of a part of the body.
- A. S. (21/88).—Wife as an employee.—A wife in the employ of her husband does not come within the scope of either National Health or Unemployment insurance.
- J. G. (21/88).—Etching glass.—The preparation you have in mind for stamping tumblers is an etching cream. This consists of equal parts of ammonium fluoride and barium sulphate made into a cream with hydrofluoric acid. This is applied to the glass by means of a rubber stamp, allowed to remain for twelve hours, then washed off.
- C. C. (21/88).—Plant causing illness in cattle.—The plant is that of the bog myrtle or sweet gale. This is a bushy resinous, aromatic shrub growing in boggy land in Britain and European countries. The fragrant leaves are astringent and tonic, and are used as a rustic medicine in the form of tea. The leafy portion of the plant, on account of its aroma and bitter taste, has been employed as a substitute for hops in brewing beer. The plant is not known to have any direct poisonous action, but it is evidently not suitable for food for cattle, being too astringent and indigestible. The only natural remedy is to keep the cattle away from the land growing the bog myrtle, or eradicate the plant itself as far as possible. The cattle which are suffering should be given a purge as an antidote to the astringent action of the plant.

- W. B. (14/88).—Shampoo powder for dog.—A similar product could be made by mixing two parts of soap powder with one part of borax. There may have been some slight antiseptic present originally, but we cannot trace any now.
- P. B. (10/88).—Sickness in dogs travelling by rail or sea contains a white crystalline powder. This appears to be chloretone (chlorbutol), with apparently no additional ingredient.
- R. J. R. (20/88).—Sunburn lotion.—" Suntan and Sunbronze" was the subject of an article in the C. & D. Annual Special Issue (June 27, p. 726). An additional formula to those given there is as follows:—

Tannic acid		 2 parts
Glycerin		 3 part
Tincture of quillaia		 ī part
Industrial spirit	• • • •	 to 100 parts

This could be perfumed as desired, one of the popular odours being that of bay rum.

Poisons Queries

Subscribers are asked before sending us inquiries to consult the C. & D. "Poisons Guide," also the following articles which have appeared in the C. & D.: How to Supply Poisons (January 18, p. 69); Labelling of Poisons (March 7, pp. 284, 285); Wholesale Dealing in Poisons (April 25, p. 493.)

- J. R. (11/84).—The arsenic must be distinctively coloured by the addition of a dye soluble in water. The Poisons Colouring Rules, which were published in the $C. \otimes D.$, May 9, do not mention any particular colour.
- J. S. (18/84).—Alkaloids of jaborandi are Part I poisons. Preparations containing 0.5 per cent. and over are in Schedule I, but total exemption is allowed (under the Third Schedule) of substances containing less than 0.025 per cent. of alkaloids. Preparations containing jaborandi alkaloids between these quantities are still Part I poisons, but are "unscheduled." Thus they are only subject to labelling requirements, but can only be sold by authorised sellers of poisons.
- R. & T. (21/88).—Under Rule 19 any article specified in the Seventh Schedule must, instead of being labelled with the word "Poison," be labelled with the words specified as applying to that article. In the case of your preparation, the words are "Caution. It is dangerous to exceed the stated dose," Thus, you will see it is not correct, or rather it will not be correct after January 1, to use the poison slip enclosed with your letter. The amount of nux vomica must be stated, and the statutory particulars must be either within a frame or on a separate label. We think it would help you to design your label if you studied the article published in The Chemist and Druggist, July 25, p. 105.

Retrospect of Fifty Years Ago

Reprinted from "The Chemist and Druggist," August 28, 1886

Synthetic Quinine

The startling announcement which was made at the beginning of this week that a medical man had succeeded in producing quinine artificially has naturally given rise to much uneasiness in the drug market. Such a discovery would several years ago have been hailed with enthusiasm, but just at present the merchants are desirous that chemists who work at the synthesis of quinine should take a very long holiday. At the London docks there lies an overwhelming stock of cinchona bark; in our colonies immense sums of money have been invested in cinchona plantations, and quinine is fast becoming a byword in Mincing Lane for whatsoever is uncertain and unprofitable. We have cried long for cheap quinine; now we have it, and many wish it to be dearer, and watch week after week for the smallest sign of an advance, as though the present low price were a calamity. The report which we publish of an interview . . . is reassuring to speculators, and we confidently anticipate that the future of natural quinine will be long enough to enable those who are interested in it to put their houses in order for the arrival of the artificial alkaloid.

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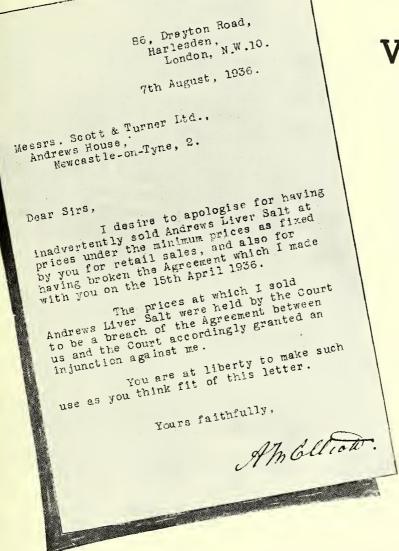
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) 1)1	•	,,	5/-	46/8
SKIN LOTION	• • •		1/3	11/8
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,,		•••	3/-	28/-
,,			5/-	46/8
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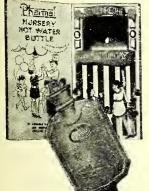
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This Supplement is inserted in every copy of The Chemist & Druggist

28 ESSEX STREET, LONDON, W.C. 2

AUGUST 29. 1936

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3.—VICTORIA.—Good Class General Retail Business; established about 3 years ago; takings present rate average £30 per week; stock worth £350; lock-up shop; price asked £800 all at or near offer; Vendor leaving Pharmacy.

4.—LONDON, W.C.r.—High-Class Retail and Dispensing Business; takings over £60 per week; rent £250, sublet £75; long lease; stock worth about £1,000; valuable fixtures; price all at £2,500 or valuation terms entertained; genuine reason for sale.

5.—HOUNSLOW.—High-Class Business with excellent living accommodation over; returns about £1,500 per annum; gross profit £525; very

modation over; returns about $f_{1,500}$ per annum; gross profit f_{525} ; very attractive shop; premises can be bought or leased at reasonable rental; price of business f_{300} , plus stock and fixtures at valuation, or alternatively

attractive since; premises can be bought of leased at reasonable reintal; price of business £300, plus stock and fixtures at valuation, or alternatively £1,100 all at.

6.—STREATHAM.—Branch Business for disposal; takings average over £60 per week; good profits; Accountant's figures; rent £250 per annum; held on £case; stock worth about £750, very nice fixtures; price £1,750 all at or £500 for the Lease and Goodwill, plus stock and fixtures at valuation.

7.—CRICKLEWOOD.—Branch Business for disposal, Middle Class; Photographic; established to years; returns present rate £15 per week; scope for large increase; good-sized shop; very nicely fitted; fixtures cost £400 to years ago; stock worth about £250; sublets amount to £90 per annum; rent £140; held on £1,250; price for immediate sale £450 all at; ill-health reason for disposal.

8.—TEDDINGTON.—Retirement vacancy; General Retail Business with small Optical connection; takings last year exceeded £1,550; gross profit £595; modern double-fronted shop; spacious living accommodation; price £650, plus stock at valuation, in all about £900.

9.—FOREST GATE.—General Retail Business situate in good position; modern shop front; takings about £1,400 per annum; rent £75 per annum inclusive of rates; long lease; living accommodation available if required; price all at £750 or valuation terms entertained.

10.—PENGE.—General Retail Business for sale owing to ill-health; takings £1,300 per annum; net profit £380-£400 per annum; heavy stock;

10.—PENGE.—General Retail Business for sale owing to ill-health; takings £1,300 per annum; net profit £380-£400 per annum; heavy stock;

attractive fixtures; very low rental; price £900 all at or near offer; scope

ri.—ESSEX (MARKET TOWN).—Country Retail Business; returns average £1,650 per annum; net profit (Income Tax figures) £650; rent and rates £50 per annum; price to include Book debts £1,350.

12.—BERKSHIRE.—Country Retail Business; Good Class Clientele; takings present rate about \$16 per week, increasing; fixtures by Maws; clean stock; shop cost the proprietor \$670 to open 18 months ago; price all at \$660 or valuation terms entertained; genuine reason for disposal.

clean stock; shop cost the proprietor £670 to open 18 months ago; price all at £660 or valuation terms entertained; genuine reason for disposal.

13.—BIRMINGHAM.—For immediate sale by lady; Light Retail Business offering scope for increase; takings average £15 per week; excellent profits; stock and fixtures estimated to be worth £550; rent £40 per annum; nice living accommodation with garage; price all at £650 or £100 for the Lease and Goodwill, plus stock and fixtures at valuation.

14.—MIDDLESEX (NEW SUBURB).—Good Class Business offering scope for increase; takings last year exceeded £1,300; gross profit nearly 36 per cent.; living accommodation if required (at present sublet); fixtures excluding shop front cost £317; stock worth about £275; price asked £900 all at or near offer, or valuation terms entertained.

15.—PLYMOUTH.—Branch Business for disposal owing to ill-health; rent and rates £40 per annum; lock-up shop; stock worth £200, fixtures £100; Neon sign; takings £900 per annum; premises situate in advantageous position; price all at £350.

16.—MANCHESTER.—Good Class Retail Business; established about 18 months; increasing turnover, present rate being about £20 per week; gross profit 40 per cent.; stock and fixtures worth £218; self-contained flat over; nice garden; reasonable rent; price £550 all at or near offer.

17.—SOUTHEND-ON-SEA.—General Retail Business in excellent position; turnover £1,800 last year; lock-up shop; long lease at £175 per annum; ample opportunities for further development; price to include Lease, Goodwill, stock and fixtures £1,000.

18.—WORCESTERSHIRE.—High-Class Retail and Dispensing Business in present hands over 30 years; turnover approximately £4,500 per annum; net profit about £900 per annum; stock and fixtures worth £2,700; prospective purchasers with £4,250 at command may apply for further particulars.

19.—SURREY (FEW MILES OUT).—Middle-Class Family Retail Business in present hands 8 years; takings average £23-£25 per week; net profit £350 per annum; stock and fixtures w

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turnover for last financial year, upwards of £1,750; price, including leaselold property, approximately £1,400, part of which might possibly be; raised on mortgage, if necessary; please supply Bankers' references in first instance.

(C2) LONDON, N.W.—Old-established, good-class business, for sale owing to retirement; present returns £1,650/£1,750 per annum, with scope for considerable further increase; very reasonable rental which includes limited residential accommodation; price by arrangement; to the right type of prospective purchaser, the owner would consider a temporary partnership arrangement, with a view to succession, or might be prepared to allow a portion of the purchase money to remain over for a reasonable period.

(C3) NORWOOD.—Old-established family business with large N.H.I., now doing at the rate of approximately £1,225 per annum, but these figures should be capable of a fair amount of augmentation; rent and rates, inclusive of house above £74 per annum; price £750, or near offer.

(C4) SOUTHPORT.—Good middle-class business with some optics, which can either be taken over or otherwise; turnover for last financial year £1,100; good scope with personal interest and attention; for a quick sale will accept approximate value of stock and fixtures only.

(C5) KENT COAST.—Attractive, modern lock-up Pharmacy, situated in growing area; turnover; returns for last financial year, £1,231, and steadily increasing turnover; returns for last year, £1,364; rent and rates approximately 22/- per week only; reasonable purchase price, part of which might remain under approved circumstances.

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(C10) KINGSTON-ON-THAMES (NEAR).—Main-road Pharmacy with living accommodation, situated in growing district; average turnover approximately \$f_1,000 per annum; rent \$f_05\$; business easily worked; price \$f_050\$ all at, or reasonable offer.

(C11) BUCKS.—Lock-up Pharmacy with large N.H.I., at present under management; now doing approximately \$f_20\$ weekly; rent, including rates, \$f_52\$ per annum; good scope for considerable increase under personal proprietorship; price \$f_055\$, or reasonable offer.

(C12) SOUTHAMPTON.—Pharmacy with living accommodation (optional), situated in good-class district, can be acquired at "bargain figure for quick transaction; now doing at the rate of approximately \$f_17\$ per week, with scope for substantial increase; low rental; for a quick sale, \$f_250\$ all-at will be accepted.

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(C15) WIMBLEDON.—Drug Store showing present returns of approximately \$f_10\$ weekly; good scope, particularly under qualified proprietorship; low rental; thickly populated area to draw upon; price approximately \$f_10\$ or ectal.

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(C18) LONDON, N.—Lock-up Pharmacy situated in populous working-class district; increasing turnover, now at the rate of £800/£1,000 per annum; rent £60; no near opposition; price £460, or near offer.

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CLAPHAM (near).—Old-established middle-class Retail Business with good Agencies; Panel exceeds £7 per week; takings this year exceeded £3,550, gross profit £1,340, net profit £850, accountant's figures; house over shop well decorated; very long lease at £104 per annum; lowest price £2,600 all at; early sale desired as proprietor has purchased a business in the country. 286/373, Office of this Paper.

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LONDON, S.W.—Good middle-class Retail Business with large Panel, Kodak, Innova, Rexall agencies; returns 1930 approximately £3,400; long lease at low rental; good profit; accountant's figures. 83/26, Office of this Paper.

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DRUG Store, established 1914, for Sale; in main thoroughfare; lock-up; well fitted; two rooms over shop; big scope for Qualified; average returns three years £1,000; owner wishes to retire; £200; stock at valuation. 286/368, Office of this Paper.

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CHEMIST'S Business (or Drug Store) with Sub-Post Office wanted in Southern England and West of London; advertiser is in no immediate hurry if a suitable opening is not at present available, but would be pleased to hear from a present proprietor who has contemplated retirement. 82/20, Office of this Paper.

PREMISES TO LET.

EAST HORSLEY (between Leatherhead and Guildford).—An excellent opportunity for a Chemist who wishes to create a personal and good-class practice; Shop to Let in handsome terrace of nineteen, in good and improving business position; rent of shop, with two self-contained flats over, only £155. Apply Frank H. Chown, Horsley Towers Estate Office, East Horsley.

DOUBLE-FRONTED Shop, 35 ft. deep; busy main road; popular suburb, 50,000 population. There are 50 modern flats over and adjacent (all let); rent £90 p.a. plus rates first seven years, first year concession; 21 years' lease granted. Sole Agents, Melhuish & Henson, 8 Morden Court Parade, London Road, Morden. Mitcham 4176.

OPPORTUNITY OCCURS to establish a Business in a well-developed and rapidly growing district near Hounslow; only 4 shops now left on a Parade which occupies a commanding mainroad corner position; a Chemist is urgently needed by the district and should be instantly successful; the accommodation comprises large sales shop and a self-contained flat above of 4 good rooms, kitchen, bathroom, etc.; the rent is £125 per annum exclusive on lease. Apply to John Allsop, Sole Agent, 433 Great West Road, Hounslow. Tel.: Hounslow 2620.

CHOP to Let in new terrace in fine developing district, Leigh-on-Sea, Essex; no opposition; fine opportunity for a Chemist; splendid living accommodation; moderate rent; early application advised. Full details apply "Owner," 22 Medway Crescent, Leigh-on-Sea. 'Phone 7385.

TWO Shops to Let in fine main-road positions at Mitcham, Surrey, and Gravesend, Kent; ample scope for Chemist and Photography; with or without accommodation; rental from £52 per annum. Apply Owner, "Unity" House, Dartford Road, Dartford, Kent.

AGENCIES.

A GENTS on Commission required for sale of world's best Safety Razor and Blades; only live men need apply. "Razors," Wm. Porteous & Co., Glasgow.

DUTCH Factory of Dressings, existing more than 50 years, wishes to get in touch with English Manufacturers in the Pharmaceutical, Cosmetic, Perfumery and Associated Industries in order to obtain the Sole Agency of their articles fit for Holland; manufacturers must be prepared to support the introduction of their articles by a widespread advertising in Dutch papers. 286/364, Office of this Paper.

PATENTS.

THE Proprietors of British Patent No. 376,806, relating to Polymethylenediguanidine Laxatives, are desirous of entering into arrangements to secure the commercial development of the invention and are willing to grant Licences for the manufacture of the laxative or to dispose of the Patent Rights. Enquiries should be addressed in the first instance to O'Donnell, Livsey & Co., Chartered Patent Agents, 47 Victoria Street, London, S.W.1.

TENDERS

SEVERALLS MENTAL HOSPITAL, COLCHESTER.

THE COMMITTEE OF VISITORS invite TENDERS for the supply of DRUGS AND DRESSINGS for the six months ending 31st March, 1937.

For Form of Tender apply, enclosing stamped addressed envelope, to the Clerk of the Hospital, Severalls, Colchester.

Sealed tenders must be received NOT LATER than 12th September, 1936, addressed to the Committee of Visitors, Severalls Mental Hospital, Colchester.

The Committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

SALE BY AUCTION.

KING'S LYNN, NORFOLK.

SAMSON & ANDERSON are instructed to Sell by Auction at the "Globe" Hotel, King's Lynn, on WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1936, at 7 p.m.,

THE VALUABLE FREEHOLD CORNER BUSINESS PREMISES known as No. 17 High Street, King's Lynn, situate in the main shopping thoroughfare of the borough, having a frontage of 14 ft. 6 in. and a return frontage of 101 feet. For many years occupied as a Chemist's Business, and the Stock and Fittings may be taken at Valuation if required. Vacant Possession. Particulars and Conditions of Sale may be obtained from Samson & Anderson, Auctioneers, 9 Portland Street, King's Lynn (Tel. 2544), or from Jackson & Jackson, Solicitors, Bank Chambers, King's Lynn.

SITUATIONS OPEN.

RETAIL (HOME).

6s. for 40 words or less; 6d. for every additional 10 words or less, prepaid. (Box No., 1s. extra.)

BRIGHTON.—Vacancy for young Qualified Assistant (male) in high-class Dispensing establishment; permanent; applicants must be of good appearance and address. Please give full particulars and photo in first letter. 286/366, Office of this Paper.

PRIGHTON.—Well-experienced Manager wanted at once (28-35); good Photographic knowledge cssential. Send full particulars and enclose photo (to be returned), Edgar Jones, 94 Preston Drive, Brighton.

CHELMSFORD, Essex.—Smart male Junior Assistant required in one month's time for main street branch; must be good Dispenser and have had Window-dressing experience. Apply, stating age, experience, height, copy references, salary required and when free, to T. Bellamy, Pharmaceutical Chemist, 2 Tindal Square, Chelmsford.

 $E^{\rm AST}$ COAST.—Improver or Junior required, male; live indoors state age, height and usual particulars; small town. 83/51 Office of this Paper.

H AMMERSMITH.--Qualified Manager (25-40) required in September; good all-round man; permanency. Please state height, age, experience, salary required and recent references to boughas, 127 Brackenbury Road, W.6.

K ENSINGTON—Unqualified gentleman (under 30) required for high-class Dispensing business. Please state usual particulars, when disengaged and salary required to 83/1, Office of this Paper.

IVERPOOL.—Unqualified Assistant (male). Kindly state full particulars of experience, age, height and salary required to R. & J. Herman, Chemists, Aintree, Liverpool.

L ONDON, N.W.—Wanted, Lady Assistant, Unqualified (25 to 30), capable Dispenser and accustomed to a good-class Counter trade, particularly in the better-class Toilet preparations. Please give full particulars of experience, age, salary and when disengaged to 286/374, Office of this Paper.

 $L^{ONDON,~W.4.-Wanted,~Junior~Assistant~(male),~Unqualified,\\full~particulars,~83/6,~Office~of~this~Paper.}$

LONDON, WEST.—Qualified Assistant, also Unqualified Junior, for Good-class West-End Business; opportunity for keen men to gain experience. Write, stating age, experience, when disengaged, and salary required, to G. H. Pierson, 94 Queen's Road, Bayswater, W.2.

MANCHESTER.—Qualified Manager required shortly for branch; must be energetic, capable Salesman and Window-dresser; good prospects for worker. Reply, stating age, experience, references, etc., wages required, Photo if possible and when free, to 79/4, Office of this Paper.

MANCHESTER.—Young, Qualified, for branch, working-class district; used to quick Counter and N.H.I.; permanency. State age, experience and salary and when free to Tomlinsons (M/C), Ltd., 21 and 23 Embden Street, C.-on-M., Manchester, 15.

MIDLANDS.—Three Unqualified Assistants, either sex, required immediately; good prospects with progressive firm. Give fullest particulars, age, salary, etc., send photograph, state when free. 83/18, Office of this Paper.

OXFORD.—Qualified Manager wanted at once for Middle-class Business doing fair amount N.H.I. work; living accommodation available; salary and commission given; enclose photo with full particulars. Oddy & Co., Chemists, 53 St Clements, Oxford.

PUTNEY HILL.—At once, Junior Assistant (male), outdoors, Unqualified; well up in Dispensing. Mr. Framingham, T. Jones & Co., 5 Putney Hill, S.W.15.

CURREY.—Unqualified Assistant (25-30) required for September 21; experienced Dispenser and Counterman essential; permanency. Reply, giving full particulars of experience, age, height and salary required, 83/50, Office of this Paper.

SURREY (20 miles London)—Experienced Lady Assistant (unqualified); good Counterhand with personality, also Windowdresser. State age, experience, salary, etc., and send references with first application. Statim, c/o Wright, Layman & Umney, Southwark Street, S.E.1.

WEST OF ENGLAND.—Qualified Assistant; light duties; easy hours; or part time could be arranged; suit elderly gentleman or one requiring time for study. Apply with full particulars, giving references and salary required, 82/5, Office of this Paper.

PHOTOGRAPHS, TESTIMONIALS, &c.

When answering advertisements in this section applicants are strongly advised not to send (unless specially requested) ORIGINAL TESTIMONIALS or VALUABLE PHOTO-GRAPHS. As can be readily understood, when an advertiser receives from 100 to 150 replies the task of returning photographs, testimonials, &c., is one of some difficulty.

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COMPETENT Lady Assistant required in good-class Family and Dispensing Business; Window-dresser and able to keep accounts; qualification unnecessary if otherwise competent. Replies in first instance to 84/12, Office of this Paper.

DISPENSER required in London suburh, Junior entertained; little Clerical work. Address age, salary and experience to 84/26, Office of this Paper.

REPERIENCED Male Assistant required for Drug Department. Apply Burgis & Colbourne, Ltd., Bedford Stores, Leamington Spa.

IMMEDIATELY.—Male Assistant, thoroughly experienced, well up in sales, for modern West-End Pharmacy. State full particulars, age and salary required to 84/14, Office of this Paper.

JUNIOR Assistant, chiefly for Dispensing, for Milford branch, required middle of September; permanency; must be thoroughly reliable Dispenser; lady or gentleman. Kirkman, Chemist, New Milton.

LADY Assistant required; good Dispenser and Counterhand. Full particulars and salary required to Saunders, Dispensing Chemist, Braiutree, Essex.

LADY Assistants required, one Qualified, one Unqualified; must be experienced and capable; please give full particulars in first letter; good wages; excellent positions for those willing to work. Apply in confidence, Birmingham Chemist, 84/5, Office of this Paper.

LADY Dispenser with knowledge of Typing and Book-keeping required immediately by a firm of Doctors in Westminster; salary £60 per annum; live in. Apply, stating usual particulars, to 83/45, Office of this Paper.

L OCUM.—Qualified lady or gentleman for four weeks, Sept. 7 to Oct. 3, for N.H.I. Dispensing and general Counter work. Full particulars, salary required outdoors, two recent references, J. Marlar & Son, Ltd., 49/51 High Street, Halstead, Essex.

LOCUM.—Qualified, male, for fortnight from Aug. 31 or Sept. 7 or Sept. 14. Send usual references and state terms to Freeman, St. Peter's Street, St. Albans. 'Phone 735.

LOCUM.—Reliable Unqualified Lady or Gent. required for about 3 weeks from August 31 for Dorchester, Dorset. Apply, full particulars, to Smith, 80 Battersea Bridge Road, S.W.11.

Manager (under 30 preferred), Qualified, for busy branch business in North London; real prospects, in addition to good commencing salary, to keen and competent man. Please give full particulars, age, height, etc., and photo, if available, to 84/23, Office of this Paper.

MANAGER.—Young Pharmacist for small branch business; sole charge; personality essential; salary 70s. per week to commence, later commission. Give fullest particulars in first letter, enclose photo if possible (returned). Reply to "Berkshire," 83/11, Office of this Paper.

PART-TIME, 2 or 3 evenings weekly, elderly Qualified Chemist; duties very light; permanency; Harrow district; state terms. 83/2, Office of this Paper.

PERMANENCY for a Qualified Assistant, Lady or Gentleman; must be capable and energetic. Write, stating experience (if any), age and salary required, to Smith's, Ltd., Highfield Lane, Keighley. Letters unanswered in 7 days declined.

P. H. Hall, Chemist, 13 Clifton Road, Maida Vale, requires a capable Unqualified Assistant (25-35); experienced in highest-class Counter and Dispensing Business; apply by letter only, giving full particulars, to the above.

QUALIFIED Assistant wanted for country business, West of England. Full particulars to 84/27, Office of this Paper.

QUALIFIED Assistant Superintendent; able to take charge if required; must be quick, courteous Counterman; used to first-class Pharmacy; send terms, full particulars, photograph and copy references; commence earliest. Kendalls Chemists Ltd., York.

QUALIFIED Assistant wanted, either lady or gentleman; comfortable and permanent post to suitable applicant; state wage and full particulars first letter; E. Yorks. 76/42, Office of this Paper.

QUALIFIED; evenings from about 6 till 8; South-East London; light Counter and N.H.I. Age and wages required to 83/540, Office of this Paper.

QUALIFIED Lady Assistant; light Retail, Dispensing and Display; kindly state full particulars in first letter; North London. 84/22, Office of this Paper.

UALIFIED Lady Assistant wanted; Counter experience preferred; state when free and salary required. S. M. Morris, 143 Broadway, Hanwell, W.7.

QUALIFIED lady or gent. required; comfortable berth; permanency or locum, to supervise Dispensing, other assistants kept. Full particulars salary, experience, etc., to 83/23, Office of this Paper.

QUALIFIED lady (or gentleman), young, for light medium-class business; good at Window-dressing and Counter; permanency. Write, Mitchell, Chemist, 6 Lewisham Road, S.E.13. Applications not answered in 5 days respectfully declined.

QUALIFIED Male Assistant required immediately; reliable Dispenser and competent Salesman essential; suit one just Quallified. The Prosser Roberts Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, 13 Church Street, Camberwell, London.

QUALIFIED Man (elderly might do), at once, for West-End Pharmacy; good appearance and reference essential; hours 9-6 for 6 weeks, part time after. 'Phone: SLOane 8747.

QUALIFIED, young, for London, S.E.; light Middle-class Retail and Photographic. Age, wages and usual particulars to 83/54, Office of this Paper.

QUALIFIED (25 to 30), to manage branch; state full particulars first letter; lady not objected to; immediately. Roe, Chemist, Epsom.

REQUIRED at end of September, Junior Assistant, male, single, for middle-class Retail, Dispensing and Photographic business; one well accustomed to N.H.I. desired. Send all usual particulars, references and salary required, with photo, and when disengaged. Applications not answered within 7 days declined with thanks. L. A. James, 6 Grange Parade, Uxbridge Road, Hayes,

CMALLEYS, Chemists, 6 and 8 Carr Street, Ipswich, have vacancy for Unqualified Assistant (20-23 preferred) September 14; permanency to suitable man with experience of good-class Dispensing, Photography and General Counterwork; give full particulars age, experience, salary required, references, first letter.

CMART Junior or Improver wanted, September 21, for good-class Family Business; all usual duties. Apply with full particulars, enclosing photo and stating salary required, to E. W. Tayler, Ph.C., Sherborne.

UNQUALIFIED Assistant, at once; must be efficient in Window-dressing, Stock-keeping and Dispensing, and smart on Counter. Give full particulars of experience, age, height, references and commencing salary expected, send photo, Smith, 374 Brockley Road, London, S.E.4.

UNQUALIFIED Assistant, young, unmarried, wanted for a few months. State terms and send references to Carruthers, Chemists, Horley, Surrey.

UNQUALIFIED Junior Assistant required about the end of September for good-class business; must be quick and accurate Dispenser and accustomed to Counterwork; personal interview if possible. Apply with full particulars, T. Beech, High Street, Leatherhead, Surrey.

UNQUALIFIED Junior; good Dispenser and Counterman; Surrey. Usual particulars to 285/362, Office of this Paper.

UNQUALIFIED Junior (21.23) (male) required third week September; accustomed to good-class Dispensing and Retail Business; applications not answered within 7 days respectfully declined. Please send full particulars of experience and photo, if possible, to Lewis Wing, Ltd., 86 Regent Street, Weston-super-Mare.

UNQUALIFIED Lady Assistant for Dispensing, Counter and Window. State age, salary and experience, etc., to "B.," 24 Bridge Street, Pinner, Middlesex.

UNQUALIFIED (lady) required, Counter, N.H.I., etc.; one with experience preferred; state salary required; interview granted. "H. B.," 56 Mile End Road, E.1. (STEpney Green 4070.)

UNQUALIFIED wanted Tuesday and Wednesday next, with possible extension; N.H.I. experience; references must bear closest investigation. Apply 115 Kennington Road, S.E.11.

WANTED.—A smart, up-to-date Qualified man; able to take charge of small branch situated suburbs of Brighton; must be capable Dispenser and obliging. Particulars, salary, age, height, etc., to "Alpha," 83/29, Office of this Paper.

WANTED September 21, Unqualified Junior Assistant (about 20); sound apprenticeship essential; S.E. Coast. Apply, sending full particulars, references and photo, to 80/8, Office of this Paper.

WANTED.—Unqualified Junior or Improver. Full particulars, age, photo, salary required, etc., W. E. Barker, The Pharmacy, Burnham-Bucks.

WANTED.—Young Qualified Assistant; used to quick N.H.I. Dispensing. Apply in person, or in writing, giving full particulars, O. Tobin, Ltd., 48 Harford Street, Mile End, E.1.

YOUNG Qualified Assistant, capable, with good experience and references, for modern progressive light Retail Business. Write, 'phone or call, Venables, 246 North End Road, Fulham, S.W.6. FUL 0992.

YOUNG Qualified Assistant required at once. Particulars as to height, experience, salary, to Price, Chemist, 51 Fairfax Road, N.W.6.

YOUNG Unqualified male Assistant required at once; Retail, Photo, N.H.I. State experience and usual details, Hatfield, 233 Ashley Road, Parkstone, Dorset.

WHOLESALE.

EXPERIENCED Young Man wanted for Wholesale Perfumery Order Department. Apply Nageles, 8/12 Edward Street, Wardour Street, W.1.

FOR WORKS.—Junior (16-21) required by Manufacturing Chemists; some experience of Flavours, Colours, etc., preferred; applicants should reside in E.6 or district. Age, wage and details to 285/363, Office of this Paper.

MEDICAL Propaganda.—A well-known London house requires experienced Medical Propaganda Representative for Leeds and surrounding districts; residence on the territory desirable; selected applicants will be interviewed in Leeds. Apply in first instance stating age, salary required, particulars of past experience and present employment and when services could be available, to 286/375, Office of this Paper.

OLD-ESTABLISHED Powder Puff Manufacturers require Agent calling Retail trade; not London; wide range attractive designs; commission only; accounts handed over. 83/5, Office of

PASTILLE and Lozenge Maker wauted; excellent prospects for suitable man with expert knowledge of the Manufacture of Medicated Pastilles and Lozenges; a thorough knowledge of Formulas is essential. Apply, giving full particulars of age, experience and salary expected, to 83/31, Office of this Paper.

QUALIFIED Pharmacists of good education and able to drive car required as Representatives and for Propaganda purposes; previous experience of similar work desirable, but not essential. Apply by letter, giving full details, to "J. E. B.," Genatosan Ltd., Loughborough, Leicestershire.

REPRESENTATIVE to call upon Medical men and Dentists in London and Suburbs; applicants should give full particulars of their past experience, stating age, whether any connexion on the area named, and if car available. 285/357, Office of this

PEPRESENTATIVE with good connexion amongst Hairdressers and Stores in Sussex and Hampshire required to increase our existing turnover for Packed and Bulk Tollets and Beauty Preparations; salary, commission and expenses offered, but own car essential. Write details experience, connection, references, 84/6, Office of this Paper. Office of this Paper.

REPRESENTATIVES wanted with connexion amongst Wholesale and Retail Chemists in the following areas:

(a) Midlands;
(b) Yorkshire and adjoining counties;
(c) West of England;
(d) Kent, Surrey, Sussex, Hants.

Only reliable and energetic men with genuine references need apply; line nationally advertised and sold by Chemists only; excellent prospects for the right applicants. Write full details, age, experience, if possessing car, etc., to 285/360, Office of this Paper.

PEPRESENTATIVES, with Provincial connexions, required for all districts England, Wales and Scotland, to open up with Chemists, advertised Veterinary speciality at present sold by post direct to users; remuneration on commission basis. Write, giving full particulars of area covered, additional lines carried, and commission required, to 72/5, Office of this Paper.

OLE Representatives required in Midlands, Yorkshire and North-East Counties for sale of "Prico" Fur Powder Puffs. Apply with full particulars 286/372, Office of this Paper.

YGUNG Qualified Man required by London Wholesale House; offers a good opportunity to gain experience of Wholesale trade. State full particulars to 285/361, Office of this Paper.

YOUNG Qualified man wanted by London Wholesale Druggist; capable of Manufacture and control of Warehouse on a small scale; salary £250 with future prospects if capital available. 286/371, Office of this Paper.

COLONIAL, INDIAN AND FOREIGN.

TNDIA.—Young unmarried Chemist required for Assam. Write, stating age, qualifications, etc., to "X.Y.Z.," 17 St. Helen's Place, London, E.C.3.

WEST AFRICA.—Qualified Chemist; single; age 24/26; commencing salary £350 per annum; good prospects to suitable man. Apply, giving full particulars, to 285/344 Office of this Paper.

Wanted (East Africa).—Qualified Assistant Chemist, preferably with Optical qualification for extra remuneration; single; age about 35; good health, preferably abstainer; Photographic experience also desirable; 4 years' agreement; commencing £30 rising to £35 monthly; send photo with details record, copies testimonials. Apply 285/341, Office of this Paper.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

RETAIL (HOME).

2s. for 18 words or less; 6d. for every additional 10 words or less, prepaid. (Box No., 1s. extra.)

A.A. -ASSISTANT (45), tall, Unregistered, good all-round be appreciated; conscientious and magnetic personality. Haigh, 25 Hetley Road, Shepherd's Bush, W.12.

A.-M.P.S., F.S.M.C. (25), single, requires permanency; Optics cssential; North Country preferred; reliable, trustworthy; at present Managing; please state remuneration. Evans, 74 Bifron Street, Barking, Essex.

NAMES AND ADDRESSES.

When sending advertisements for any of the sections in this Supplement, advertisers—as a guarantee of good faith and not necessarily for publication—should always give their names and addresses. It sometimes occurs that this rule is not followed and delay and disappointment ensue. Strict attention to this detail will be appreciated.

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A SSISTANT; all-round experience Dispensing, Counter, Photo; single, active, elderly; Unqualified; moderate salary. Statim," 42 Fenton Road, Lockwood, Huddersfield.

A SSISTANT, male (28), disengaged, locum or permanent; Irish qualifications; 12 years' all-round experience; excellent reference. Assistant, 18 Clifton Villas, Maida Vale, W.9.

A SSISTANT, Unqualified, desires change; tall, energetic, used to quick Counter; reliable Dispenser and Window-dressing; trustworthy; permanency. 83/9, Office of this Paper.

DUSINESS Builder seeks progressive position; 16 years' all-round experience; free to commence immediately; interview to be arranged; North London suburbs or South Coast preferred. 35/42, Office of this Paper.

CHEMIST, experienced, excellent Prescriber, disengaged, desires
Management or locum; London, provinces; moderate salary.
Drug, 46 Buckley Road, N.W.6.

Liderly M.P.S. would like one or two weeks' locum from September 15. "Locum," c/o Messrs. Hall & Sons, Chemists, Littleborough.

ELDERLY, Qualified, disengaged, desires post as Superintendent, Dispensing, Locum. "Chemist," 59 Coventry Road, Birming-

ENERGETIC Lady Dispenser, 11 years' varied experience, excellent references, desires post, preferably with Doctor or Institution in Essex; free middle September. Vanstone, "Cotswold," Ashburnham Gardens, Upminster.

EXPERIENCED Dispenser, thorough knowledge of Pharmacy, disengaged in October, desires Senior permanency, London area; interview by arrangement. 77/6, Office of this Paper.

EXPERIENCED Manager (35), Qualified, seeks permanency; able, trustworthy, abstainer; highest references; with living accommodation preferred. 83/3, Office of this Paper.

EXPERIENCED Qualified Locum; England and Scotland; free August 23; engagements wanted for September. James Lees, Beechwood, New Cummock, Ayrshire.

ADY Assistant Dispenser seeks post; Hall qualification; part or full time; reliable; experienced; Brighton or near. 8 Prestonville Road, Brighton.

ADY Dispenser (19), Hall certificate, seeks post with Doctor or in Hospital. O'Donovan, Union Hall, Leap, Co. Cork, Ireland.

LADY, unregistered; competent Dispensing, Counter, all branches; well recommended; London. 83/541, Office of this Paper.

LOCUM, free September 7 to 19 inclusive; highest references, including leading wholesale houses; Unqualified. C, 14 Somerfield Road, N.4.

M.P.S., F.N.A.O. (27), 12 years' experience, Qualified 1930, desires change; permanent and progressive post required. 83/35, Office of this Paper.

NIGHT Duty, Relief, one to three nights a week; Qnalified (35); smart appearance; all-round West End experience; good Salesman; used to high-class trade, Toilets, Cosmetics, etc. P.C.B. 215/2, Office of this Paper.

PHARMACIST, 20 years' all-round Retail experience, offers services in Supervising, Organising or Representative position. Apply, 286/367, Office of this Paper.

QUALIFIED Gentleman (34) desires appointment as Manager in Yorkshire; sound experience and references. "Chemist," Grosvenor Hotel, The Mount, York.

QUALIFIED Manager (38) desires change; a permanent progressive post where good work, experience and tact are appreciated; excellent references; free one month; S.W. London preferred. 84/8, Office of this Paper.

QUALIFIED (M.P.S.) (33), married, excellent all-round experience both town and country, working knowledge Optics, desires change; present position 4 years; good middle-class town or country business preferred in healthy locality; able take full charge; salary required £250 p.a. 83/48, Office of this Paper.

QUALIFIED (33) desires change as Manager end of September; good general experience; excellent references; London and suburbs only. 84/2, Office of this Paper.

QUALIFIED (25) desires Managership or similar position in or near Bristol; knowledge of Optics; 1½ years' Hospital work; at present Managing; free one month; interview if desired. 84/13, Office of this Paper.

QUALIFIED (24), desires position as Manager or Assistant; varied experience; keen; responsibility welcomed. 83/14, Office of this Paper.

QUALIFIED (25) requires permanency as Manager or Senior Assistant; received excellent experience in all branches; good appearance; available September 21; interview if desired, J. Howard Evans, 2 Ladbroke Crescent, W.11.

QUALIFIED (54), single; capable and reliable; all-round experience; references good; accurate Dispenser. "Chemist," 84 Denman Road, S.E.15.

RELIABLE, Unqualified Assistant; 20 years with family chemists; free September 7; Dispensing, Counter, Photography, etc.; permanency. Laurence, 43 Heaton Road, Peckham, S.E.15.

UNQUALIFIED, long experience sole control, desirous very light post; nominal remuneration; competent, trustworthy; experienced at Counter and Prescribing. 82/15, Office of this Paper.

UNQUALIFIED (26) (Referred Part II) requires locum work from September 6. Gunn, 14 Rhodesia Road, Stockwell, S.W.9.

UNQUALIFIED (27), single, 8 years' experience, desires change; Berkshire preferred. 81/1, Office of this Paper.

U NQUALIFIED (25), tall, courteous Male Assistant seeks permancncy; experienced Dispenser, Counter, Window-dresser, Photographic work. 84/10, Office of this Paper.

UNQUALIFIED (23), 7 years' Blackpool experience, brisk Counter, Window-dressing, D. & P., and Dispensing, desires change. 81/6, Office of this Paper.

YOUR SUCCESS DEPENDS ON YOUR MANAGER.—A chance to secure a man who will take the worry out of that branch, make it bright, attractive to customers and profitable to you; young, keen, tall and of good address; thoroughly experienced; free early October; London or suburbs only. 81/2, Office of this Paper.

WHOLESALE.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \mathbf{E}^{\mathrm{XPERIENCED}} & \mathrm{Representative,} & \mathrm{Pharmaceutically-trained,} & \mathrm{well} \\ \mathrm{post} & \mathrm{with} & \mathrm{house} & \mathrm{of} & \mathrm{repute} & \mathrm{or} & \mathrm{would} & \mathrm{take} & 1 & \mathrm{or} & 2 & \mathrm{good} & \mathrm{Agencies;} \\ \mathrm{highest} & \mathrm{references.} & 286/369, & \mathrm{Office} & \mathrm{of} & \mathrm{this} & \mathrm{Paper.} \\ \end{array}$

EXPERIENCED Representative (39), resident Hants, desires position with well-known Proprietary, Drug or Toilet House; excellent connexion Home, Southern and Western Counties; own car; salary, expenses. 83/32, Office of this Paper.

CENTLEMAN (30), well educated, pleasing personality, would represent Wholesale house, Southern Counties, or consider Agencies; salary and commission; 12 years' Retail experience; own car. 85/13, Office of this Paper.

GENTLEMAN (30), with Qualification and experience, seeks representative position with first-class house; good appearance, requisite personality; resident London. 83/28, Office of this Paper.

LANCASHIRE.—Gentleman (23), Retail and Representative experience, seeks position with progressive firm; interview in London if required. 81/60, Office of this Paper.

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